



# SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698 32<sup>ND</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

#### **Board of Directors**

Shri Rajendra V. Shah Non-Executive Chairman Shri Ashok A Sharma Whole-Time Director Shri Mrinal Sinha Whole-Time Director Shri Prakash Patel Whole-Time Director Shri G.M. Shaikh Independent Director Shri Tejpal S. Shah Independent Director Shri Harshad M. Shah Independent Director Smt. Shefali M. Patel Independent Director

# **Chief Financial Officer**

Shri Ashok A Sharma

# Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Shri Vinay Kumar Mishra

## **Audit Committee**

Shri G. M. Shaikh, Chairman Smt. Shefali M. Patel Shri Rajendra V. Shah

## Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Shri G. M. Shaikh, Chairman Smt. Shefali M. Patel Shri Rajendra V. Shah

# Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Shri G. M. Shaikh, Chairman Smt. Shefali M. Patel Shri Ashok Sharma

# Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Shri Ashok Sharma, Chairman Shri G. M. Shaikh Shri Rajendra V. Shah

#### Registered Office

5/1 Shreeji House, B/h M.J. Library, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad — 380 006

## **Administrative Office**

Shah Alloys Limited Corporate House, Sola-Kalol Road, Village Santej, Dist.-Gandhinagar-382 721

# <u>Plant</u>

Shah Industrial Estate, Block No. 2221, Sola – Kalol Road, Village – Santej, Dist. – Gandhinagar-382 721 **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED** 

# Secretarial Auditors

Kamlesh M. Shah & Co.
Company Secretaries
801-A, 8th Floor, Mahalaya Complex,
Opp. Hotel President, B/h. Fairdeal House,
Swastik Cross Roads, Off C.G.Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad 380 009

# Registrar and Share Transfer Agents

Bigshare Services Private Limited
(Unit: Shah Alloys Limited)
Office No S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park,
Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road,
Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400093
Email id.: info@bigshareonline.com
Website: www.bigshare.com

# Bankers to the Company

ICICI Bank Ltd. State Bank of India

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## **NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

NOTICE is hereby given that 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED will be held on Friday, 23<sup>rd</sup> September, 2022 at 10:00 AM through Video Conferencing/Other Audio - Visual Means (VC/OAVM) to transact the following business:

## **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company on Standalone and Consolidated basis for the financial year ended 31st March 2022, and the Reports of Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Ashok Sharma (DIN 00038360), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
- 3. To consider and, if thought fit, approve the re-appointment of M/s. Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Registration No. 107525W) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the conclusion of 37th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2027 and to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, as amended from time to time, M/s. Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Registration No. 107525W), be and is hereby re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company, for a second term of five years to hold office from the conclusion of this 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the conclusion of 37th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2027 on such remuneration and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses as may be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee."

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

4. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), following resolution as ORDINARY RESOLUTION:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23 (4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [hereinafter as "SEBI (LODR)"], as amended from time to time, consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded for all material related party transactions, contracts or arrangements entered and to be entered into for the financial year 2022-23 between the Company and S.A.L. Steel Limited for purchase of power & materials, sale of material and services and also between Company and SAL Corporation Pvt. Ltd. (being the Company with significant influence) for sale of materials and services at a prevailing market price in the ordinary course of business.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded for ratification of related party transactions between the Company and related parties, entered into during the financial year 2021-22.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors (the "Board") and/or any Committee constituted by the Board be and is hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise with regard to giving effect to the above resolution and to do all acts, deeds, things as may be deemed necessary, proper and desirable."

5. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), following resolution as an ORDINARY RESOLUTION:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s. Ashish Bhavsar & Associates, Cost Accountants (ICAI Registration No. 22646) appointed by the Board on the recommendation of the Audit Committee of the Company to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending March 31, 2023 be paid the remuneration of Rs. 1,10,000/- per annum plus out of pocket expenses, if any, incurred during the course of audit."

By order of the Board of Directors for Shah Alloys Limited

Sd/-Vinay Mishra Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Place: Santej Date: 28.06.2022

#### **NOTES**

1. In view of resurgence of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is still a norm to be followed, the Government of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has allowed conducting Annual General Meeting through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) and dispended the personal presence of the members at the meeting. Accordingly, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021 and Circular No. 2/2022 dated 5th May, 2022 ("MCA Circulars") and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/DDHS/P/CIR/2022/0063 dated 13th May, 2022 issued by the Securities Exchange Board of India ("SEBI Circular") prescribing the procedures and manner of conducting the Annual General Meeting through VC/OVAM. In terms of the said circulars, the 32nd Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members of the Company be held through VC/OAVM. Hence, Members can attend and participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM only. The deemed venue for the 32nd Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be the Registered Office of the Company.

- 2. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice
- 3. Pursuant to Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide the facility of remote e-voting to all members as per the applicable Regulations relating to e-voting. Complete instructions on e-voting facility provided by the Company are annexed to this Notice explaining the process of e-voting with necessary user id and password along with procedure for such e-voting. Such remote e-voting facility is in addition to voting that may take place at the Meeting on 23<sup>rd</sup> September, 2022.
- 4. Pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, Institutional/Corporate Members (i.e. other than Individuals / HUF, NRI, etc.) can appoint their representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and vote through e-voting. They are requested to send the scanned copy (PDF/JPEG Format) of their Board or Governing Body Resolution/ Authorisation etc., authorising their representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM to the Scrutiniser by e-mail through its registered e-mail address to kshahcs@yahoo.co.in with a copy marked to helpdesk.evoting@cdsl.co.in.
- 5. Pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, details of directors seeking appointment/reappointment at the Annual General Meeting is given in detail, as annexed hereto.
- **6.** The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the meeting, is annexed hereto.
- The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from September 09th, 2022 till September 23rd, 2022 (both days inclusive).
- 8. Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement will remain open and available for inspection by the members at the administrative office of the Company on all working days, except Saturdays and Sundays, during business hours up till the date of the Meeting.
- 9. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every member participating in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their DEMAT accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN to the Company or their Share Registrars and Transfer Agents.
- 10. Members who have not registered their email IDs so far with their depository participants, are requested to register their email IDs for receiving all the Communications including Annual Report, Notices etc. in electronic mode.
- 11. Pursuant to Section 101 and Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Companies (Management and Administration Rules), 2014, and Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, companies can serve Annual Reports and other communications through electronic mode to those members who have registered their e-mail address either with the Company or with the Depository.
- 12. The Notice of the Annual General Meeting and Annual Report of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2022 is uploaded on the Company's website www.shahalloys.com and may be accessed by the members.
- 13. Electronic copy of the Annual Report for 2021-22 is being sent to all the members whose email IDs are registered with the Company / Depository Participants(s) for communication purposes unless any member has requested for a physical copy of the same.
- 14. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.

# CDSL E-VOTING SYSTEM - FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- 1. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote evoting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.

3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.shahalloys.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 7. The AGM/EGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05th, 2022.
- 8. In continuation of this Ministry's General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 05th May, 2020 and after due examination MCA vide Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 has allowed companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year 2022, or become due in the year 2022, to conduct their AGMs on or before 31.12.2022, in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 as per MCA circular no. 02/2021 dated January, 13, 2021.

# THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM AND JOINING MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- **Step 2** : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- 1. The voting period begins on 20.09.2022, 10:00 AM and ends on 22.09.2022, 05:00 PM. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 16.09.2022 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- 2. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- 3. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

- Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	<ol> <li>Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</a> or visit <a href="www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.</li> <li>After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</a></li> <li>4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <a href="https://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.</li> </ul>
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	<ul> <li>2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a>. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a></li> <li>3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting</li> </ul>
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.comor contact at 022-23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>NSDL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

**Step 2** : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- 5. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than individual shareholders holding in Demat form & physical shareholders:
  - i. The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
  - ii. Click on "Shareholders" module.
  - iii. Now enter your User ID
    - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
    - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
    - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
  - iv. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
  - If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
  - vi. If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form other than individual and Physical Form	
PAN  Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)		
	<ul> <li>Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.</li> </ul>	
Dividend Bank Details	k Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.	
OR Date of Birth (DOB)	<ul> <li>If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).</li> </ul>	

- **6.** After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- 7. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- 8. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- 9. Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- 10. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- 11. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- 12. After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- 13. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- 14. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- **15.** If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

16. There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

#### 17. Facility for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians -Remote Voting

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they
  would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with
  attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at
  the email address viz; <a href="mailto:kshahcs@yahoo.co.in">kshahcs@yahoo.co.in</a> and <a href="mailto:cs@shahalloys.com">cs@shahalloys.com</a>, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same
  in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / Tablets for better experience.
- Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance atleast 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

# PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NUMBER ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- 1. For Physical Shareholders please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id <a href="mailto:cs@shahalloys.com">cs@shahalloys.com</a> and <a href="mailto:sandeep@bigshareonline.com">sandeep@bigshareonline.com</a>.
- 2. For Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL, ) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

# GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR VOTING:

a. Shri Kamlesh. M. Shah, Practicing Company Secretary, (Membership No. A8356 and COP No. 2072, Address: 801-A, Mahalaya Complex, Opp: Hotel President, B/h. Fairdeal House, Swastik Cross Roads, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad: 380 009, Gujarat, India) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

- b. The Scrutinizer shall within a period not exceeding three (3) working days from the conclusion of the e-Voting period unblock the votes in the presence of at least two (2) witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make a Scrutinizer's Report of the votes cast in favour or against, if any, submit to the Chairman of the Company.
- c. Results declared by the Chairman along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website <a href="http://www.shahalloys.com">http://www.shahalloys.com</a> and on the website of CDSL within three (3) days of passing of the resolutions at the AGM of the Company. The results shall be communicated to the NSE and BSE Limited and will also be uploaded on website of Stock Exchanges.
- d. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. 16.09.2022, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at www.evotingindia.com

Note: For detailed instructions for e-voting, please visit website of CDSL.

By order of the Board of Directors for Shah Alloys Limited

Place: Santej Date: 28.06.2022 Sd/-Vinay Mishra Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Registered Office: 5/1 Shreeji House, B/h M.J. Library, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad-380 006 CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698

#### EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND THE RULES FRAMED THEREUNDER

#### Item No. 3:

Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 27th Annual General Meeting ('AGM') held on 30.09.2017 for a period of 5 years, up to the conclusion of 32nd AGM. Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants are eligible for re-appointment for a further period of 5 years. Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants have given their consent for their reappointment as Statutory Auditors of the Company and has issued a certificate confirming that their re-appointment, if made, will be within the limits prescribed under the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made thereunder. Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants have confirmed that they are eligible for the proposed re-appointment under the Act, the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 and the Rules or Regulations made thereunder. As confirmed to Audit Committee and stated in their Report on Financial Statements, the Auditors have reported their independence from the Company according to the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') and the ethical requirements relevant to audit. Based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, it is hereby proposed to re-appoint Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants, having registration No. ICAI Registration No. 107525W, as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for the second and final term of five consecutive years, who shall hold office from the conclusion of this 32nd AGM till the conclusion of the 37th AGM of the Company. The Board of Directors have approved their appointment on the same terms and remuneration for conducting the audit for the Financial Year 2021-22, excluding applicable taxes and reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses on actuals. The remuneration proposed to be paid to the Statutory Auditors during their second and final term would be in line with the existing remuneration and shall be commensurate with the services to be rendered by them during the said tenure. The Board of Directors in consultation with the Audit Committee may alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointment, including remuneration, in such manner and to such extent as may be mutually agreed with the Statutory Auditors.

Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants is a multi-disciplinary Audit Firm catering to various clients in diverse sectors. The firm holds the 'Peer Review' Certificate as issued by 'ICAl'. The Board recommends the resolution set out at Item No. 3 of the Notice for approval by the Members by way of an Ordinary Resolution. None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are interested or concerned, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 3.

## Item no. 4

The provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Sixth Amendment) Regulations, 2021, effective April 1, 2022, mandates prior approval of shareholders of a listed entity by means of an ordinary resolution for all material related party transactions, even if such transactions are in the ordinary course of business of the concerned company and at an arm's length basis. Effective from April 1, 2022, a transaction with a related party shall be considered as material if the transaction(s) to be entered into, either individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, whether directly and/or through its subsidiary(ies), exceed(s) Rs 1,000 Crore, or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower.

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Company, propose to enter into certain related party transaction(s) as mentioned below, on mutually agreed terms and conditions, and the aggregate of such transaction(s), are expected to cross the applicable materiality thresholds as mentioned above. Accordingly, as per the SEBI Listing Regulations, prior approval of the Members is being sought for all such arrangements / transactions proposed to be undertaken by the Company, either directly or along with its subsidiary(ies). All the said transactions shall be in the ordinary course of business of the Company / its subsidiaries and on an arm's length basis. The Audit Committee has, on the basis of relevant details provided by the management, as required by the law, at its meeting, reviewed and approved the said transaction(s), subject to approval of the Members, while noting that such transaction shall be on arms' length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company. Your Board of Directors considered the same and recommends passing of the resolutions contained in Item No. 4 of this Notice

Transaction between Shah Alloys Limited and SAL Steel Limited:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	Name of the Related Parties: Shah Alloys Limited (SAL) and SAL Steel Limited (SSL)  Relationship: SAL & SSL are the Associate Companies. SAL holds 35.61% of paid-up equity share capital of SSL
2	Name of Director(s) or Key Managerial Personnel who is related, if any	Shri Rajendra V. Shah, Non- Executive Chairman
3	Type, tenure, material terms and particulars	Company promoted SAL Steel Ltd. in the year 2003. The project of SAL Steel is backward integration project since finished product of SSL is raw material for the Company.

	Further, SAL Steel Ltd. has installed group captive power plant of 40 MW and as such SAL Steel Ltd. has permission of wheeling of power to the Company. On account of above, Shah Alloys is purchasing:  i. finished product of SSL; and  ii. power generated by group captive power plant.
	Further, the Company sells its finished products to SSL for its internal usage.
	The Sale and Purchase transactions are carried at arm's length prices and in ordinary course of business. The above arrangements are continuing business transactions. Approval of the shareholders is being sought for transactions during the financial years 2022-23.
4 Value of the transaction	The monetary value of the transaction for FY 2022-23 is expected to be:
	Purchase of Power & Material from SSL to SAL : Rs. 500 Cr.
	Sale of Material and Services from SAL to SSL:     Rs. 200 Cr.
The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided)	The estimated transaction value for Purchase of Power and Material by SAL from SSL for FY 2022-23 represents 56.76% of Annual Turnover of SAL for FY 2021-22.  The estimated transaction value for Sale of Material and Services from SAL to SSL for FY 2022-23 represents 22.71% of Annual Turnover of SAL for FY 2021-22.
6 Details of the transaction relating to any loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary	Not Applicable
7 Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	Company promoted SSL in the year 2003. The project of SSL is backward integration project since finished product of SSL is raw material for the Company and SSL has installed group captive power plant of 40 MW and as such SSL has permission of wheeling of power to the Company. On account of above, SAL is purchasing finished product of SSL and power generated by group captive power plant. This allows SSL to leverage scale benefits and synergies, whereas the Company benefit from regular supply of power and raw material for production, both of which are important for a steel industry, while focusing on their respective business priorities.
8 Any valuation or other external report relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the transactions	Not Applicable
9 Any other information that may	All relevant / important information forms part of this Statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Shri Rajendra V. Shah, Non-Executive Chairman of the Company who is also Non-Executive Chairman on the board of SSL. Save and except the above, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the said transactions.

# Transaction between Shah Alloys Limited and SAL Corporation Private Limited

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	Name of the Related Parties: Shah Alloys Limited (SAL) and SAL Corporation Private Limited (SCPL)  Relationship: SCPL is an enterprise with significant influence
2	Name of Director(s) or Key Managerial Personnel who is related, if any	Shri Rajendra V. Shah, Non- Executive Chairman
3	Type, tenure, material terms and particulars	SCPL is promoted by Shri Rajendra V Shah. He is also the promoter of SAL. Therefore, SCPL is a Company with significant influence.  Further, the SAL sells its finished products to SCPL for its internal usage.
		The Sale and Purchase transactions are carried at arm's length prices and in ordinary course of business. The above arrangements are continuing business transactions. Approval of the shareholders is being sought for transactions during the financial years 2022-23.
4	Value of the transaction	The monetary value of the transaction for FY 2022-23 is expected to be:  • Sale of Material and Services from SAL to SCPL : Rs. 200 Cr.
5	The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided)	The estimated transaction value for Sale of Material and Services from SAL to SCPL for FY 2022-23 represents 22.71% of Annual Turnover of SAL for FY 2021-22.
6	Details of the transaction relating to any loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary	Not Applicable
7	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	Shri Rajendra V. Shah promoted SCPL in the year 2011. Since, the Company was referred to BIFR and hence the Letter of Credit (LC) facilities are not available to SAL, therefore the sale of material against LC is done through SCPL. This allows SAL to benefit from regular sale of material, while focusing on their respective business priorities.
8	Any valuation or other external report relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the transactions	Not Applicable
9	Any other information that may be relevan	All relevant / important information forms part of this Statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Shri Rajendra V. Shah, Non-Executive Chairman of the Company is having indirect interest in SCPL. Save and except the above, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the said transactions.

## Ratification of Related Party Transactions during financial year 2021-22

Shareholders are requested to ratify the Related Party Transactions entered into by the Company during the financial year 2021-22 as below and as approved by the members in the Annual General Meeting held on 28.09.2021:

Name of Related Party	Relation with Company	Transaction	Limits approved by members for 2021-22 (Rs. in Crores)	Total transactions during 2021-22 (Rs. in Crores)
SAL Steel Limited	Associate Company	Purchase of Power & Material	300	308.5
		Sale of Material and Services	100	1.36
S.A.L. Corporation Pvt. Ltd.	Company with significant influence	Sale of Material and Services	100	0.40

#### Item No. 5:

The Board, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has approved the appointment and remuneration of the Cost Auditors to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending 31st March, 2023 at the remuneration of Rs. 1,10,000/- per annum plus out of pocket expenses, if any, incurred during the course of audit. In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Act read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors has to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company. Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice.

None of the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives is, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at item No. 5 of the Notice.

For and on behalf of the Board

Date: 28.06.2022 Place: Santej Sd/-Vinay Mishra Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

# Registered Office: 5/1 Shreeji House,

B/h M.J. Library, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad: 380 006

CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698

# Details of the Directors retiring by rotation and seeking re-appointment in the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company

[Pursuant to regulation 36 (3) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015]

Name of Director	Shri Ashok A. Sharma
DIN	00038360
Date of Birth	04.01.1956
Date of Appointment	11.07.2001
Relationship with other Directors Inter se	None
Profile & Expertise in Specific functional Areas	More than 38 years' experience in senior positions in finance and accounts in Public Limited Companies.
Qualification	CA, CS, LLB and IRP by IBBI.
No. of Equity Shares held in the Company	Nil
List of other Companies in which Directorships are held	Nil
List of committees of Board of Directors (across all Companies) in which Chairmanship/ Membership is held	Shah Alloys Limited:  - Member of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee  - Chairman of CSR Committee (w.e.f. 28.05.2022)
Relationship with other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel	Not related to any Director / Key Managerial Personnel

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual Report of your company on the operations and performance along with the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Rs. in Crores

March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
906.90	530.77	
765.49	487.36	
141.41	43.41	
11.29	12.97	
130.12	30.44	
-	16.18	
130.12	46.62	
27.25	98.28	
102.86	(51.65)	
102.83	(51.52)	
	906.90 765.49 141.41 11.29 130.12 - 130.12 27.25 102.86	

## STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS / PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

During the year under review Total revenue from Operations and from other operating income increased from Rs. 530.77 crores in the previous year to Rs. 906.90 crores. Company has registered a profit of Rs. 102.86 crores in comparison to the loss of Rs. 51.65 crores during previous year.

During the year under review, Company has been regularly paying all the installments as per the terms of settlement with Banks & Financial Institution.

# **DIVIDEND**

Due to high accumulated losses, your Directors have not recommended dividend for the financial year 2021-22.

# **BUSINESS ACTIVITY**

The company is engaged in manufacturing of wide range of Stainless Steel, alloy & Special steel, Carbon/Mild Steel and Armour Steel in Flat and Long products. There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

# SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The company is not having holding or subsidiary company during the year and no other company has become holding / subsidiary/ joint venture. However, it has one associate company, details are as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Company	CIN/GLN	Concern	% of shares held by Company	Applicable Section of the Companies Act, 2013
1.	S.A.L. Steel Limited	L29199GJ2003PLC043148	Associate	35.61%	2(6)

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its Associate, viz., SAL Steel Ltd., has been prepared in accordance with the relevant Accounting Standards of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, duly audited by the Statutory Auditors and form part of the Annual Report and are reflected in the Consolidated Accounts.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's associate in Form AOC-1 is attached to this report as **Annexure - 1**.

#### **DEPOSITS**

The Company has not accepted any public deposit within the meaning of section 73 to 76A of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under review and no amount against the same was outstanding at the end of the year.

#### DETAILS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

During the year under review the Company has not made any inter corporate loans, investments, given any corporate guarantee to any other body corporate, subsidiary, associate or any other company.

#### **REGULATORY STATEMENT**

In conformity with provision of regulation 34(2)(c) & 53(b) of SEBI (LODR), Regulations 2015, the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31.03.2021 is annexed hereto. The equity shares of the Company are listed on the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

The Company has paid listing fees for the year 2022-23 to above stock exchanges.

#### **DETAILS OF DIRECTORS OR KMPs APPOINTMENT OR RESIGNATION**

The Board of Directors consists of 8 members, of which 4 are Independent Directors including one Women Independent Director.

During the financial year 2021-22 Shri Mrinal Sinha and Shri Prakash Patel were appointed as Additional Directors on the Board of the Company with effect from 01st March, 2022 and pursuant to regulation 17(1C) of the SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015 they were appointed as Whole-Time Directors in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 11th May, 2022. However, save as above during the year under review there was no change with respect to appointment or resignation of Key Managerial Persons.

## **MEETINGS OF THE BOARD**

The Board met four times during the financial year. Details of meetings are given in the Corporate Governance Report annexed herewith and forms part of this report. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

#### **DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

The Company has received necessary declarations from each Independent Director of the Company confirming that he/she meets with the criteria of independence as laid out in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

# **BOARD DIVERSITY**

A diverse Board enables efficient functioning through differences in perspective and skill, and also fosters differentiated thought processes at the back of varied industrial and management expertise, gender, knowledge and geographical background. The Company follows diverse Board structure.

#### **BOARD EVALUATION**

As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the formal annual evaluation was carried out for the Board's own performance, its committee & Individual Directors. The manner and detail in which evaluation was carried out is stated in the Corporate Governance Report which is annexed and forms a part of this report.

# INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

The details in respect of internal financial control and their adequacy are included in Management Discussion and Analysis Report, which forms part of this report.

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

As required under Section 134 (3) (m) of the Act read with Rule 8 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, particulars relating to conservation of Energy, R & D, Technology absorption and foreign Exchange earnings / outgo are separately provided in the annexure to this report as **Annexure - 2.** 

# **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

The Company had put in place an enterprise wide risk management framework. This holistic approach provides the assurance that, to the best of its capabilities, the Company identifies, assesses and mitigates risks that could materially impact its performance in achieving the stated objectives. The Audit committee ensures that the Company is taking appropriate measures to achieve prudent balance between risk and

reward in business activities. The Committee reviews strategic decisions of the Company on regular basis, reviews the Company's portfolio of risks and considers it against the Company's Risk Appetite.

## **VIGIL MECHANISM POLICY**

The Company had implemented a vigil mechanism, where by employees, directors and other stakeholders can report matters such as generic grievances, corruption, misconduct, fraud, misappropriation of assets and non-compliance of code of conduct to the Company. The policy safeguards the whistleblowers to report concerns or grievances and also provides a direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During the year under review none of the personnel has been denied access to the Chairman of Audit Committee.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

In Compliance with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors to the best of their knowledge and hereby confirm the following:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March 2022, as far as possible and to the extent, if any, accounting standards mentioned by the auditors in their report as not complied with, all other applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departure;
- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and profit and loss account of the Company for that period;
- the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the
  provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

The policy of the Company on Director's appointment and remuneration, including criteria for determining qualifications, independence and other matters as provided under sub-section (3) of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.shahalloys.com">www.shahalloys.com</a>.

# DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 22 OF THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL), ACT, 2013

There were no complaints pending for the redressal at the beginning of the year and no complaints received during the financial year.

# PARTICULARS OF THE EMPLOYEES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are annexed to this Report as **Annexure - 3**. Further, particulars of employees remuneration, as required under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, are not applicable since there was no employee of the Company including Executive Directors who was in receipt of remuneration in excess of the limits set out in the said rules.

## DETAILS OF RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS PURUSANT TO SECTION 188(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

During the financial year, all transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under Companies Act, 2013, were in the ordinary course of business on arm's length basis and as such did not attract provisions of Section 188 (1) of Companies Act, 2013. Company has formulated policy on related party transactions. Particulars of related party transactions pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in Form AOC-2 is attached at **Annexure - 4**. Approvals from the Audit Committee are obtained even for transactions which are in ordinary course of business and repetitive in nature. Further, on quarterly basis, disclosures are made to the Audit Committee and to the Board in its meetings. Details of related party transactions are given in the notes to financial statements.

# CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, the amount required to be spent on CSR activities during the year under review, is Rs. 32,55,973/- and the Company has spent Rs. 32,85,000/- during the Financial Year ended 31 March, 2022. The requisite details of CSR activities carried by the Company pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed as **Annexure - 5**. The composition and other details of the CSR Committee is included in the Corporate Governance Report which form part of the Board's Report.

#### **AUDITORS AND AUDIT REPORTS**

#### a) Statutory Auditors

Members at its 27th Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2017 approved the appointment of M/s. Parikh & Majmudar, Chartered Accountants, as statutory auditors for a terms of five years as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### b) Cost Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under M/s. Ashish Bhavsar & Associates, Cost Accountants were appointed for auditing cost accounting records of the Company for the year ending 31st March, 2022. Board has further appointed M/s. Ashish Bhavsar & Associates, Cost Accountants as Cost Auditors for the year ending 31st March 2023 subject to approval of remuneration in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### c) Internal Auditor

The Company has appointed an Independent firm of Chartered Accountants to act as an Internal Auditor as per suggestion of auditors and recommendation of the Audit Committee in order to strengthen the internal control system for the Company.

#### d) Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder, the Board of Directors has appointed M/s Kamlesh Shah & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, as Secretarial Auditor to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2022-23. The report submitted by the Secretarial Auditor in Form MR-3 for the financial year ended as on 31st March, 2022 is attached to this report as **Annexure - 6**.

#### CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

A certificate of Non-Disqualification of Directors for the Financial Year 2021-22, pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015) issued by Practicing Company Secretary is annexed to this report as **Annexure - 7**.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company is committed to observe good corporate governance practices. The report on Corporate Governance for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, as per regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 forms part of this Annual Report. The requisite Certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary of the Company confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance is annexed to this Report as **Annexure - 8**.

# BOARD'S RESPONSE ON THE REMARKS MADE BY STATUTORY AUDITORS

The Directors submit their explanations to various observations made by the Auditors in their report for the year 2021-22. Para nos. of Auditors' Report and reply are us under:

# Para 1 of Standalone and Consolidated Independent Auditor's Report

On account of non-payment of principle and interest to the Banks, debts were declared NPA by the Banks. Since Company has entered into onetime settlement with banks and financial institutions (FI) and actively negotiating to settle the dues amicably with the remaining Banks and FI, hence it did not provide for interest.

# Para 2 of Standalone and Consolidated Independent Auditor's Report

It is expected that the impact of "Effective Interest Method" to the Finance Cost as per the Requirements of IND AS 109 on the financial Results will not be material enough and hence, the Management has not given effect of the same in the consolidated financial results.

# Annexure A to Standalone Independent Auditors' Report - Para viii

As per the scheme sanctioned by CDR (EG), consortium bankers were required to give working capital for the optimal utilization of production capacity. However, in the absence of non availability of funds from the lenders, the accruals were not in line with the sanctioned scheme and hence Company could not utilize optimally its production capacity. In view of this, company was not able to make payments to banks/institutions and debenture holders as per the sanctioned scheme. However, before due date of repayment, Company had approached Hon'ble BIFR for declaring it as a Sick company under Section 3(1)(0) of the SICA and was declared so before the due date, i.e., September 2011. On account of sick status of the company, payments will be made as per the scheme as may be approved by the Hon'ble BIFR.

Almost all of the banks have assigned the debts to various Asset Reconstruction Companies (ARCs). Company has entered into Settlement Agreements with ARCs. Company has made settlement proposal with other banks, financial institution and ARCs. Company is actively negotiating with lenders and ARCs' for settlement of debts and expecting a settlement soon with the remaining banks & Fls.

#### Para 3 of Consolidated Independent Auditor's Report

It is expected that the loss of allowance if any as per Expected credit loss Method on the financial assets will not be material enough and hence, the Management has not given effect of the same in the consolidated financial results.

# **MATERIAL CHANGES / INFORMATION:**

- 1. No material changes have taken place after the closure of the financial year up to the date of this report which may have substantial effect on the business and financials of the Company.
- 2. No significant and material orders have been passed by any of the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and companies operations in future.

## **ANNUAL RETURN**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 92 of the Act, Annual Return of the Company as on 31 March, 2022 is hosted on website of the Company at http://www.shahalloys.com/annual-returns.htm.

#### **GENERAL**

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following matters as there were no transactions on these matters during the year under review:

- Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
- Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme save and except Employees' Stock
  Options Schemes referred to in this Report.
- Neither the Managing Director nor the Whole-time Directors of the Company receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries.
- No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board.
- There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- There is no proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the Financial Year 2021-22.
- There was no instance of onetime settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution during the Financial Year 2021-22.

# **APPRECIATION**

Your Directors place on record their sincere appreciation for the valuable support and co-operation as received from government authorities, Financial Institutions, Banks and ARCs during the year. Directors are also thankful for the support extended by Customers, Suppliers and contribution made by the employees at all level. Directors would also like to acknowledge continued patronage extended by Company's shareholders in its entire endeavor.

Date: 28th June, 2022

Place: Santej

For and on behalf of the Board Sd/-Rajendra V. Shah Chairman (DIN: 00020904)

## **ANNEXURE 1**

## Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

## Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs. Crores)

Company does not have subsidiary company; therefore Part A is not applicable

# Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

# Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of	associates/Joint Ventures	S.A.L. Steel Limited
1.	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	March 31, 2022
2.	Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	
	a) No. of Shares	30256989
	b) Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture (Rs. in Cr.)	30.11
	c) Extent of Holding %	35.61
3.	Description of how there is significant influence	Based on Shareholding
4.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	Not Applicable
5.	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet (Rs. in Cr.)	57.50
6.	Profit/Loss for the year	
	i. Considered in Consolidation (Rs. in Cr.)	82.07
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation (Rs. in Cr.)	102.83

<sup>1.</sup> Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations - None

<sup>2.</sup> Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year - None

## **ANNEXURE 2**

Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo (Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for the year ended March 31, 2018)

# A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

(a) Energy conservation measures taken:-

Your company gives priority to Energy conservation. It regularly reviews measures to be taken for Energy Conservation/Consumption and its effective utilization.

(b) Total energy consumption and energy consumption per unit of production:

**(I)** 

			2021-22	2020-21
1	ELECTRIC	CITY		
	(a) Pu	urchased		
	Ur	nit (Kwh)	15,01,49,291	9,83,69,514
	To	otal Amount (Rs.)	72,96,95,659	45,44,25,850
	Ro	ate / Unit (Rs)	4.86	4.62
	(b) O	wn Generation		
	(i) Th	rough Diesel Generator Unit (Kwh)		
	Ur	nit Per Ltr of Diesel Oil		Nil
	Cd	ost / Unit (Rs)		Nil
	(ii) Th	rough Steam Turbine / Generator Unit (Kwh)		Nil
	Ur	nit Per Kg of Lignite		Nil
	Cd	ost Lignite / Unit (Rs)		Nil
	Co	ost Coal / Unit (Rs)		Nil
	Cd	ost Coal & Lignite / Unit (Rs)		Nil
	COAL (In	ncluding Coal Fines)		Nil
2	Quantity	(MT)		Nil
	Total Cos	t (Rs)		Nil
	Average	Rate (Rs)		Nil
	FURNAC	E OIL		
3	(used in t	he generation of power)		
	Quantity	(K Ltr)		Nil
	Total Cos	t (Rs)		Nil
	Average	Rate (Rs)		Nil
	OTHERS -	– LIGNITE		
4	(used in t	he generation of steam)		
	Quantity	(K Tonns)		Nil
	Total Cos	t (Rs)		Nil
	Average	Rate (Rs)		Nil

# (II) CONSUMTION PER M.T. OF PRODUCTION

Particulars of Product	2021-22	2020-21
Electricity (in Unit)	1114	1168
Furnace Oil	Nil	Nil
Coal (Specify quantity)	Nil	Nil
Others	Nil	Nil

# B. <u>TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION</u>

# (I) Research and Development (R & D)

Particulo	ars	2021-22	2020-21
1.	Specific areas in which R&D carried out by the company.	Nil	Nil
2.	Benefits derived as a result of the above R&D		
3.	Future plan of action:		
	a. Capital		
	b. Recurring	Nil	Nil
	c. Total		
	d. Total R&D expenditure as a percentage of total turnover	Nil	Nil

# (III) Technology absorption, adaptation:

Particula	ırs	2021-22	2020-21
Compan	y has not carried out research, development & innovation activities.		
1.	Efforts, in brief, made towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation.		
2.	Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts, e.g. product improvement, cost reduction, product development, import substitution etc.	Nil	Nil
3.	In case of imported technology (imported during the last 5 years reckoned from the beginning of the		
	financial year), following information may be furnished:	Nil	Nil
	a. Technology imported		
	<ul><li>b. Year of import</li><li>c. Has technology has been fully absorbed</li></ul>		
	d. If not fully absorbed, areas where this has not taken place, reasons therefore and future plans of action.		
		Nil	Nil

# C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO (Rs. in Cr.)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
EARNINGS & OUTGO     a. Foreign Exchange earnings		
b. Foreign Exchange outgo	12.01	10.13
	8.70	56.98
2) TOTAL FOREIGN EXCHANGE USED AND EARNED		
As per notes on account		

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/Date: 28<sup>th</sup> June, 2022

Place: Santej

Chairman
(DIN: 00020904)

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# ANNEXURE 3 TO THE BOARD'S REPORT PARTICULARS OF THE EMPLOYEES

# Information pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

I.	The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the fir year:							
Sr. no.	Name of director / KMP	Designation	Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the FY 2021-22	% increase / decrease in remuneration in the FY 2021-22				
a)	Shri Ashok Sharma	Whole Time Director & CFO	5.75:1	5%				
b)	Shri Mrinal Sinha (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	Whole Time Director	1.03:1	NA				
c)	Shri Prakash Patel (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	Whole Time Director	0.64:1	NA				
d)	Shri Vinay Kumar Mishra	Company Secretary	3.80:1	28%				

II.	The percentage increase/decrease in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year:	26.42	
III.	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company:	608	
IV.	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out of there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration;	During the year under review, the average annual increase was negligible	
v.	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.	All remuneration of the Employees and directors are paid as per remuneration policy of the Company.	

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/Pate: 28<sup>th</sup> June, 2022
Place: Santej
Chairman
(DIN: 00020904)

## **ANNEXURE 4**

## FORM NO. AOC -2

# (Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1	1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.							
	Name (s) of the related party	Nature of transaction	Duration of the transaction	Salient terms of the transaction	Justification for transactions'	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances	Date of special resolution
1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

2	Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis							
	Name (s) of the related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	Duration of the transaction	Transactions value ) in Rs.	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances	
			Purchase of Power		33,98,01,500			
	S.A.L. Steel Ltd.	i.A.I. Steel Itd.   Associate	Purchase of material	April 2021 - March	2,74,52,46,835	Since these RPTs are in the ordinary course of business and are at arms' length basis, approval of the Board is		
			Sale of material & Services	2022	1,36,22,231	not applicable. However, these are reported to the Audit Committee / Board at their quarterly meetings.	N.A.	
	S.A.L. Corporation Pvt. Ltd.	Company with significant influence	Sale of material & Services		39,85,307			

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-

Rajendra V. Shah Chairman

(DIN: 00020904)

Date: 28th June, 2022 Place: Santej

## **ANNEXURE 5**

## ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22

- Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company: Company's vision on CSR is to enhance the quality of life and the economic wellbeing of communities around our operations.
- 2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Name of Director	Designation in Committee	No. of Meetings	Meetings attended
Shri Ashok Sharma*	Chairman	1	1
Shri R. V. Shah*	Member	1	1
Shri G. M. Shaikh*	Member	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>With effect from 28.05.2022.

- 3. Web-link where the composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy approved by the Board are disclosed on website of the Company: www.shahalloys.com
- 4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of Sub-Rule (3) of Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach report): NOT APPLICABLE
- 5. Details of the amount available for the set off in pursuance of Sub-Rule (3) of Rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any: NOT APPLICABLE
- 6. Average Net Profit of the Company as per Section 135(5): Rs. 1627.99 Lakhs
- 7. CSR Obligation for the Financial Year:

a.	2% of average Net Profit of the Company as per Section 135 (5)	Rs. 32.56/-
b.	Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years.	NIL
C.	Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any	NIL
d.	Total CSR obligation for the financial year	Rs. 32.56/-

8. a. CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent (in Rs. Lakhs) - NIL						
Total amount spent for the Financial Year (in Rs. Lakhs)	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per Section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to Section 135(5)				
	Amount	Date of Transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of Transfer		
32.85	NIL	NA	NA	NA	NA		

b. Details of CSR amount spent against on-going projects for the financial year: NIL

c. Details of CSR amount spent against on other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

1	2	3	4	5		6	7		8
S. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No)	Location of the Project		Amount spent for the project (Rs. in lakhs).	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of implementation: Through implementing agency	
				State	District			Name	CSR Registration Number
1	Contribution towards promotion and imparting of education, including special education, learning and employment	Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills	Yes	Gujarat	Ahmedabad	32.85	No	Adarsh Foundation	CSR00025287

- d. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads Nil
- e. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable Not Applicable
- f. Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e) Rs. 32.85
- g. Excess amount for set off, if any:

S. No.	Particulars	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
i.	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	32.56
ii.	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	32.85
iii.	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	0.29

iv.	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	NIL
٧.	Amount available for setoff in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	0.29

- 9. a. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years : NIL
  - b. Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): NIL
- 10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (assets-wise details):
  - (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s): NIL
  - (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset : NIL
  - (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.: NA
  - (d) Provide details of the capital asset (s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset): NA
- 11. Specify the reason (s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per section 135(5) N.A.

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-

Ashok Sharma
Chairman of CSR Committee
(DIN: 00038360)

Date: 28.05.2022 Place: Santej Sd/- **Rajendra V. Shah** Chairman of the Board (DIN: 00030904 **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED** 

#### **ANNEXURE-6**

#### FORM NO. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED
CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698

I/we have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED** (Hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me/us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my/our verification of the records of **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED**, books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I/We hereby report that in my/our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering **the financial year ended on 31st March 2022** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the company has proper Board-processes and compliances mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I/We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and record maintained by SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED (CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698) for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013(the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act,1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act,1999 and the rules and regulation made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings: (NOT APPLICABLE FOR THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW)
- (v) The following Regulations and guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Training) Regulations, 1992;
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999; (NOT APPLICABLE FOR THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW)
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (NOT APPLICABLE FOR THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW)
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client.
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; NOT APPLICABLE FOR THE YEAR
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (NOT APPLICABLE FOR THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW)
- (vi) As stated in the Annexure A all the laws, rules, regulations are applicable specifically to the company.
- (vii) No other major corporate events occurred during the year and various compliances made by the Company with applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Listing Regulations etc.

I/We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and applicable w.e.f July 01, 2015or any amendment, substation, if any, are adopted by the Company and are complied with.

(ii) (ii)The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provision of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

#### I further report that

The board of directors of the company is duly constituted with proper balance of executive directors, non -executives directors, independent directors and woman director. The changes in the composition of the board of directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the act and with intimation to stock exchanges(s). Except the E-FORM DPT-3 for the year 2021-2022.

Below Observations Pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

1. Based on the clarification from the company there was an inadvertent delay in submission of the disclosure due to ongoing Income Tax search in the Company. Stock Exchange has levied the penalty and the same is paid by Company pursuant to Regulation 23(9) Related Party Disclosure Half Yearly Basis.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the board meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance or with consent of directors at a shorter notice, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I Further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliances with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, the company has not incurred any specific event / action that can have a bearing on the company's compliance responsibilities in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guideline, standards, etc. except the Issue and allotment of bonus equity shares for which the company has duly complied with the necessary provisions thereof.

Place: Ahmedabad FOR KAMLESH M. SHAH & CO.,

Date: June 27, 2022 PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARIES

Sd/ (Kamlesh M. Shah) PROPREITOR ACS: 8356, COP: 2072

## "ANNEXURE-A"

## **Securities Laws**

- 1. All Price Sensitive Information were informed to the stock exchanges from time to time
- 2. All investors complain directly received by the RTA& Company is recorded on the same date of receipts and all are resolved within reasonable time.

## Labour Laws

- 1. All the premises and establishments have been registered with the appropriate authorities.
- 2. The Company has not employed any child labour/Bonded labour in any of its establishments.
- 3. Provisions with relate to compliances of PF/ESI/Gratuity Act are applicable to Company and Complied with.

## **Environmental Laws**

As the company is engaged in the manufacturing activities, the environmental laws as are applicable to it and it has properly complied with such provisions to the extent applicable.

## **Taxation Laws**

The company follows all the provisions of the taxation and Income Tax Act, 1961 and filing the returns at proper time with Income tax department and all other necessary departments.

Place: Ahmedabad Date: June 27, 2022 FOR KAMLESH M. SHAH & CO., PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARIES

(Kamlesh M. Shah) PROPREITOR ACS: 8356, COP: 2072

# ANNEXURE B

To
The Members,
SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED
CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698
5/1 SHREE HOUSE 5TH FLOOR M J LIBRRRY
ASHRAM ROAD AHMEDABAD GUJARAT INDIA

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
- 7. We have relied on Management Representation Letter provided by the Company before issuing this Report to the Company.

Place: Ahmedabad Date: June 27, 2022 FOR KAMLESH M. SHAH & CO.,
PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARIES

(Kamlesh M. Shah)
PROPRIETOR
ACS:8356 COP: 2072

#### **ANNEXURE-7**

## **Certificate of Non-disqualification of Directors**

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To, Members, **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED**, Ahmedabad-06, Gujarat

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED bearing CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698 and having its registered office at 5/1 Shreeji House 5th Floor b/H M J Library Ashram Road Ahmedabad0 380006, Gujarat, India (hereinafter referred to 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal (www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority. All the Independent Directors are Registered at <a href="https://www.independentdirectorsdatabank.in">www.independentdirectorsdatabank.in</a> Portal.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Disqualified Under Section 164 of Companies Act,2013	Deactivation of DIN Due to Non-Filing of DIR-3 KYC
1	Rajendrakumar Shah	00020904	N.A.	N.A.
2	Ashok Sharma	00038360	N.A.	N.A.
3	Gulamhussein M. Shaikh	00367186	N.A.	N.A.
4	Tejpal S. Shah	01195357	N.A.	N.A.
5	Harshad Mafatlal Shah	01309096	N.A.	N.A.
6	Shefali Manojbhai Patel	07235872	N.A.	N.A.
7	Prakashkumar Patel	09482087	N.A.	N.A.
8	Mrinal Sinha	09482143	N.A.	N.A.

Ensuring the eligibility of the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification.

For, Kamlesh M. Shah & Co., Practicing Company Secretary

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 26, 2022

UDIN: A008356D000394071

Kamlesh M. Shah (Proprietor) (ACS: 8356, COP: 2072)

#### **ANNEXURE-8**

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

[Pursuant to Part C of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 "Listing Regulations"]

Detailed report on Corporate Governance for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, as per regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is set out below:

#### 1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE:

The Company implements and practices the principles of Corporate Governance based on fairness, transparency, integrity, honesty and accountability consistently being followed in all its business practices and dealings.

The Company is committed to observe good governance by focusing on adequate & timely disclosures, transparent & robust accounting policies, strong & independent Board and endeavors to maximize shareholders benefit.

#### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

## **COMPOSITION AND CATEGORY**

Composition of Board and Directorship held as on March 31, 2022 and numbers of meetings held and attended during the year are as follows:

Name of Director	Category	Numbers of Board Meetings		No. of other Directorship	Committee Memberships held in other companies		Attendance at
		Held during the year	Attended during the Year	s held	as member	as Chairman	Last AGM
NON-EXECUT	IVE DIRECTOR						
Shri Rajendra V. Shah	Promoter Non- Executive Chairman	4	4	1	1	Nil	Yes
<b>EXECUTIVE DI</b>	RECTORS					•	
Shri Ashok A Sharma	Non Promoter Whole time Director	4	4	Nil	Nil	Nil	Yes
Shri Mrinal Sinha	Non Promoter Whole time Director (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	4	1 (as invitee)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Shri Prakash Patel	Non Promoter Whole time Director (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	4	1 (as invitee)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
INDEPENDENT	DIRECTORS						
Shri G.M. Shaikh	Non – Executive & Independent	4	4	1	Nil	Nil	Yes
Shri Harshad M. Shah	Non-Executive & Independent	4	4	1	2	Nil	No
Shri Tejpal S. Shah	Non-Executive & Independent	4	4	1	Nil	Nil	No
Smt. Shefali M. Patel	Non-Executive & Independent	4	4	1	1	Nil	Yes

None of the Directors holds chairpersonship of the Board Committees in excess of the maximum ceiling of five and membership in excess of the maximum ceiling of ten, as specified under Regulation 26 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. No Director of the Company is related to any other director on the Board.

No Independent Director serves as a Whole-time Director/Managing Director in any other listed company. Further, none of the Non-Executive Director of the Company, holds Directorship/Independent Directorship in more than seven listed companies and the Executive Directors of the Company does not hold Independent Directorship in any listed companies as provided under Regulation 17A of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The composition of the Board of Directors of the Company represents an appropriate mix of executive and non-executive directors to ensure the independence of the Board and to separate the board functions of governance and management. The Board currently comprises of One Executive Director and Five Non-Executive Directors including the Chairman of the Board.

# **MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

During the financial year, the Board met 4 times:

- 29.06.2021 (30.06.2021 adjourned meeting)
- 12.08.2021
- 12.11.2021
- 12.02.2022

#### INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS' MEETING

Independent Directors met on 12.02.2022 without presence of Non - Independent Directors and members of the Management. At this meeting, the Independent Directors inter alia evaluated performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole, evaluated the performance of the Chairman of the Board and discussed aspects relating to the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the Company's Management and the Board

#### DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN DIRECTORS INTER-SE

None of the Directors are related to each other.

#### SHAREHOLDING OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

As on March 31 2022, Shri Rajendra V. Shah, Chairman of the Company held 79,12,404 shares in the equity share capital of the Company in addition to 15,31,960 shares as Karta of HUF. None of the other Non-Executive Directors hold any equity shares in the Company.

#### **DETAILS OF FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMMES IMPARTED TO INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

Pursuant to regulation 25(7) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company should familiarize the independent directors through various programs about the Company. During the financial year, senior management team has from time to time made presentations to Directors giving an overview of the Company's operations, function, strategy, business model of the company, roles, rights, responsibilities of independent directors and risk management plan of the Company.

#### 3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has constituted various Committees to focus on specific areas and to make informed decisions within their authority. Each Committee is governed by its Charter which outlines the scope, roles, responsibilities and powers. All the decisions and recommendations of the Committee are placed before the Board for its approval.

The various Board level Committees are as under:-

- Audit Committee;
- Nomination & Remuneration Committee;
- Stakeholders Relationship Committee; and
- Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE:**

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are wide enough to cover matters specified for Audit Committees under Regulation 18 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure requirements), Regulations 2015 as well as in Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 besides other terms as may be referred to by Board of Directors from time to time.

The Audit Committee comprises of three non-executive Directors and two of them are Independent Directors.

During the period under review, four Audit Committee meetings were held respectively on 29.06.2021 (adjourned meeting held on 30.06.2021), 12.08.2021, 12.11.2021 and 12.02.2022.

The composition of the Audit Committee and attendance at its meetings is given hereunder:

Name of Director	Position	No. of Meetings	Meetings attended
Shri G.M. Shaikh	Chairman	4	4
Shri Rajendra V. Shah	Member	4	4
Smt. Shefali M. Patel	Member	4	4

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company.

# 4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of three independent Non-executive directors. During the period under review, meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committee were held on 29.06.2021 (adjourned meeting held on 30.06.2021), 12.08.2021, 12.11.2021 and 12.02.2022.

Name of Director	Position	No. of Meetings	Meetings attended
Shri G.M. Shaikh	Chairman	4	4
Shri Rajendra V. Shah	Member	4	4
Smt. Shefali M. Patel	Member	4	4

Nomination and Remuneration Committee has been constituted to recommend/review the remuneration package of the Managing/Whole Time Directors and KMPs based on performance and defined criteria.

#### **Board Evaluation**

Pursuant to section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board is responsible for the formal Annual Evaluation of its own performance, of its committee & Individual Directors. Further, as per regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, performance evaluation of the Independent Directors shall be done by entire Board of Directors, excluding directors being evaluated.

During the year, Board in concurrence with Nomination & Remuneration Committee has laid down the evaluation criteria for itself, Committees, Chairperson, Executive and Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The evaluation was carried out through a structured questionnaire covering various aspects of the functioning of the Board of Directors.

The following broad parameters were considered to evaluate the performance of the independent Directors:

- Integrity, maintenance of high standard and confidentiality;
- Commitment and participation at the Board & Committee meetings;
- Effective deployment of knowledge and expertise;
- Exercise of independent judgment in the best interest of Company;
- Interpersonal relationships with other directors and management.

The following broad parameters were considered to evaluate the performance of the Board and Committees:

- Size, structure and expertise of the Board/Committees;
- Review of strategies, risk assessment, robustness of policies and procedures by Board;
- Oversight of the financial reporting process & monitoring Company's internal control system;
- Quality of agenda, conduct of meeting, procedures and process followed for effective discharge of functions;
- Effective discharge of functions and duties by Committee as per terms of reference;
- Appropriateness and timeliness of the updates given on regulatory developments;
- Board's engagement with senior management team.

Feedback received on evaluation process was discussed in detail by the Chairman of the Board with Directors and, independent and collective action points for improvement put in place.

The Directors recognized that Board and Committees are functioning effectively and acknowledged the efforts and contributions made by the Chairperson, Executive and Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors towards the Company's performance.

#### 5. Remuneration of Directors

a. All Pecuniary Relationship or Transactions of the Non-Executive Directors

There were no pecuniary relationships or transactions of the non-executive directors vis-a-vis the Company.

b. Criteria for Making Payment to Non- Executive Directors

Role of Non-Executive/Independent Directors of the Company is not just restricted to corporate governance or outlook of the Company but they also bring with them significant professional expertise and rich experience across the wide spectrum of functional areas. The Company seeks their expert advice on various matters from time to time. Hence, the compensation to the non-executive/independent directors is recommended.

c. Compensation/Fees Paid to Non-Executive Directors

Non-Executive Independent Directors were paid sitting fees for attending the Board and Committee Meetings.

## **Details of Remunerations**

Details of remuneration and sitting fees paid or provided to all the directors during the year ended March 31, 2022 are as under:

(Amount in Rs.)

Name of Director	Sitting Fees	Salaries &	Commission	Total
		Perquisites		
Shri Rajendra V. Shah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Shri Ashok Sharma	Nil	12,60,000	Nil	11,98,846
Shri G. M Shaikh	80,000	Nil	Nil	80,000
Shri Harshad M. Shah	40,000	Nil	Nil	40,000
Shri Tejpal S. Shah	40,000	Nil	Nil	40,000
Smt. Shefali M. Patel	80,000	Nil	Nil	80,000
Sh. Mrinal Sinha	Nil	2,25,000	Nil	2,25,000
Sh. Prakash Patel	Nil	1,39,450	Nil	1,39,450

# 6. STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

The Committee is empowered to oversee the redressal of Investors' complaints and other miscellaneous complaints. The Company as a matter of policy disposes of investor complaints within a span of five working days.

During the period under review, four meetings of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee were held on 29.06.2021 (adjourned meeting held on 30.06.2021), 12.08.2021, 12.11.2021 and 12.02.2022.

Name of Director	Position	No. of Meetings	Meetings attended
Shri G.M. Shaikh	Chairman	4	4
Shri Ashok Sharma	Member	4	4
Smt. Shefali M. Patel	Member	4	4

#### 7. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE:

During the period under review, the Board of Directors of the Company were taking care of the CSR Activities of the company. The Board constituted the CSR Committee to spearhead the CSR Activities including formulation of the CSR Policy its implementation.

Composition of CSR Committee:

Name of Director	Designation in Committee	No. of Meetings	Meetings attended
Shri Ashok Sharma*	Chairman	1	1
Shri R. V. Shah*	Member	1	1
Shri G. M. Shaikh*	Member	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>With effect from 28.05.2022.

#### Name and designation of Compliance Officer

Shri Vinay Kumar Mishra, Company Secretary has been appointed as the Compliance Officer of the Company as per regulation 6 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to discharge all duties under the listing regulations.

### **Details of Shareholders Complaints**

The details of shareholders complaints received, resolved and pending till March 31, 2022 are as under:

Complaints received during the year: 05 Complaints resolved during the year: 05

Pending Complaints: NIL

#### 8. **GENERAL BODY MEETING**

Date, Time and Venue of the last three Annual General Meetings:

Year	Date	Time	Venue	No. of special resolutions passed
2018-19	September 25th, 2019	10:00 A.M.	SAL Institute & Engineering Research, Opp. Science City, Ahmedabad 380 060	03
2019-20	December 23 <sup>rd</sup> , 2020	10:00 A.M.	Video Conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio and Visual Means (OAVM) Deemed Venue of the AGM: SAL Institute & Engineering Research, Opp. Science City, Ahmedabad: 380 060	03
2020-21	September 28th, 2021	10:00 A.M.	Video Conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio and Visual Means (OAVM)  Deemed Venue: Registered office of the company situated at 5/1, SHreeji House, B/h. M. J. Library, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad -	04

- 1. No extra-ordinary general meeting of the shareholders was held during the year.
- 2. Postal ballot: During the year under review, no resolution was put through by postal ballot.

#### 9. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

- All Quarterly / Annual financial results are immediately sent to stock exchanges after being taken on record by the Board
- b. As per the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, results are also published in leading daily local & English National newspapers namely Indian Express and Financial Express. The said results are also displayed at Company's web site.

> The Company's website www.shahalloys.com contains a separate dedicated section named "Investors" where information for shareholders is available. Press releases, if any, are also displayed at Company's website as well as published in newspapers.

#### 10. **GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION**

The Company is registered in the State of Gujarat having Corporate Identification Number (CIN) as allotted by Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) as L27100GJ1990PLC014698.

#### a) **Annual General Meeting.**

Date: 23rd September, 2022

Time : 10:00 AM

Deemed Venue: 5/1, Shreeji House, B/h. M. J. Library, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad -380006

Mode: VC/OAVM

#### b) **Financial Year**

For accounting and financial reporting purpose, Company follows Financial Year which starts from 1st April each year and ends on 31st March of every succeeding year.

The Quarterly Results for the financial year 2022-23 will be taken on record by the Board of Directors as per the following schedule:

Quarter ending 30th June 2022 : By 14th August 2022 Quarter ending 30th September 2022 : By 14th November 2022 Quarter ending 31st December 2022 : By 14th February 2023 Quarter ending 31st March 2023 : By 30th May 2023

#### c) Dividend Payment Date

: Not Applicable

#### d) Listing on Stock Exchange

#### : Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.(BSE)

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400001

Scrip Code: 513436

#### : National Stock Exchange of India Ltd (NSE)

"Exchange Plaza", BandraKurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai

NSE Symbol: SHAHALLOYS

Company has paid listing fees in respect of financial year 2021-22 to the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

**Demat ISIN No. for NSDL and CDSL** : INE640C01011

#### e) Stock code

### : Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.(BSE)

Scrip Code: 513436

National Stock Exchange of India Ltd (NSE)

NSE Symbol: SHAHALLOYS

#### f) **Share Price Data**

(Price in Rs. per share)

Month	Price at	BSE	Price o	ıt NSE
Month	High	High Low High		Low
Apr-21	12.45	7.73	13.5	7.85
May-21	13.65	11	13.75	11.25
Jun-21	14.62	9.93	13.85	10.25
Jul-21	15.34	13.89	14.5	13.2
Aug-21	15.33	14.6	14.9	13.5
Sep-21	26.73	13.92	26.3	14.2
Oct-21	39.3	26.25	38.6	25.5
Nov-21	48.15	25.05	48.15	24.5
Dec-21	63.95	45.55	64.2	45.75
Jan-22	57.05	46.5	56.95	46.5
Feb-22	69.45	48.35	69	48.45
Mar-22	135.35	65.25	135.2	64.15

#### Registrar to Issue and Share Transfer Agents g)

The members of the Company may address all its communication relating to transfer, transmission, Refund order, Dividend, National Electronic Clearing system (NECS) dematerialization etc. to Company's Share Transfer Agent i.e. Bigshare Services Private Limited at the below address and may also write to the Company.

Bigshare Services Private Limited (Unit: Shah Alloys Limited) Office No S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road,

Andheri (East) Mumbai - 400093 Board No.: 022 6263 8200 Email id.: info@bigshareonline.com

### **Share Transfer System**

All transfers of shares held in physical form are dealt by our Registrar and Share Transfer Agents. Presently the share transfers received in physical form are processed and registered within prescribed time periods from the date of receipt subject to the documents being valid and complete in all respects. Depositories control share transfers in Demat Mode. The Company obtains from a Company Secretary in Practice half yearly certificate of compliance in respect of compliance with share transfer formalities as required under Regulations 40(9) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and files a copy of the certificate with the stock exchanges.

#### i) Shareholding pattern as on 31st March, 2022

Category	No. of Shares	% of Shares
Clearing Member	108670	0.55
Corporate Bodies	949882	4.80
Non Resident Indian	115201	0.58
Promoters	10644310	53.77
Foreign Portfolio Investor	4317	0.02
Public	7974960	40.28
Trusts	200	0.00
Total	19797540	100.0000

#### Distribution of shareholding as on 31st March, 2022

Shareholdi	Shareholding of Nominal		% to Total	Share Amount	% to Total
1	5000	8288	85.1099	11279100	5.6972
5001	10000	681	6.9932	5616390	2.8369
10001	20000	319	3.2758	4961000	2.5059
20001	30000	108	1.1091	2833320	1.4311
30001	40000	67	0.6880	2409370	1.2170
40001	50000	52	0.5340	2452070	1.2386
50001	100000	86	0.8831	6516770	3.291 <i>7</i>
100001	9999999999	137	1.4069	161970380	81.7816
1	Total .	9738	100	197975400	100

#### i) **Dematerialization of Shares and Liquidity**

On March 31st 2022, nearly 98.15% of the shareholders of Company were holding Company's shares in DEMAT form. In the same way, Promoters & Promoters-group shareholding was also fully dematerialized.

#### k) **Plant Location:**

The Company's plant is located at: 2221/2222, Shah Industrial Estate, Sola-Kalol Road, Santej, Taluka Kalol, Dist. Gandhinagar-382721

#### I) Registered & Administrative Offices:

Registered Office 5/1, Shreeji House,

Behind M. J. Library, Ashram Road Ahmedabad – 380006, Gujarat

Corporate / Administrative Office: Corporate House, Sola-Kalol Road, Village Santej, Dist: Gandhinagar, Gujarat - 382721

#### m) **Address for Investor Correspondence:**

In case any problem or query shareholders can contact at:

: Shri Vinay Kumar Mishra, Company Secretary and Compliance officer

Address : Shah Alloys Corporate House,

Sola-Kalol Road, Santej, Dist.Gandhinagar, Gujarat 382 721

Phone :91-02764-661100/11 :91-02764-661110

: sal.investor@shahalloys.com; cs@shahalloys.com Email

Shareholders may also contact Company's Registrar & Share Transfer Agent at:

: Bigshare Services Private Limited Name

**Address** : Office No S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road,

Andheri (East) Mumbai - 400093

Board No. : 022 6263 8200

Fax No. : 022 2847 5207
Email id. : info@bigshareonline.com
Website : www.bigshareonline.com

#### **OTHER DISCLOSURES:**

# Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large:

There is no materially significant related party transaction that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large have been entered.

During the financial year, all transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under Companies Act, 2013, were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis, and did not attract provisions of Section 188 of Companies Act, 2013, relating to approval of shareholders. However, prior approvals from the Audit Committee are obtained for transactions which are in ordinary course of business and repetitive in nature. Further, on quarterly basis, disclosures are made to the Audit Committee and to the Board.

Details of related party transactions are also presented in the notes to financial statements.

The Company has formulated the policy on materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions and it is available at the website of the Company at: <a href="http://www.shahalloys.com">http://www.shahalloys.com</a>

Details of non-compliance by the listed entity, penalties and structures imposed on the listed entity by stock exchange(s) or the board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years

No statutory authority or the Board has imposed penalty on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

### Establishment of vigil mechanism and affirmation that no personnel have been denied access to the audit committee

The Company has implemented a Vigil Mechanism Policy, whereby employees, directors and other stakeholders can report matters such as generic grievances, corruption, misconduct, fraud, misappropriation of assets and non-compliance to code of conduct to the Company. The policy safeguards the whistleblowers to report concerns or grievances and also provides a direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During the financial year none of the personnel has been denied access to the audit committee.

#### **Corporate Governance Compliance Certificate**

Compliance Certificate from M/s Kiran Kumar Patel, Practicing Company Secretaries, as regarding compliance of conditions of corporate governance is annexed with Corporate Governance report.

#### Key Board qualifications, expertise and attributes

The following is the list of core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the Board along with the name of Directors who possesses such Skill/experience/competencies:

	Name of the Directors							
Skill/ experience/ competencies	Sh. Rajendra V. Shah	Sh. Ashok Sharma	Sh. Mrinal Sinha (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	Sh. Prakash Patel (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	Sh. G. M. Shaikh	Sh. Tejpal Shah	Sh. Harshad M. Shah	Smt. Shefali M. Patel
Leadership	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
General Management and Business Operations	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓
Senior Management Expertise	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓
Industry Expertise	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Public Policy/ Governmental Regulations	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Accounting/Financ e/Legal Skills	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Risk Management	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Corporate Governance	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓
Business Development/Sal es/ Marketing	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
International Business	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Strategy/ M&A/ Restructuring/	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Forging Joint Ventures/ Partnerships and Turning around Organisations								
Technical / Professional skills and specialized knowledge in relation to Company's business	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part are provided in Note no. 28 of the Standalone Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report.

### **DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards, notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.

### **CEO AND CFO CERTIFICATION**

As required by Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, CFO has given Compliance Certificate on financial statements to the Board of Directors.

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL UNDER REGULATION 17(5) OF SEBI (LISITING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS), REGULATIONS, 2015

I, Ashok Sharma, Whole-Time Director and CFO of the Company, hereby certify that all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed their compliance with the Code of Conduct in accordance with Regulations of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 entered into with Stock Exchange. Company has adopted a code of conduct for all Board members and senior management of the company which is posted on the website of the company.

We further confirm that during the year, none of the Directors or any of the Key managerial persons had done any trading in shares of the Company in the secondary market. Further the company had not made any allotment of shares to any Directors or any of the key managerial personnel during the year.

The above Report was adopted by the Board at their meeting held on  $28^{th}$  June, 2022.

For, Shah Alloys Limited

Place: Santej Date: 28.06.2022 Sd/-(Ashok Sharma) Whole Time Director & CFO (DIN 00038360)

### **CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

То

### The Members of Shah Alloys Limited

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Shah Alloys Limited ('the Company'), for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup>March,2022 as per the relevant provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations') as referred to in the Listing Regulations for the period 1<sup>st</sup>April, 2021 to 31<sup>st</sup>March, 2022.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has generally complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Listing Regulations, as applicable subject to our below observation

 The company is levied a penalty of Rs. 47,200/- for delay in submission of disclosure of related party transactions on consolidated basis under regulation 23(9) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended on 30th September, 2021. A clarification vide letter dated 12.01.2022 for reasons for delay is submitted to the stock exchange/s.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness withwhich the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For, K. K. Patel & Associates

Place: Gandhinagar Date: 01.07.2022

> (Kiran Kumar Patel) Company Secretary C.P.No.6352 UDIN:F006384D000550389

SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS:

#### **World Economic Environment**

A tentative recovery in 2021 has been followed by increasingly gloomy developments in 2022 as risks began to materialize. Global output contracted in the second quarter of this year, owing to downturns in China and Russia, while US consumer spending undershot expectations. Several shocks have hit a world economy already weakened by the pandemic: higher-than-expected inflation worldwide especially in the United States and major European economies triggering tighter financial conditions; a worse-than-anticipated slowdown in China, reflecting COVID- 19 outbreaks and lockdowns; and further negative spillovers from the war in Ukraine.

The baseline forecast is for growth to slow from 6.1 percent last year to 3.2 percent in 2022, 0.4 percentage point lower than in the April 2022 World Economic Outlook. Lower growth earlier this year, reduced household purchasing power, and tighter monetary policy drove a downward revision of 1.4 percentage points in the United States. In China, further lockdowns and the deepening real estate crisis have led growth to be revised down by 1.1 percentage points, with major global spillovers. And in Europe, significant downgrades reflect spillovers from the war in Ukraine and tighter monetary policy. Global inflation has been revised up due to food and energy prices as well as lingering supply-demand imbalances, and is anticipated to reach 6.6 percent in advanced economies and 9.5 percent in emerging market and developing economies this year upward revisions of 0.9 and 0.8 percentage point, respectively. In 2023, disinflationary monetary policy is expected to bite, with global output growing by just 2.9 percent. Source: www.imf.org

#### World Steel Scenario

Africa produced 1.1 Mt in May 2022, down 18.9% on May 2021. Asia and Oceania produced 126.8 Mt, down 1.7%. The EU (27) produced 12.9 Mt, down 6.8%. Europe, Other produced 4.1 Mt, down 1.7%. The Middle East produced 3.5 Mt, down 10.0%. North America produced 9.9 Mt, down 4.0%. Russia & other CIS + Ukraine produced 7.4 Mt, down 19.1%. South America produced 3.8 Mt, down 2.8%.

China produced 96.6 Mt in May 2022, down 3.5% on May 2021. India produced 10.6 Mt, up 17.3%. Japan produced 8.1 Mt, down 4.2%. The United States produced 7.2 Mt, down 2.6%. Russia is estimated to have produced 6.4 Mt, down 1.4%. South Korea produced 5.8 Mt, down 1.4%. Germany produced 3.2 Mt, down 11.5%. Turkey produced 3.2 Mt, down 1.4%. Brazil produced 3.0 Mt, down 4.9%. Iran is estimated to have produced 2.3 Mt, down 17.6%. Source: www.worldsteel.org

#### **Indian Steel Scenario**

As of October 2021, India was the world's second-largest producer of crude steel, with an output of 9.8 MT. In October 2021, the production of crude steel in India stood at 9.8 MT (million tonnes).

As of September 2021, India was the world's second-largest producer of crude steel, with an output of 9.5 MT. In FY22 (till January), the production of crude steel and finished steel stood a 98.39 MT and 92.82 MT, respectively. In FY22, crude steel production in India is estimated to increase by 18%, to reach 120 million tonnes, driven by rising demand from customers. In FY22 (till January), production of finished steel stood at 92.82 MT. The consumption of finished steel stood at 86.3 MT in FY22 (till January).

Steel companies are looking to restart expansion projects on the back of burgeoning steel processes with a capacity addition of 29 MT. Between April 2021-January 2022, consumption of finished steel stood at 86.3 MT.

In FY22, demand for steel is expected to increase by 17% to 110 million tonnes, driven by rising construction activities. Tata Steel is planning to set up more scrap-based facilities that will have a capacity of at least a billion tonnes by 2025. Tata Steel in India is also planning to expand its annual capacity from 34 MTPA to 55 MTPA by 2030.

In FY22 (until February 2022), exports and imports of finished steel stood at 12.2 MT and 4.3 MT, respectively. In April 2021, India's export rose by 121.6% YoY, compared with 2020. In FY21, India exported 9.49 MT of finished steel.

India's per capita consumption of steel grew at a CAGR of 4.43% from 46 kgs in FY08 to 74.10 kgs in FY19.

Government has taken various steps to boost the sector including the introduction of National Steel Policy 2017 and allowing 100% Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in the steel sector under the automatic route. According to the data released by Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), between April 2000 - December 2021, Indian metallurgical industries attracted FDI inflows of US\$ 16.1 billion.

The Government's National Steel Policy 2017 aims to increase the per capita steel consumption to 160 kgs by 2030-31. The Government has also promoted policy which provides a minimum value addition of 15% in notified steel products covered under preferential procurement.

In 2019, the Government introduced Steel Scrap Recycling Policy with an aim to reduce import.

The industry is also benefitting from the developments happening across various industries. The new Vehicle Scrappage policy will help in reducing the steel prices since the policy enables recycling the materials used in old vehicles. In the healthcare front, major steel producers are now exceeding their production capacities to produce oxygen cylinders for COVID patients. In 2021, Indian Railways is planning to procure over 11 lakh tons of steel from Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL) for the track renewal and laying new lines across the country.

According to CARE Ratings, crude steel production is expected to reach 112-114 MT, an increase of 8-9% YoY, in FY22. This demand will be supported by economic recovery, government spending and enhanced liquidity. The Union Budget 2021-22 has a 34.5% YoY increase in allocation for capex at 5.54 lakh crore (US\$ 74.60 billion). The budget's focus is on creating infrastructure and manufacturing to propel the economy. In addition, enhanced outlays for key sectors such as defence services, railways, and roads, transport and highways would provide impetus to steel consumption. Source: www.ibef.org

### **OPPORTUNITIES & THREATS:**

#### **Opportunities:**

The biggest opportunity before Indian steel sector is that there is enormous scope for increasing consumption of steel in almost all sectors in India. The Indian rural sector remains fairly unexposed to their Multi-faceted use of steel. The usage of steel in cost effective manner is possible in the area of housing, fencing, structures and other possible applications where steel can substitute other materials which not only could bring about Advantages to users but is also desirable for conservation of forest resources. Excellent potential exist for enhancing steel consumption in other sectors such as automobiles, packaging, engineering industries, irrigation and water supply in India. The key areas of opportunities can be summarized as:

Huge Infrastructure demand

Rapid urbanization

Increasing demand for consumer durables

Untapped rural demand

Increasing interest of foreign steel producers in India

Numerous foreign companies are setting up their facilities in India on account of various government initiatives like Make in India, Digital India and Aatmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan. The Government of India launched **Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan**, which translates to 'self-reliant India' or 'self-sufficient India', is the vision of making India "a bigger and more important part of the global economy", pursuing policies that are efficient, competitive and resilient, and being self-sustaining and self-generating. Atmanirbhar Bharat does not mean "self-containment", "isolating away from the world" or being "protectionist". The first mention of this came in the form of the 'Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan or 'Self-Reliant India Mission during the announcement of India's COVID—19 pandemic related economic package on 12 May 2020. The five pillars of 'Atmanirbhar Bharat' are stated as economy, infrastructure, technology-driven systems, vibrant demography and demand.

Huge scope for growth is offered by India's comparatively low per capita steel consumption and the expected rise in consumption due to increased infrastructure construction and the thriving automobile and railways sectors.

#### Threats:

Steel is a capital-intensive sector. Nearly INR 7,000 crore is required to set up 1 tonne of steel-making capacity through the greenfield route. Naturally, the cost of financing any expansion or new steel capacity is usually through borrowed capital. And in India the cost of finance is extremely high compared to the cost of finance in developed countries such as China, Japan and Korea. This adds about USD 30–35 USD to the final cost of steel. Moreover, steel demand is cyclical. So, during a downturn, the return on investments gets eroded. From 2004–2011, steel demand increased at a fast pace. This prompted most steel makers to expand existing capacities. However, the Indian steel industry faced a severe downturn between 2014 and 2016. This eventually resulted in many steel makers facing bankruptcy proceedings in 2018. The industry, in fact, is yet to resolve all the bankruptcy cases. Today, financial institutions have become wary of lending to the sector. In conclusion, therefore, a large share of the challenges that the steel industry has faced since 2014 can be traced to the extremely high finance costs or cost of borrowed capital. Although India's Reserve Bank has lowered the policy repo rate five times and by 135 basis points in 2019 alone, the cost of capital in India still remains significantly high and Indian steel makers continue to face a relative disadvantage vis-à-vis their competitors from the developed world.

If the Indian steel industry is to fulfil the vision outlined in the National Steel Policy, 2017, financing capacity addition of 100–150 million tonnes will be the biggest challenge. The policy document acknowledges that additional investment of INR 10 lakh crore will be required and financing it is the primary challenge

## OUTLOOK:

Indian Steel Industry in the post-COVID-19 World

The COVID-19 has disrupted operations globally is well-known. Moreover, the new normal that will emerge is likely to witness a realignment of power centres in different domains. The coronavirus crisis has impacted almost all supply chains dependent on China, which includes the steel sector.

The pandemic and subsequent waves have eroded demand as a result of reduced consumption in end-user industries. Steel demand dropped 54 percent YoY in May, and capacity utilization in crude steel production dropped to 26.5 percent in April. The pandemic is also impeding plans to add capacity due to the crunched liquidity of Indian producers pre-COVID, which worsened amid falling demand. Additionally, high debt is expected to lead to higher interest expenses and labor shortages preventing economical production. The steel ministry has invited request for proposal (RFP) from consulting firms for developing an action plan to mitigate the impact of slowdown induced by the Covid-19 pandemic.

Apart from identifying the current challenges of both the integrated and secondary steel producers, the preferred consultancy firm will have to assess their impact on the steel sector as a whole including their bearings on the supply-chain, logistics, cost of raw materials and pricing of products, availability and cost of labour, international trade-related issues, demand in both domestic and international markets, external and internal threat analysis and cost and availability of finance.

#### **RISKS AND CONCERNS:**

Your Company continuously monitors and revisits the risks associated with its business. It has institutionalized the procedure for identifying, minimizing and mitigating risks and the same are reviewed periodically. The Company's Structured Risk Management Process attempts to provide confidence to the stakeholders that the Company's risks are known and well managed. The company management has a Risk Management Team comprising of Functional heads as Champions and accountable for risks associated in their areas. The company has review mechanism of risks at regular intervals. The management of the Company has identified some of the major areas of concern having inherent risk, viz. Foreign Currency Fluctuation, Client Concentration, Technology Risks and Credit Control. The processes relating to minimizing the above risks have already been put in place at different levels of management. The management of the Company reviews the risk management processes and implementation of risk mitigation plans. The processes are continuously improved.

Risk Management comprises three key components which are as below:

i. Risk identification

- ii. Risk assessment and mitigation
- iii. Risk monitoring and assurance

Your Company has identified the following aspects as the major risks for its operations:

- i. Market Risk in terms of Price increase of Raw Material
- ii. Foreign Exchange Risk

The risk mitigation plans are reviewed regularly by the Management and Audit Committee of your Company.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

Company has in place internal control systems and procedures commensurate with the size and nature of its operations. Internal control processes which consist of adopting appropriate management systems and implementing them are followed. These are aimed at giving the Audit Committee a reasonable assurance on the reliability of financial reporting and statutory & regulatory compliances, effectiveness and efficiency of your Company's operations. The Internal Control Systems are reviewed periodically and revised to keep in tune with the changing business environment.

### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

During the year under review company concentrated on manufacturing of Bars, beams, angle rods, flats, plate, coil, slab, billets etc. Production of bars, beams angle rods etc. during the year was 2975.26 MT. and sale was 3454.35 MT. Production of plate & coil during the year was 124690.26 MT and sales were 123905.21 MT. Production of Slab, billets etc. was 2685.79 MT and sales was 2677.10 MT. Likewise, production of Stainless Steel Flat was 4412..42 MT and sales was 4865.32 MT. Total production of all items taken together during the year increased from 84212.00 MT to 134763.73 MT whereas total sales increased from 88285.00 MT to 134901.98 MT.

During the year under review Total revenue from Operations and from other operating income increased from Rs. 530.77 crores in the previous year to Rs. 906.90 crores. Company has registered a profit of Rs. 102.86 crores in comparison to the loss of Rs. 51.65 crores during previous year.

### **DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES/INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT:**

The human resource philosophy and strategy of your Company have been designed to attract and retain the best talent, creating a workplace environment that keeps employees engaged, motivated and encourages innovation. Your Company has fostered a culture that rewards continuous learning, collaboration and development, making it future ready with respect to the challenges posed by ever- changing market realities. Employees are your Company's most valuable asset and your Company's processes are designed to empower employees and support creative approaches in order to create enduring value. Your Company maintains a cordial relationship with its employees. Its emphasis on safe work practices and productivity improvement is unrelenting. Your Company has more than 608 employees on its permanent rolls as on 31st March, 2022.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT:**

The Company has followed all relevant Indian Accounting Standards while preparing the financial statements.

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:** Statement in this "Management Discussion and Analysis" describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include global and Indian demand and supply conditions, finished goods prices, input materials availability and prices, cyclical demand and pricing in the Company's principal markets, changes in Government regulations, tax regimes, economic developments within India and the countries within which the Company conducts business and other factors such as litigation and labour negotiations. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent development, information or events or otherwise.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

TO,
THE MEMBERS OF
SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED

### Report on the Audit of the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying standalone IND AS financial statements of **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for *Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022 and its Profits, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

- For the Year ending on 31st March, 2022, the company has continued its practice of not making any provision of interest on loans from banks (excluding on the settlement entered with ARCs for specific loans which are assigned to them). Had the company made the provision of interest on loans from banks for the year ended on 31st March, 2022, the profit for the year would have been lower by Rs 146.61 lakhs and current liabilities would have been higher to that extent. (Refer Note No. 33 of Standalone Financial Statements).
- 2. The Company has not assessed the impact of Effective Interest Method to the finance cost as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments and hence, the effect of the same, if any, on the financial results is not identifiable therefore, we are unable to comment upon its impact on the Financial results for the year ended March 31, 2022. (Refer Note No. 43 of Standalone Financial Statements)
- 3. The Company has not evaluated the provisioning requirement of a loss allowance on its financial assets so as to give impact of impairment if any as per the expected credit loss method as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments' and hence, the effect of the same if any on the Financial Results is not identifiable therefore. We are unable to comment upon its impact on the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2022. (Refer Note No. 44 of Standalone Financial Statements)

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone IND AS financial statements.

#### Kev Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Our audit procedures, inter alia, included following:
- Discussed disputed litigation matters with the company's
management.
-Evaluated the management's judgment of tax risks, estimates of tax exposures, other claims and contingencies. Past and current experience with the tax authorities and
management's correspondence/response including on the
claims lodged by customers were used to assess the appropriateness of management's best estimate of the most
likely outcome of each uncertain contingent liability.
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dependent on a number of significant assumptions and judgments. The amounts involved are potentially significant and determining the amount, if any, to be recognized or disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements, is inherently subjective.

We have considered Litigations and claims; a Key Audit Matter as it requires significant management judgement, including accounting estimates that involves high estimation uncertainty.

- Critically assessed the entity's assumptions and estimates in respect of claims, included in the contingent liabilities disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements. Also, assessed the probability of negative result of litigation and the reliability of estimates of related obligations.

#### Conclusion:

Based on the procedures described above, we did not find any material exceptions to the management's assertions and treatment, presentation & disclosure of the subject matter in the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the standalone IND AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone IND AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the IND AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone IND AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### <u>Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements</u>

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone IND AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone IND AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion
  on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of
  such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone IND AS financial statements, including the
disclosures, and whether the standalone IND AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the company has paid remuneration to its directors during
  the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
  The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of
  Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by
  us.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - We have sought and except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified opinion, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit,
  - b) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion, paragraph above, In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The standalone Balance Sheet, the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the standalone Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in Basis of Qualified opinion paragraph In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements (Refer Note No 37 to the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements).
    - (ii) The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
    - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
    - (iv) (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any

guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (v) The company has not declared and paid any Interim divided nor has proposed any final dividend during the previous year, and hence the question of Compliance and applicability of Section 123 of the Companies Act does not arise.

For, Parikh & Majmudar Chartered Accountants FRN - 107525W

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 28-05-2022

[CA SANJAY MAJMUDAR]
PARTNER
Membership No. 036791
UDIN: 22036791 AJUXSH6016

SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED

vii.

#### ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED of even date)

With reference to the Annexure A, referred to in the Independent Auditors Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone IND AS financial statements for the year ended on 31st March 2022, we report following:

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company does not hold any intangible assets. Accordingly, clauses 3(i)(a)(B) & (d) of the order are not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the property, plant and equipment are physically verified in a phased manner by the management during the year, which, in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties other than the self-constructed property are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2022 for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion the frequency of verification is reasonable and the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. As explained to us, there were no discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class on physical verification of inventory as compared to the book records.
  - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital in excess of the limit of Rs. 5 crores during any point of time of the year in aggregate from a bank & financial institutions on the basis of security of the current assets. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made investments in or provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, clause 3(iii) (a), (A) & (B) ,(b) (c),(d),(e) and (f) of the order are not applicable.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not made any investment or given guarantee or security during the year under review. Accordingly clause 3(iv) of the order is not applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under review. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India for the maintenance of Cost records specified under section 148 of Companies Act 2013 and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts & records have been made and maintained. We have however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
  - (a) The company does not have liability in respect of Service Tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and value added tax during the year since effective 1st July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed in to Goods & Service Tax.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, ESIC, income-tax, duty of customs, Goods & Service Tax, cess and other material statutory dues have generally not been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanation given to us no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, ESIC, income-tax, Goods & Service Tax, duty of customs, cess and other statutory dues

(b)

were outstanding as at 31st March,2022 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of Income tax & Duty of Customs which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However ,according to information and explanations given to us, the following dues of Duty of Excise, Service Tax and Goods & Service Tax have not been deposited by the

Sr.no Name of the statue		Name of the statue Dues Financial year to which amount relates		From where the dispute is pending	Amount under dispute (Net of Payments (Rs. in Lakhs.)	
1	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Service tax	January 2005 to July 2011	The Commissioner of Central Excise , Ahmedabad III	51.58	
2	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Service tax	November 2012 to March 2013	The Addl. Commissioner of Central Excise , Ahmedabad III	1.71	
3	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Service tax	2013-14	The Joint Commissioner of Central Excise , Ahmedabad III	1.48	
4	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Service tax	November 1997 to June 1998	Gujarat High Court	25.43	
5	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Excise duty	September 2010 to December 2013	Custom Excise and Service Tax , Appellate Tribunal, Ahmedabad	1909.76	
6	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Service tax	December 2014 to May 2015	The Dy, Commissioner of Central Excise Division Kalol, Ahmedabad III	0.87	
7	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Service tax	June 2015 to December 2015	The Asst. Commissioner of Central Excise &CGST, Div. Kalol	5.75	
8	Custom, Service tax and Excise	Service tax	2012-13	The Dy. Commissioner of Central Excise & CGST, Division Kalol	10.11	
9	Goods & Service Tax ( GST)	State Goods & Service tax ( SGST)	2017-18	Commissioner Appeal of State Tax, Ahmedabad	251.14	
10	Goods & Service Tax ( GST)	State Goods & Service tax ( SGST)	2018-19	Commissioner Appeal of State Tax, Ahmedabad	133.96	
11	Goods & Service Tax ( GST)	State Goods & Service tax ( SGST)	2019-20	Commissioner Appeal of State Tax, Ahmedabad	95.70	

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company ,there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) According to information & explanations given to us, the company has defaulted in repayment of term loans & in the payment of interest to Bank during the year, as under:

Nature of borrowing including debt securities	Name of lender	Amountnot paidon due date( in Lakhs)	Whether principalor interest	No. of days delay or unpaid	Remarks,if any
Term Loan	HDFC BANK	1645.87	Principal	Unpaid as on balance sheet date since June 2011	Unpaid as on balance sheet date

Term Loan	HDFC BANK	877.89	Interest	Unpaid as on balance sheet date since June 2011	Unpaid as on balance sheet date
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Except above the company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to Financial Institutions.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short- term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on overall examination of the records of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person account of or to meet the obligations of its associates and therefore, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the order is not applicable.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its associates and therefore clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
  - (c) As represented by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not required.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of the entity.
  - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, 3(xvi)(a) and 3(xvi) (b) of the Order are not applicable.
  - (b) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve bank of India. Accordingly, 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.

(c) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CICs.

- xvii The company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly, 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us, On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations give to us, there is no unspent amount under subsection (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable.

For, Parikh & Majmudar Chartered Accountants FRN - 107525W

[CA SANJAY MAJMUDAR]
PARTNER
Membership No. 036791
UDIN: 22036791 AJUXSH6016

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 28-05-2022

#### ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED** (the "Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For, Parikh & Majmudar Chartered Accountants FRN - 107525W

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 28-05-2022 [CA SANJAY MAJMUDAR]
PARTNER
Membership No. 036791
UDIN: 22036791 AJUXSH6016

**SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED** 

### STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2022

(Amount Rs in Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As At 31.03.2022	As At 31.03.2021
	ASSETS			
1)	Non-current assets			
a)	Property, Plant and Equipment	2	8193.71	9322.90
b)	Capital work-in-progress	2	900.50	900.50
c)	Financial Assets			
(i)	Investments	3	3010.57	934.94
(ii)	Trade receivables	4	-	-
(iii)	Loans		-	-
(iv)	Other Financial Assets	4A	710.04	507.27
d)	Deferred tax Assets (net)	5	7092.39	981 <i>6.7</i> 3
e)	Other non-current assets	6	147.82	478.89
2)	Current assets			
a)	Inventories	7	11810.14	7068.33
b)	Financial Assets			
(i)	Trade receivables	8	1373.63	1358.25
(ii)	Cash and cash equivalents	9	24.46	160.13
c)	Loans	10	<b>7.6</b> 1	5.71
d)	Other Financial assets	10-A	-	6.17
e)	Other current assets	11	1334.27	840.10
	TOTAL ASSETS		34605.14	31399.92
	EQUITY & LIABILITIES :			
	EQUITY:			
a)	Equity Share capital	12	1979.75	1979.75
b)	Other Equity	13	3770.52	-6512.81
	LIABILITIES :			
1)	Non-Current Liabilities			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
(i)	Borrowings	14	1294.23	7488.98
(ii)	Trade payables	15		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1802.52	1838.13
(b)	Provisions	16	175.76	161.57
(c)	Non-current liabilities	1 <i>7</i>	-	-
(d)	Other non-current liabilities		-	-
2)	Current liabilities			
(a)	Borrowings	1 <i>7-</i> A	10395.63	10945.13
(b)	Trade payables	18		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		11593.45	13039.10
(c)	Other financial liabilities	19	877.89	877.89
(d)	Other current liabilities	20	2159.10	718.93
(e)	Provision for Employee Benefits	21	556.29	863.25
, ,	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		34605.14	31399.92

The accompanying Notes 1 to 61 are integral part of these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Chartered Accountants Shah Alloys Limited,

 $(Firm \ Regn. No. 107525W) \hspace{3cm} Sd/- \hspace{3cm} Sd/-$ 

UDIN: 22036791AJUXSH6016 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma]

Sd/- Chairman Whole-Time Director & CFO

CA Sanjay Majmudar DIN: 00020904 DIN: 00038360

Partner

M. No.: 036791 Sd/- Sd/-

Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra

PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director Company Secretary

DATE: 28th May, 2022 DIN: 09482143

## STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

(Amount Rs in Lakhs)

		Not		(Allicotti K3 III EdKli3)
Sr. No	Particulars	e	Year ended 31st March,2022	Year ended 31st March,2021
140		No.	3131 March, 2022	3131 March, 2021
I	Revenue from Operations	22	88007.52	50191.98
II	Other Income	23	2682.59	2885.20
III	Total Income (I +II)		90690.11	53077.18
IV	Expenses:			
	Cost of Materials Consumed	24	61369.87	32093.40
	Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Stock-in-Trade	25	-3469.18	2442.95
	and Work-in-progress	23	-3407.10	2442.73
	Employee Benefits Expenses	26	2128.34	2019.23
	Finance Costs	27	218.53	162.59
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense		1129.20	1296.70
	Other Expenses	28	16301.79	12018.74
	Total Expenses (IV)		77678.55	50033.61
٧	Profit before tax and Exceptional Item ( III- IV )		13011.56	3043.57
VI	Exceptional Item		-	1618.86
VII	Profit before tax (V+VI)		13011.56	4662.43
VIII	Tax expense :			
	(1) Current Tax		-	-
	(2) Deferred Tax		2725.31	9827.52
	Total Tax Expenses (VIII)		2725.31	9827.52
IX	Profit for the period (VII -VIII)		10286.25	-5165.09
Χ	Other Comprehensive Income			
	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		3.90	-16.97
	<ul><li>(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</li></ul>		0.00	4.07
	be reclassified to profit or loss		-0.98	4.27
	B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		_	_
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to		-	-
	profit or loss			
	Total Other Comprehensive Income (X)		2.92	-12.70
ΧI	Total Comprehensive Income for the period $(IX + X)$		2.72	
	(Comprising Profit and Other Comprehensive Income for the		10283.33	-5152.39
	period)			
XII	Earnings per equity share (Face Value of Rs 10/- each)			
	Basic & Diluted	29	51.96	-26.09
	Dasic & Diluted	29	3.070	

The accompanying Notes 1 to 61 are integral part of these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements. As per our report of even date attached.

For Parikh & Majmudar	For and on behalf of the I	Board of Directors,
Chartered Accountants	Shah Alloys Limited,	
(Firm Regn.No.107525W)	Sd/-	Sd/-
UDIN: 22036791AJUXSH6016	[Rajendra V Shah]	[Ashok Sharma]
Sd/-	Chairman	Whole-Time Director & CFO
CA Sanjay Majmudar	DIN: 00020904	DIN: 00038360
Partner		
M. No.: 036791	Sd/-	Sd/-
	Mrinal Sinha	Vinay Mishra
PLACE: Ahmedabad	Whole-Time Director	Company Secretary
DATE: 28th May, 2022	DIN: 09482143	

## STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 $^{\rm ST}$ MARCH 2022

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	2021-	22	2020	0-21
Α	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
	Net Profit before Tax Adjustments for :		13,007.66		4,679.40
	Depreciation	1,129.20		1,296.70	
	Loss / ( Profit ) on Sale of Assets	-		0.19	
	Interest expenses	218.53		162.59	
	Interest Reversal	-		(1,618.86)	
	Interest Income	(33.86)		(45.52)	
			1,313.87		(204.91)
			14,321.53		4,474.49
	Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes		14,321.33		4,47 4.47
	Adjustments for :				
	Trade and other receivables	(708.04)		(89.63)	
	Inventories	(4,741.82)		1,460.86	
	Trade Payable and others ( including non current liabilities)	(333.87)		7,785.52	
			(5,783.73)		9,156.76
	Cash Generated From Operations		8,537.80		13,631.25
	Direct Taxes Paid  Net Cash from Operating Activities before				
	Extra Ordinery Items		8,537.80		13,631.25
	Extra-ordinery Items				
	Changes in non-current assets	331.07		301.56	
	Interest Reversal	-		1,618.86	
	Provision for diminution in value of long term investments	(2,075.63)		(414.52)	
			(1,744.56)		1,505.91
	Net Cash from Operating Activities after Extra Ordinery Items(A)		6,793.24		15,137.16
В	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
	Purchase of Fixed assets				
	Sale of Fixed Assets	-		0.28	
	Interest Income	33.86		45.52	
			33.86		45.80
	Net Cash from Investing Activities(B)		33.86		45.80
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from Long Term and Short Term Borrowings (Net)	(6,744.24)		(14,883.99)	
	Interest Paid	(218.53)	(6,962.77)	(162.59)	(15,046.58)
	Net Cash from Financing Activities( C )	(2.5.50)	(6,962.77)	(.02.07)	(15,046.58)
	Net Increase in Cash and Equivalent.(A+B+C)		(135.67)		136.38
	Cash And Cash Equivalents as at the Beginning				
	of the year Cash And Cash Equivalents as at the Close of		160.13		23.75
	the year		24.46		160.13

### STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2022 (CONTD...)

## Note:

As per our Report of even date

The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS-7) Statement of Cashflows.

Cash & Bank balances:	2021-22 <u> </u>	2020-21
a) Balance with Banks :		
- In Current accounts	22.94	160.01
- In Deposit accounts	0.10	-
b) Cash on hand	1.42	0.12
Total	24.46	160.13

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors, Shah Alloys Limited, Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn.No.107525W) Sd/-Sd/-UDIN: 22036791AJUXSH6016 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma] Sd/-Whole-Time Director & CFO Chairman CA Sanjay Majmudar DIN: 00020904 DIN: 00038360 Partner M. No.: 036791 Sd/-Sd/-Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director **Company Secretary** DATE: 28th May, 2022 DIN: 09482143

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A. Equity Share Capital (Amount Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	
Balance as at 1st April 2021	1,979.75
Changes during the year	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,979.75

Other Equity as at 1st April 2020					(Amount Rs. in Lakhs)		
Particulars	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total	
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	600.00	502.61	54,244.06	27.88	(58571.99)	(3,253.20)	
Addition During the year	(600.00)	-	1,892.78	(12.70)	600.00	1,905.48	
Profit for the year	-	-	-		(5,165.09)	(5,165.09)	
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	502.61	56,136.84	15.18	(63,137.08)	(6,512.81)	

Other Equity as at 1st April 2021 (Amount Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	-	502.61	56,136.84	15.18	(63,137.08)	(6,512.81)
Addition/ Deduction During the year	-	-	-	2.92	-	(2.92)
Profit for the year	-	-	-		10,286.25	10,286.25
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	502.61	56,136.84	18.10	(52,850.84)	3,770.52

The accompanying Notes 1 to 61 are integral part of these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements. As per our report of even date attached.

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

**Chartered Accountants** Shah Alloys Limited,

Sd/-(Firm Regn.No.107525W) Sd/-

UDIN: 22036791AJUXSH6016 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma]

Sd/-Chairman Whole-Time Director & CFO

DIN: 00020904 DIN: 00038360 CA Sanjay Majmudar

Partner

M. No.: 036791 Sd/-Sd/-

Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra

PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director Company Secretary

DIN: 09482143 DATE: 28th May, 2022

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### NOTE No. - 1

### 1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Shah Alloys Limited having CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698 is a Public Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its shares are listed on National Stock Exchange and Bombay Stock Exchange. The company is engaged in manufacturing and sale of Wide range of Stainless Steel, Alloys & Special Steel, Carbon / Mild Steel in Flat and Long products. The Company presently has manufacturing facilities at Santej, District: Gandhinagar (Gujarat)

### 1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Ind AS 1 – 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in lakhs ('INR Rs in lakhs). Where changes are made in presentation, the comparative figures of the previous year are regrouped and re-arranged accordingly.

### 1.3 USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting year end. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

All the Indian Accounting Standards issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs Under The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) till the financial Statements are authorized have been considered in preparing these financial statements.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 has notified certain amendments to existing Ind ASs.

They shall come into force on April 1, 2022 and therefore, the company shall apply the same with effect from that date.

### a) Amendments:

Several Indian Accounting Standards have been amended on various issues with effect from April 1, 2022.

The following amendments are relevant to the Company:

Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"- The cost of fulfilling a contract includes not only incremental costs but also other allocable costs that relate directly to fulfilling the contract.

The above amendment and clarifications below are not expected to have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

### b) Clarifications (Effective retrospectively):

Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" - Net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognised in the profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of Property, plant, and equipment.

None of these amendments have any material effect on the financial statements.

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has applied following accounting policies to all periods presented in the Ind AS Financial Statement.

#### 1.4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

- i) Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at original cost (net of tax/duty credit availed) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes cost of acquisition, construction and installation, taxes, duties, freight, other incidental expenses related to the acquisition, and pre-operative expenses including attributable borrowing costs incurred during pre-operational period.
- ii) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
- iii) Assets which are not ready for their intended use on reporting date are carried as capital work-in-progress at cost, comprising direct cost and related incidental expenses.
- iv) Property, Plant and Equipment are depreciated and/or amortized on as per the Straight line method on the basis of their useful lives as notified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.
- v) Depreciation in respect of additions to assets has been charged on pro rata basis with reference to the period when the assets are ready for use.
- vi) An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately on discontinuation to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in Profit/ Loss on Sale and Discard of Fixed Assets.
- vii) Useful lives of the Property, Plant and Equipment as notified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 are as follows:
  - Buildings 30 to 60 years
  - Plant and Equipments 15 to 25 years
  - Furniture and Fixtures 10 years
  - Vehicles 8 to 10 years
  - Office Equipments 5 years
  - Computers 3 years
- viii) At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. The recoverable amount is higher of the net selling price and the value in use, determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset to their present value.
- ix) Cost is reduced by accumulated depreciation and impairment and amount representing assets discarded or held for disposal.

### 1.5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

- i) Intangible assets acquired by payment e.g. Computer Software are disclosed at cost less amortization on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.
- ii) Intangible assets are carried at cost, net of accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any.
- iii) Intangible assets are amortized on straight-line method as follows:
  - Computer Software 5 years
- iv) At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amount of intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. The recoverable amount is higher of the net selling price and the value in use, determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset to their present value.

### 1.6 REVENUE RECOGNITION

- i) Revenue comprises of all economic benefits that arise in the ordinary course of activities of the Company which result in increase in Equity, other than increases relating to contributions from equity participants. Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.
- ii) Sale of Goods: Revenue from sales of goods is recognized on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the customers. Revenue shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss excludes, returns, trade discounts, cash discounts, Goods and Service tax.
- iii) Services: Revenue from Services are recognized as and when the services are rendered.
- iv) Interest: Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.
- v) Export Benefits are accounted on accrual basis.

### 1.7 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

- Short-term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.
- ii) Post-Employment and Retirement benefits in the form of Gratuity are considered as defined benefit obligations and is provided for on the basis of third party actuarial valuation, using the projected unit credit method, as at the date of the Balance Sheet. Every Employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity on terms not less favorable than the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

iii) The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

iv) Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund is considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions to Employees' Provident Fund Organization established under The Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952 is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

#### 1.8 VALUATION OF INVENTORIES

- i) The cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The costs of Raw Materials, Stores and spare parts etc., consumed consist of purchase price including duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the taxing authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure directly attributable to the procurement.
- ii) Stock of Raw Materials are valued at cost and of those in transit and at port related to these items are valued at cost to date. Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred up to the date of balance sheet. Material and supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down if the finished products in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost.
- iii) Stock of Stores and spare parts, Packing Material, Power & Fuel and Folders are valued at cost; and of those in transits and at port related to these items are valued at cost.
- iv) Goods-in-process is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.
- v) Stock of Finished goods is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.
- vi) Stock-in-trade is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.

#### 1.9 CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flow from regular revenue generating, financing and investing activities of the Company is segregated.

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank, Cash / Cheques in hand and short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### 1.10 FINANCIAL ASSETS:

- i) The Company classifies its financial assets as those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and those to be measured at amortized cost.
- ii) Trade receivables represent receivables for goods sold by the Company up to the end of the financial year. The amounts are generally unsecured and are usually received as per the terms of payment agreed with the customers. The amounts are presented as current assets where receivable is due within 12 months from the reporting date.
- iii) Trade receivables are impaired using the lifetime expected credit loss model under simplified approach. The Company uses a matrix to determine the impairment loss allowance based on its historically observed default rates over expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the impairment loss allowance is determined and updated and the same is deducted from Trade Receivables with corresponding charge/credit to Profit and Loss.
- iv) A financial asset is derecognized only when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset, or when it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or when it has transferred the control of the asset.

#### 1.11 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:

- i) Borrowings are removed from balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.
- ii) Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.
- iii) Trade Payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company up to the end of the financial year. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid as per the terms of payment agreed with the vendors. The amounts are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially and subsequently measured at amortized cost.
- iv) Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### 1.12 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT:

- i) Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.
- ii) The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

iii) A fair value measurement of a non- financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

- iv) The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.
- v) The assets and liabilities which has been measured at fair value is Derivatives

#### 1.13 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS:

- i) Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing exchange rate. Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Company's monetary items at the closing rate are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.
- ii) Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value is determined.

### 1.14 BORROWING COSTS:

- i) Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.
- ii) General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that takes necessarily substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.
- iii) All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### 1.15 ACCOUNTING FOR TAXES ON INCOME:

- i) Tax expenses comprise of current tax and deferred tax including applicable surcharge and cess.
- ii) Current Income tax is computed using the tax effect accounting method, where taxes are accrued in the same period in which the related revenue and expenses arise. A provision is made for income tax annually, based on the tax liability computed, after considering tax allowances and exemptions. Provisions are recorded when it is estimated that a liability due to disallowances or other matters is probable.
- iii) Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences; the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.
- iv) The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it is become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.
- v) Deferred tax is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income. As such, deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income.
- vi) Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws.

### 1.16 PROVISIONS, CONTINGENTLIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS:

- i) Provisions are made when (a) the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; (b) it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and (c) a reliable estimate is made of the amount of the obligation.
- ii) Contingent liabilities are not provided for but are disclosed by way of Notes on Accounts. Contingent liabilities is disclosed in case of a present obligation from past events (a) when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;(b)when no reliable estimate is possible;(c)unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.
- iii) Contingent assets are not accounted but disclosed by way of Notes on Accounts where the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

### 1.17 CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION:

- i) The Normal Operating Cycle for the Company has been assumed to be of twelve months for classification of its various assets and liabilities into "Current" and "Non-Current".
- ii) The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current and non-current classification.
- iii) An asset is current when it is (a) expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; (b) held primarily for the purpose of trading; (c) expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; (d) Cash and cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.
- iv) An liability is current when (a) it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; (c) it is due to be discharged within twelve months after the reporting period; (d) there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1.18 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

- I. A related party is a person or entity that is related to the reporting entity preparing its financial statements
  - a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to reporting entity if that person;
    - i. Has control or joint control of the reporting entity;
    - ii. Has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
    - iii. Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
  - b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies;
    - the entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
    - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
    - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
    - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
    - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity;
    - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
    - (vii) A person identified in (a) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity(or of a parent of the entity);
    - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.
- II. A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

Compensation includes all employee benefits i.e. all forms of consideration paid, payable or provided by the entity, or on behalf of the entity, in exchange for services rendered to the entity. It also includes such consideration paid on behalf of a parent of the entity in respect of the entity.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity.

III. Disclosure of related party transactions as required by the accounting standard is furnished in the Notes on Financial Statements.

### 1.19 EARNINGS PER SHARE:

- i) Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.
- ii) For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 1.20 **LEASE**

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Company uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

### 1.21 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ASSUMPTIONS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of the Standalone Financial Statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

### a) Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the standalone financial statements:

### (i) Determination of Functional Currency

Currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency") is Indian Rupee in which the company primarily generates and expends cash. Accordingly, the Management has assessed its functional currency to be Indian Rupee.

### (ii) Evaluation of Indicators for Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of external factors (significant decline asset's value, significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment, market interest rates etc.) and internal factors (obsolescence or physical damage of an asset, poor economic performance of the asset etc.) which could result in significant change in recoverable amount of the Property, Plant and Equipment.

#### b) Assumptions and Estimation Uncertainties

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### (i) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Company has carried forward loss on which deferred tax asset is created, based on probability that future profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be realized.

### (ii) Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment/Intangible Assets

Property, Plant and Equipment/ Intangible Assets are depreciated/amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes or commercial obsolescence. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The depreciation/amortisation for future periods is revised, if there are significant changes from previous estimates and accordingly, the unamortised/depreciable amount is charged over the remaining useful life of the assets.

#### (iii) Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, Contingent Liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the company. Potential liabilities that are possible but not probable of crystallising or are very difficult to quantify reliably are treated as contingent liabilities. Such liabilities are disclosed in the Notes but are not recognised. Potential liabilities that are remote are neither recognised nor disclosed as contingent liability. The management decides whether the matters need to be classified as 'remote', 'possible' or 'probable' based on expert advice, past judgements, experiences etc.

### (iv) Evaluation of Indicators for Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of external factors (significant decline in asset's value, economic or legal environment, market interest rates etc.) and internal factors (obsolescence or physical damage of an asset, poor economic performance of the idle assets etc.) which could result in significant change in recoverable amount of the Property, Plant and Equipment and such assessment is based on estimates, future plans as envisaged by the Group.

### (v) Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

### 1.22 INVESTMENTS

Investment in quoted equity shares are stated at its fair value through Profit and loss account.

## NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note No -2

**Property, Plant and Equipments** 

(Amount Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Freehol d Land	Factory Building	Office Building	Plant and Machinery	Lab Equipm ents	Vehicles	Office Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	TOTAL
Cost of Assets As at 1st April 2020 Addition	<b>689.99</b> 0.00	<b>2,276.72</b> 0.00	<b>326.92</b> 0.00	<b>51,672.69</b> 0.00	<b>49.17</b> 0.00	<b>306.10</b> 0.00	<b>210.23</b> 0.00	<b>197.24</b> 0.00	<b>55,729.05</b> 0.00
Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-9.26	0.00	0.00	-9.26
As at 31st March 2021	689.99	2,276.72	326.92	51,672.69	49.17	296.84	210.23	197.24	55,719.79
Addition	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
As at 31st March 2022	689.99	2,276.72	326.92	51,672.69	49.17	296.84	210.23	197.24	55,719.79
<u>Depreciation</u>	0.00	1000.07		40004.00		000 70	100.70	107.00	45 100 00
As at 1st April 2020 Charge for the year	0.00	1283.27 64.00	64.20 5.16	43036.93 1227.55	46.71 0.00	290.79 0.00	199.72 0.00	187.38 0.00	<b>45,108.98</b> 1,296.70
2021 Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-8.80	0.00	0.00	-8.80
As at 31st March 2021	0.00	1347.26	69.36	44264.48	46.71	281.99	199.72	187.38	46,396.89
Charge for the year 2022	0.00	63.68	5.16	1060.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,129.20
Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
As at 31st March 2022	0.00	1,410.95	74.52	45,324.83	46.71	281.99	199.72	187.38	47,526.09
Net Block As at 31st March 2021	689.99	929.46	257.56	7,408.21	2.46	14.85	10.51	9.86	9,322.90
As at 31st March 2022	689.99	865.77	252.40	6,347.86	2.46	14.85	10.51	9.86	8,193.71

### Details of Capital Work-in-progress (CWIP)

(Rs. In Lakhs)

	Am	Amount in CWIP for a period of					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
As at 31 March 2022							
Projects in progress	-	-	-	900.50	900.50		
Projects temporarily suspended							
As at 31 March 2021							
Projects in progress	-	-	-	900.50	900.50		
Projects temporarily suspended							

## Notes:

- 1. Cost of Fixed Assets and pre-operative expenses, being technical matter, are capitalized or allocated to Capital work in progress on the basis of data certified by technical person & the Management.
- 2. Borrowing cost includes interest and other bank charges to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs which are directly related to the acquisition & construction of a qualifying asset.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE NO: 4

Trade Receivables:

Amount Rs in Lakhs

31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Amount	Amount
3994.96	3994.96
984.39	3060.02
3010.57	934.94
	Amount 3994.96 984.39

Aggregate amount of Quoted Investment and Market Value Rs 3010.57 Lakhs as at 31st March 2022 (P.Y. Rs 934.94 Lakhs)

	Amount Rs in Lakhs
31.03.2022	31.03.2021
-	-
20.49	20.82

 Non-current Trade Receivable
 -

Rs in Lakhs

D.,,,,,,,,,,,, F.V. 0001, 00	UN	NOT	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT					TOTAL
Particulars F Y 2021-22	BILLED	DUE	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	IOIAL
(i) Undisputed								
Trade Receivables - Considered								
Good	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed								
Trade Receivables - Which have								
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed								
Trade Receivables -credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables								
Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.49	20.49
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables								
Which have significant increase in								
credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables								
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
Sub Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.49	20.49
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade							20.49	20.49
receivable -Billed	-	-	-	-	-	•	20.49	20.49
GRAND TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-		-	-

Rs in Lakhs

							17.5	III LUKIIS
Particulars F Y 2020-21	UN	NOT	OUTSTANDI	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT				
Famiculars F 1 2020-21	BILLED	DUE	LESS THAN	6 MONTHS	1-2 YEARS	2-3	MORE THAN	TOTAL
			6 MONTHS	TO 1 YEAR		YEARS	3 YEARS	
(i) Undisputed								
Trade Receivables - Considered								
Good	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed								
Trade Receivables - Which have								
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed								
Trade Receivables -credit impaired	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables								
Considered Good							20.82	20.82
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables	_	_	_	_	_	_	20.02	20.02
Which have significant increase in	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
credit risk								
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables								
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.82	20.82
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade							20.82	20.82
receivable -Billed	_	_	_	-	_	-	20.62	20.02
GRAND TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO : 4A	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other Financial Assets	Amount	Amount
Security Deposit		
Unsecured, Considered Good	710.04	507.27
TOTAL	710.04	507.27

## Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO : 5	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	Amount	Amount
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	7092.39	9816. <i>74</i>
TOTAL	7092.39	9816.74
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		
Unabsorbed Depreciation and Business Loss	7802.45	10604.95
On account of disallowances under the Income tax act, 1961	438.25	524.72
Gross deferred tax asset (A)	8240.70	11129.67
Deferred tax liabilities		
Fixed Asset: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation charged for the financial reporting	1148.31	1312.93
Gross deferred tax liability (B)	1148.31	1312.93
Net Deferred tax (A-B)	7092.39	9816.74

## Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 6	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other non-current assets :	Amount	Amount
Unsecured, Considered Good		
(a) Loans & Advance Recoverable in cash or in kind	77.48	77.48
(b) Advances to Supplier	11.45	9.46
(c) Advance Income Tax , TDS & TCS	46.69	25.06
(d) Balance with Govt. Authorities	12.20	366.89
TOTAL	147.82	478.89

### Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 7		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Inventories:		Amount	Amount
(Inventories are taken, valued and certified by the management)			
(a) Raw Materials		2112.09	1629.01
(b) Work in progress		5018.92	2420.16
(c) Finished goods		3279.15	2408.73
(d) Stores and spares		1399.98	610.43
	TOTAL	11810.14	7068.33

### Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 8	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Trade Receivables :	( Amount)	(Amount)
Unsecured, considered good	1373.63	1358.25
Doubtful	-	-
	1373.63	1358.25
Less : Provision for Doubtful trade Receivables.	-	-
	1373.63	1358.25

### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B .: 1 EV.		OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT					
Particulars F Y 2021-22	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) Undisputed							
Trade Receivables - Considered Good (ii) Undisputed	650.03	690.19	33.41	-	-	-	1373.63
Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables Considered Good	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables Which have significant							
increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit impaired	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
GRAND TOTAL	650.03	690.19	33.41	_	_	_	1373.63
	00000	OUTSTAND	ING FOR FOLLO	WING PERIOD	S FROM DUE	DATE OF	10, 5100
				PAYMENT			
Particulars F Y 2020-21	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) Undisputed						727.110	
Trade Receivables - Considered Good (ii) Undisputed	385.61	971.43	1.21	-	-	-	1358.25
Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables Considered Good				_	_	-	-
	-	-	-	_			
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables Which have significant	-	-	-				
Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade	- - 385.61	971.43	- - - 1.21	-	-	-	- 1358.25

# Rs in Lakhs

		Ks in Lakhs
NOTE NO: 9	21 02 0000	21 02 0001
Cash and cash equivalents	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
(a) Balances with Scheduled Banks		
On current Account	22.94	160.01
(b) Short Term Deposit with Scheduled Banks	0.10	0.00
(c) Cash on hand	1.42	0.12
TOTAL	24.46	160.13

## Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO : 10 Loans	_	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured, Considered Good Loans & Advance Recoverable in cash or in kind		7.61	5.71
1	TOTAL	7.61	5.71

### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 10 A	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other Financial assets :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Security Deposit	-	6.17
TOTAL	-	6.17

### Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 11	21 02 0000	21 02 0001
Other current assets:	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Balance with government authorities	926.04	464.17
Advance to Suppliers	406.60	374.89
Prepaid Expenses	1.63	1.04
TOTAL	1334.27	840.10

### Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 12		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Share Capital:		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Authorised:			
3,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- e (Previous year : 3,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each)	each	3500.00	3500.00
	Ī	3500.00	3500.00
Issued & Subscribed and Paid up:			
1,97,97,540 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up (Previous yeal 1,97,97,540 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up)	ar :	1979.75	1979.75
TOT	TAL	1979.75	1979.75

a) Reconciliation of Number of Shares:						
	As at March	31, 2022	As at N	Narch 31, 2021		
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,97,97,540	1979.75	1,97,97,540	1979.75		
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-		
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	1 97 97 540	1979.75	1 97 97 540	1979.75		

# b) Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to shares

### **Equity Shares**

The company has one class of equity share having a par value of Rs 10 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual general meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the case of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

c) Details of Shares held by Shareholders holding more than 5% in the Company						
Name of the Shareholder  As at March 31, 2022  As at March 31, 2021						
Name of the Shareholder	No of shares held	No of shares held % of Shares held		% of Shares held		
Mr. Rajendra V. Shah #	94 44 364	47.71%	94 44 364	47.71%		
Mrs. Ragini R. Shah	11 46 006	5.79%	11 46 006	5.79%		
# including 7.74 % shares held as Karta of HUF						

(d) Shareholding of Promoters						
Name of Promoters	31-03-2022		31-03-2021		% change during the year	% change during the year
	No of shares	% of total shares	No of shares	% of total shares	No of shares	% of total shares
RAJENDRABHAI V SHAH ( HUF)	1531960	7.74	1531960	7.74	-	•
RAGINI RAJENDRABHAI SHAH	1146006	5.79	1146006	5.79	<i>-7</i> 681	1
SHAH JAYESHKUMAR VIJAYKUMAR	21000	0.11	28681	0.11	-	-
RAJENDRABHAI V SHAH	7912404	39.97	7912404	39.97	-	-
ASHVIN V SHAH	32940	0.17	21940	0.14	11000	0.03
Total	10644310	53.77	10640991	53.74	-	-

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 13	31.03.2022		31.03.2021	
Other Equity:	31.03.2022		31.03	.2021
Securities Premium Account				
Opening Balance	502.61		502.61	
Add : Addition during the year	-		-	
		502.61		502.61
Capital Reserve				
Opening Balance	56136.84		54244.06	
Add : Addition during the year	-		1892.78	
		56136.84		56136.84
Debenture Redemption Reserve:				
Opening Balance	-		600.00	
Less : Transfer to Retained Earnings	-	-	-600.00	-
Retained Earnings				
Balance Brought Forward From Previous Year	-63137.08		-58571.99	
Add : Transfer From Debenture Redemption Reserve	0.00		600.00	
	-63137.08		-57971.99	
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	10286.25	-52850.83	-5165.09	-63137.08
Other Comprehensive Income/(Expenses)				
Re-measurement of the defined benefit plans				
Opening Balance	15.18		27.88	
Add: Addition during the year	2.92		-12.70	
Closing Balance		18.10		15.18
TOTAL		3770.52		-6512.81

#### **Purpose of Reserve**

Security Premium: Securities premium is used to record premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**Retained Earnings**: Retained Earnings are the profits and gains that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

Capital Reserve: The Company recognises profit and loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments to capital reserve.

Rs in Lakhs

NOTE NO: 14	21.02	າດາາ	31.03.2	021
Borrowings:	31.03.2022		31.03.2021	
(A) SECURED:				
Term Loans				
a) From Banks	-		-	
b) From Financial Institutions	926.50	926.50	7121.25	7121.25
(B) UNSECURED:				
Loans & Advances from related parties				
- From Director		367.73		367.73
TOTAL		1294.23		7488.98

### (A) SECURED:

### Term Loan from Bank / Financial Institution:

First Mortgage and charge on the company's all immovable and movable properties (other than working capital assets), both present and future, ranking pari-passu with all term lenders.(except Punjab National Bank's Corporate loan which has exclusive charge on 26,00,000 shares of Shah Alloys Limited. Thus First charge on fixed assets is not extended to Punjab national bank over the Corporate loan) Second charges on WC assets of the company. Pledge of promoter's entire shareholding ranking pari-passu with all CDR lenders except for 26,00,000 shares on which Punjab national bank has exclusive charge. Unconditional and irrevocable personal guarantee of the promoter-director Shri Rajendra Shah.

a) Terms of repayment for term loans are as set out below:

Rs. In Lakhs

-, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Particulars / Financial Year		2022-23	2023-24
Term Loans from Financial Institution		6194.75	926.50
	Total	6194.75	926.50

(\*) Refer Note No 33 of Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements

Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 15 Trade Payable	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	•
Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1802.52	1838.13
	1802.52	1838.13

(Refer Note No.18a of Notes forming part of Standalone financial Statement)

# NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

		OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT				
Particulars F Y 2021-22	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) OTHERS	-	-	222.39	13.38	1,566.75	1,802.52
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	1	-
GRAND TOTAL	-	-	222.39	13.38	1,566.75	1,802.52

		OUTSTAND		NG FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT			
Particulars F Y 2020-21	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL	
(i) MSME	-		-	-	-	-	
(ii) OTHERS	-	-	68.52	16.90	1,752.71	1,838.13	
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others		1	-	-	-	-	
GRAND TOTAL	-	ı	68.52	16.90	1,752.71	1,838.13	

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO: 16	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Long term provisions:	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Provision for Gratuity	175.76	161.57
TOTAL	175.76	161.57

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO: 17	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Non-current liabilities :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Advances from Customer	-	-
Other Liabilities	-	-
TOTAL	-	-

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO: 17-A	21 02 0000	21 02 0001
Borrowings	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured		
Inter Corporate Deposits	2555.00	1500.00
Current maturities of long-term debt	6194.75	<i>7</i> 799.25
Other Payables to Bank	1645.88	1645.88
TOTAL	10395.63	10945.13

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 18 Trade Payable		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises  Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		11593.45	13039.10
	TOTAL	11593.45	13039.10

(Refer Note No.18a of Notes forming part of Standalone financial Statement)

		OUTSTANDING	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT			
Particulars F Y 2021-22	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) OTHERS	4,893.82	6,699.63	-	-	-	11,593.45
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	4,893.82	6,699.63	-	-	-	11,593.45

# NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		OUTSTANDING	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT			
Particulars F Y 2020-21	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) MSME	-	-	-		-	-
(ii) OTHERS	3,236.69	9,802.41	-	-	-	13,039.10
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	3,236.69	9,802.41	-	-	-	13,039.10

Note No. :18a	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Trade Payables - Total outstanding dues of Micro & Small Enterprises*	<u>'</u>	``
a) The Principal amount and Interest due there on remaining unpaid as at year	_	
end: Principal	-	-
b) Interest paid by the company in terms of section 16 of Micro, Small and		
Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment	-	-
made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.		
c) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which		
have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without		
adding the interest specified under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	-
Development Act, 2006		
d) Interest accrued and remain unpaid as at year end	-	-
e) Further Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year until		
such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small	-	-
enterprises		

\*Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the year or on balance brought forward from previous year.

Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 19 Other financial liabilities :		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Interest accrued and due on borrowings		877.89	877.89
	TOTAL	877.89	877.89

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO: 20	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other Current Liabilites :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Advance from customers	25.01	465.11
Duties and taxes	859.63	253.82
Credit baalance in current account with Schedule banks (Book over draft)	1274.46	-
то	TAL 2159.10	718.93

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 21	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Provision for Employee Benefits	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Gratuity	57.53	48.33
Others	498.76	814.92
TOTAL	556.29	863.25

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 22	21.02	2022	21	03.2021
Revenue from operations	31.03.2022		31.	03.2021
I. Sale of Products				
Direct Export Turnover	1344.47		1048.53	
Domestic Turnover	86638.12	87982.59	49115.75	50164.28
II. Sale of service				
-Job work Income (TDS Rs Nil PY Rs 0.02 Lakhs )		-		1.46
III. Other Operating Revenues				
Export Incentives- Duty Draw Back		24.93		26.24
Total Revenue from operations		88007.52		50191.98

# NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 23		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other Income:		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Interest Income (TDS Rs 3.38 Lakhs P Y Rs 3.41 Lakhs)		33.86	45.52
Foreign exchange fluctuation Gain (Net)		26.01	132.02
Sundry balances written back (Net)		18.33	43.79
Electricity Refund		528.76	2249.35
Gain on Fair value of investments (Non operating Income)		2075.63	414.52
	TOTAL	2682.59	2885.20

Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO: 24	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Cost of Materials Consumed:	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Opening Stock of Raw Material	1629.01	757.15
Add : Purchases	61852.95	32965.26
	63481.96	33722.41
Less : Closing Stock of Raw Material	2112.09	1629.01
TOI	AL 61369.87	32093.40

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 25 Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Stock-in- Trade and Work-in-progress	31.03	.2022	31.03	.2021
Opening Stock				
Finished Goods	2408.73		4952.28	
Stock-in-Progress	2420.16	4828.89	2319.56	7271.84
Less : Closing Stock				
Finished Goods	3279.15		2408.73	
Stock-in-Progress	5018.92	8298.07	2420.16	4828.89
Increase/(Decrease) in Stock of Finished Goods & Stock-in-Progress		-3469.18		2442.95

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO: 26	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Employee benefits expenses	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Salary & Bonus	1989.69	1909.07
Contribution to Provident Fund etc.	68.22	60.39
Staff welfare expenses	70.43	49.77
TOTAL	2128.34	2019.23

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO : 27 Finance Costs		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Interest to Others		218.53	162.59
	TOTAL	218.53	162.59

# Rs. In Lakhs

NOTE NO: 28	31.03.	2022	31.03	2021
Other Expenses	31.03.	2022	31.03	.2021
Stores & Spares Consumed :				
Opening Stock	610.43		500.20	
Add : Purchases	7659.79		5666.35	
	8270.22		6166.55	
Less: Closing Stock	1399.98	6870.24	610.43	5556.12
Power & fuel		7296.96		4544.26
Factory Labour expense		1294.47		1025.66
Factory Expenses		100.01		47.22
Repairs & Maintenance :				
Machinery	239.83		164.09	
Building	2.73		12.19	
Others	0.76	243.32	0.72	1 <i>77</i> .00
Selling costs		23.28		38.01
Packing Cost		1.88		4.90
Freight outward expenses		191.69		351.92
Travelling, Conveyance and Vehicle Expenses		25.23		24.33
Legal, Consultancy and Professional Fees		94.75		102.33
Miscellaneous expenses		33.04		35.91
Advertisement, Stationery and Communication		21.71		1 <i>7</i> .09
Payment to Auditors #		10.00		8.00
Rent		-		9.60
Rates and Taxes		35.90		31.59
Insurance		22.07		20.86
Bank Charges		2.39		3.12
Donation		2.00		0.00
CSR expenses		32.85		0.00

Impairment Loss recognized / (reversed) under ExpectedCredit Loss Model in respect of Trade Receivables Provision for Bad debt		20.82
TOTAL	16301.79	12018.74

Rs. In Lakhs

Payment to Auditors #		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
As auditors - Statutory audit		10.00	8.00
For other Services		-	-
	TOTAL	10.00	8.00

NOTE NO: 29	31.03.22	31.03.21
Earning Per Share	31.03.22	31.03.21
Basic/Diluted Earnings per Share		
Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year ( Lakhs)	197.98	197.98
Number of Equity Shares allotted during the year ( Lakhs)	-	-
Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year (Lakhs)	197.98	197.98
Weighted average number of equity shares		
Profit for the year (after tax, available for equity shareholders)	10286.25	-5165.09
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share in Rs.	51.96	-26.09

### **30. SEGMENT REPORTING:**

The company's operation falls under single segment namely " IRON & STEEL- "and hence segment information as required by INDAS 108 "Operating Segment is not applicable. All assets are located in the company's country of domicile)

Revenue from sale of products represents revenue generated from external customers which is attributable to the company's country of domicile i.e. India and external customers outside India as under:

(Amount Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended on 31st March 2022	Year Ended on 31st March 2021
Revenue from		
- Outside India	1344.47	1048.53
- In India	86663.05	49153.45

One customer M/s Keshar Metal contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue for 2021-22 and one customer M/s D.P.Wire Ltd contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue for 2020-21.

# 31. Financial AND derivative instruments

# - Capital Management

The company's objective when managing capital is to:

- Safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that the Company is able to provide maximum return to stakeholders and benefits for other stakeholders.
- Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The company's Board of director's reviews the capital structure on regular basis. As part of this review the board considers the cost of capital risk associated with each class of capital requirements and maintenance of adequate liquidity.

### Disclosures

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments.

The details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in accounting policies as stated above

# (i) Categories of Financial Instruments

Amount in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Financial Assets		
Measured at Amortized Cost		
(i) Trade and Other Receivables	1373.63	1358.25
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	26.46	160.13
(iii) Loans	7.61	5.71
(iv) Other Financial Assets	-	6.17
(v) Investments at FVTPL	3010.57	934.94
Financial Liabilities		

Measured at Amortized Cost		
(i) Borrowings	11689.86	18434.11
(ii) Trade Payables	13395.97	14877.23
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	877.89	877.89

### (ii) Fair Value Measurement

This note provides information about how the Company determines fair values of various financial assets.

### Fair Value of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required).

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

# (iii) Financial Risk Management Objectives

While ensuring liquidity is sufficient to meet Company's operational requirements, the Company's financial management committee also monitors and manages key financial risks relating to the operations of the Company by analyzing exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate, currency risk and other price risk, such as commodity price risk and equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include FVTPL investments, trade payables, trade receivables, etc.

# Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities. The Company has a treasury department which monitors the foreign exchange fluctuations on the continuous basis and advises the management of any material adverse effect on the Company.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from the Long Term Borrowings with fixed rates. The Company's fixed rates borrowings are carried at amortized cost.

# Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents including bank deposits and availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet the obligations when due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, liquidity management also involves projecting cash flows considering level of liquid assets necessary to meet obligations by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets & liabilities and monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios.

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The information included in the tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

The following are the contractual maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities, based on contractual cash flows:

(Amount in lakhs.)

Particulars	Due in 1 Year	1 Year - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
As at 31st March, 2022				
Borrowings	10395.63	1294.23		11689.86
Trade Payables	11593.45	1802.52		13395.97
Other Financial Liabilities	877.89	-		877.89
As at 31st March, 2021				
Borrowings	10945.13	7488.98		18434.11
Trade Payables	13039.10	1838.13		14877.23
Other Financial Liabilities	877.89	-		877.89

# **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables).

# Trade Receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all the customers. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of trade receivables disclosed in Note 4 as the Company does not hold collateral as security. The

Company has evaluated the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries.

The Company has made assessment of Allowance for Credit Loss in respect of Trade Receivables The Company has analysed its trade receivables for gaining analysis and grouped them accordingly and then applied ear wise percentage to calculate the amount of Allowance for Credit Loss in respect of the same.

# Movement in the expected Allowance for Credit Loss in respect of Trade Receivables

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	March 31,2022	March 31,2021
Balance at beginning of the year	20.82	10.84
Add: Provided during the year		20.82
Less: Reversals of provision	0.33	10.84
Less: Amounts written back		
Balance at the end of the year	20.49	20.82

The Company has a detailed review mechanism of overdue customer receivables at various levels within organization to ensure proper attention and focus for realization.

(Amount in lakhs)

				(Allicolli III laklis)
Particulars	Upto 1 Year	1 Year - 3 Years	More Than 3 Years	Total
As at 31st March,2022				
Investments (At FVTPL)			3010.57	3010.57
Loans	7.61			7.61
Other Financial Assets				-
Cash & Cash Equivalent	24.46			24.46
Trade Receivables	1373.63			1373.63
As at 31st March,2021				
Investments (At FVTPL)			934.94	934.94
Loans	5.71			5.71
Other Financial Assets	6.17			6.17
Cash & Cash Equivalent	160.13			160.13
Trade Receivables	1358.25			1358.25

(a) For hedging currency

Particulars	As at March 31st,2022 (in Rs. lakhs)	As at March 31st,2021 (in Rs. lakhs)
Outstanding Forward Contract	NIL	NIL

### 32. Disclosures Regarding Employee Benefits

As per Indian Accounting Standard 19 "Employee Benefits" the disclosures are given below:

**Defined Contribution Plan** 

Contribution to defined contribution plan, recognized as expense for the year is as under:

Particulars	2021-22 (Amount Rs in lakhs)	2020-21 (Amount Rs in lakhs)
Employers contribution to provident fund	68.22	60.39

- (i) Defined Contribution Plan: Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund are considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions to Employees Provident Fund Organization established under The Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952 and Employees State Insurance Act, 1948, respectively, are charged to the profit and loss account of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due.
- (ii) Defined Benefit Plan: Retirement benefits in the form of Gratuity are considered as defined benefit obligation and are provided for on the basis of third party actuarial valuation, using the projected unit credit method, as at the date of the Balance Sheet.
  - Every Employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity on terms not less favorable than the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.
  - As the Company has not funded its liability, it has nothing to disclose regarding plan assets and its reconciliation.
- (iii) Major risk to the plan
  - I have outlined the following risks associated with the plan:

# Interest rate risk:

A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

# Salary Risk:

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Investment Risk:**

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

# **Asset Liability Matching Risk:**

The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

# Mortality risk:

Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

# **Concentration Risk:**

Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

# (iv) Defined Benefit Cost

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
	(Amount Rs in lakhs )	(Amount Rs in lakhs )
Current Service Cost	31.69	29.26
Net Interest Cost	11.61	11.15
Defined Benefit Cost included in Profit and Loss	43.30	40.41
Defined Benefit Cost included in Other Comprehensive	3.90	-16.97
Income		
Total Defined Benefit Cost in Profit and Loss and OCI	47.20	23.44

# (v) Movement in Defined benefit liability:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
	(Amount Rs in lakhs )	(Amount Rs in lakhs )
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	209.91	205.37
Interest Expense on Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO)	11.61	11.15
Current Service Cost	31.69	29.26
Total Re-measurements included in OCI	3.90	-16.97
Less: Benefits paid	23.82	18.90
Less: Contributions to plan assets	-	-
Closing benefit obligation	233.29	209.91

# (vi) <u>Sensitivity Analysis of Defined Benefit Obligation:</u> (Amount Rs in Lakhs)

	2021-22	2020-21
(A) Discount rate Sensitivity		
Increase by 0.5%	227.34	204.18
(% change)	-2.55%	-2.73%
Decrease by 0.5%	239.57	215.97
(% change)	2.69%	2.89%
(B) Salary growth rate Sensitivity		
Increase by 0.5%	239.58	215.15
(% change)	2.70%	2.88%
Decrease by 0.5%	227.28	204.15
(% change)	-2.57%	-2.74%
(C) Withdrawal rate (W.R.) Sensitivity		
W.R. x 110%	232.95	209.03
(% change)	-0.15%	-0.42%
W.R. x 90%	233.59	210.79
(% change)	0.13%	0.42%

### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (vii) Principle Actuarial assumptions:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Discount Rate	6.70%	6.25%
Salary Growth Rate	6.00%	6.00%
Withdrawal rate	30% at younger ages reducing to 5% at older ages	30% at younger ages reducing to 5% at older ages

(viii) The above details are certified by the actuary.

- 33. For the year ending on 31st March, 2022, the company has discontinued to make the provision of interest on loans from banks (excluding on the settlement entered with ARCs for specific loans which are assigned to them) amounting to Rs 146.61 lakhs.
- **34.** During the year under review the company has received Electricity refund of Rs 528.76 lakhs and the same has been credited to Other income in the Statement of Profit and loss account.
- 35. The Company has long term investment in the shares of SAL Steel Limited amounting to Rs 3,994.96 Lakhs. There is no major movement in the prices of stock in share market such circumstances indicate that there is decline, other than temporary, in the value of a long term investment. And as a result, we have accounted for investment in shares of SAL Steel Ltd at market rate of shares @ Rs 9.95 per share reducing the value of investment to Rs. 3010.57 Lakhs and provided for Rs. 984.39 Lakhs as diminution other than temporary in the value of investment in books of accounts.

# 36. Foreign currency exposure at the yearend not hedged by derivative instruments.

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Advance Payment to Suppliers		
Rupees in Lakhs	32.76	86.16
US Dollar in Lakhs	0.46	1.20
Sundry Creditors for goods		
Rupees in Lakhs	169.44	0.30
US Dollar in Lakhs ( 31.3.2021 USD 410)	2.23	-
Advance From Customers		
Rupees in Lakhs	0.92	24.12
US Dollar in Lakhs	0.01	0.32
Sundry Debtors		
Rupees in Lakhs	26.73	165.25
US Dollar in Lakhs	0.35	1.80
Euro in Lakhs	-	0.39

### 37. Contingent Liabilities:

(1) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts

### Particulars 4

- 1.Disputed Excise, Service Tax Demand Matter Under Appeal Rs 2006.69 Lakhs ( P.Y.Rs 2009.74 Lakhs )
- 2. Disputed Goods & Service Tax Demand Matter Under Appeal Rs 480.80 Lakhs( PY Rs Nil Lakhs)

Claim against the company not acknowledged as debt – Claim by parties/ Financial Institution Rs 52491.44 Lakhs (P.Y 26509.56 Lakhs)

Bank / Financial Institutions Rs.59014.31 Lakhs ( P Y Rs 73140.68 Lakhs )

### Note:

- a) It is not practicable for the company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above, pending resolution of the respective proceedings as it is determinable only on receipt of judgments/decisions pending with various forums/ authorities.
- b) The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.
- (2) Corporate Guarantee given to consortium Bank for SAL Steel Ltd. Rs 20750.00 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs 20750.00 Lakhs)
- 38. Certain Balance of Debtors, Creditors, are non- moving / sticky since last 3 years. However in view of the management, the same is recoverable / payable. Hence no provision for the same is made in the books of accounts.
- 39. In the opinion of the Board of Directors, the current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value stated, if realized in the ordinary course of business and the provisions for depreciation and all known and ascertained liabilities are adequate and not in excess of the amounts reasonably necessary.
- 40. The company has sought balance confirmations from trade receivables and trade payables, wherever such balance confirmations are received by the Company, the same are reconciled and appropriate adjustments if required, are made in the books of account

# NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 41. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES:

List of Related Parties and Relationships:

# i) Concern where significant interest exists.

Sr. no	Name of the Concern	Nature of Relationship
1	SAL Steel Limited	Associate
2	SAL Corporation Pvt. Ltd	Enterprise with significant influence
3	SAL Care Pvt Ltd	Enterprise with significant influence
4	SAL Pharmacy (A Division of SAL Corporation Pvt. Ltd.)	Enterprise with significant influence
5	SAL Hospital & Medical Institute (A Division of SAL Care Pvt Ltd.)	Enterprise with significant influence
6	SAL Institute of Technical & Engineering Research ( A Division of Adarsh Foundation )	Enterprise with significant influence
7	SAL Institute of Pharmacy ( A Division of Adarsh Foundation )	Enterprise with significant influence
8	SAL Institute of Management ( A Division of Adarsh Foundation )	Enterprise with significant influence
9	Adarsh Foundation	Enterprise with significant influence
10	SAL College of Engineering ( A Division of Adarsh Foundation )	Enterprise with significant influence

(Related Parties have been identified by the Management)

ii)

1	Mr. Rajendra V. Shah	Chairman
2	Mr. K. S. Kamath ( Till 23.01.2021)	Jt. Managing Director
3	Mr. Ashok Sharma	Whole Time Director & CFO
4	Mr. Mrinal Sinha (w.e.f.01.03.2022)	Whole Time Director
5	Mr. Prakashkumar Ramanlal Patel (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	Whole Time Director
6	Mr. Vinay Kumar Mishra	Company Secretary

(Related Parties have been identified by the Management)

# iii) Disclosure of Related Party Transactions

(Amount Rs In lakhs)

Sr. no	Nature of Transaction	Parties mentioned	Parties mentioned at a (i) above		agement nnel
		2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
1	Purchase of goods & Services	27465.18	12,352.94	-	-
2	Purchase of Power	3398.01	2,721.54	-	-
3	Purchase of MEIS Licence	-	11.54	-	-
4	Sales of Goods & Services	176.07	2,612.20	-	-
5	Rent paid	-	9.60	-	-
6	Interest Paid	169.15	66.88	-	-
7	Loan Availed	2180.00	2,095.00	-	-
8	Loan Repaid	1105.00	615.00	-	-
9	Remuneration			24.57	28.96
10	CSR	32.85	-	-	-

# iv) Disclosures of material transactions with related parties during the year:

S.N	Description	Related Parties	2021-22 (PY 2020-21)	Balance outstanding as at 31.03.2022 ( PY 31.03.2021)
		SAL Steel Ltd	27452.47	5360.85
			(12352.88)	(7845.57)
1	Purchase of Goods & Services	SAL Pharmacy	0.25	26.93
'	Furthase of Goods & Services		(0.06)	(26.67)
		SAL Hospital & Medical Institute	12.46	18.66
		, i	(-)	(7.45)
2	Purchase of power	SAL Steel Ltd	3398.01	-
	•		(2721.54)	(-)
3	Purchase of MEIS Licence	SAL Steel Ltd	-	-
3	Furchase of Meis Licence		(11.54)	(-)
4		SAL Steel Ltd	136.22	-
			(349.20)	(-)
	Sales of goods & Services	SAL Corporation Pvt.Ltd	39.85	-
			(2263.00)	(68.42)
5	Rent paid	SAL Steel Ltd	-	-
		SAL Sieer Liu	(9.60)	(-)

6	Interest Paid	SAL Care Pvt. Ltd	169.15	165.03
		SAL Care PVf. Lfd	(66.88)	(70.39)
		Mr. K S Kamath	-	
		MI: K 5 Kullulii	(10.48)	
	Damana antina ta Kanakana anamant	Mr. Ashok Sharma	12.60	
7	Remuneration to Key Management Personnel	MI. ASHOR SHATHIA	(11.99)	
	rersonnei	Mr. Mrinal Sinha	2.25	
		Mr. Miliai Silila	(-)	
		Mr. Prakashkumar Ramanlal Patel	1.40	
		Mr. Frakashkomar kamaniai Falei	(-)	
		Mr. Vinay Kumar Mishra	8.32	
		Mr. Villay Kullar Mishra	(6.49)	
8	Loan Availed	SAL Care Pvt. Ltd.	2180.00	2555.00
		SAL Care FVI. Lia.	(2095.00)	(1480.00)
		Mr. Rajendra V Shah	-	367.73
		Mr. Kajenara v Shah	(-)	(367.73)
	Loan Repaid		1105.00	
9	Loan kepala	SAL Care Pvt. Ltd.		
			(615.00)	
10	CSR	Adarsh Foundation	32.85	
''	Addrsh Foundation		(NIL)	

The remuneration of directors and other members of Key management personal during the year is as follows:

(Amount In lakhs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Short term Benefits	24.57	28.96

- 42. Previous year figures have been re-grouped / rearranged, wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of current year
- 43. The Company has not assessed the impact of Effective Interest Method to the finance cost as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments and hence, the effect of the same, if any, on the financial results is not identifiable.
- 44. The Company has not evaluated the provisioning requirement of a loss allowance on its financial assets so as to give impact of impairment if any as per the expected credit loss method as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments' and hence, the effect of the same if any on the Financial Results is not identifiable.
- **45.** In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-36) on "Impairment of Assets" the Company during the year carried out an exercise of identifying the assets that may have been impaired in respect of cash generating unit in accordance with the said Indian Accounting Standard. Based on the exercise, no impairment loss is required as at 31st March, 2022.
- 46. The financial statements were authorized for issue by the directors on 28th May, 2022.
- 47. Corporate Social Responsibility contribution-

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The areas for CSR activities are Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skill and other activities as mentioned in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. A CSR committee has been formed by the company as per the Act. The funds were primarily utilized throughout the year on these activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013:

(Rs In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
1) Amount required to be spent by the company during the	32.56	
year	32.30	-
2) Amount of expenditure incurred		
(i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	32.85	-
3) Shortfall at the end of the year	1	-
4) Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
5) Reason for shortfall (**)	Pertains to an ongoing projects	-
6) Nature of CSR activities	Contribution towards promotion	n and imparting of education,
	including special education, learn	ing and employment.
7) Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR	32.85	-
expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard(*)		
8) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability	NA	NA
incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the		
movements in the provision		

(\*) Represents contribution to Adarsh Foundation

# NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rs. In Lakhs

Note No.: - 47A Ratio Analysis						
Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 st March 2022	31 st March 2021	Variation	Reasons
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.57	0.36	59%	Due to substential increase in the current assets
Debt Equity Ratio	Borrowings	Share Holder's Equity	2.03	(4.07)	-150%	Due to increase in share holders equity and decrease in borrowings
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt Service (Refer Note i below)	Debt Service	1.31	1.14	15%	
Return on Equity (ROE):	Net Profit after Taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	16.90	1.78	850%	Due to Increase in profit for the year
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of Material Consumed + Channges in WIP/FG	Average Invnetory	6.50	4.12	58%	Due to substential increase in inventory
Trade receivable Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivables	64.43	26.61	142%	Due to substential increase in revenue
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Purchases	Average Trade Payables	5.53	2.90	91%	Due to Substantial increase in Purcahs and Reduction in trade payables
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Working Capital	(7.98)	(2.95)		
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	Revenue from Operations	0.12	(0.10)	-214%	Due to substential increase in revenue and profit
Return on Capital Employed	Earning Before Interest and Tax	Capital Employed	0.72	0.33	121%	Due to increase in EBIT

Note: Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of fixed assets etc.

**NOTE NO.: 47B** 

# IND AS 115- Illustrative disclosures

The Company has recognised the following amounts relating to revenue in the statement of profit or loss:

# Rs In Lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers	88,007.52	50,191.98
Total revenue	88,007.52	50,191.98

Revenueis recognized upon transfer of control of products to customers

# (a) Disaggregation of revenue from contract with customers

Revenuefrom sale of products represents revenue generated from external customers which is attributable to the company's country of domicile i.e. India and external customers outside India as under:

(Amount Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Revenue from		
- Outside India	1,344.47	1,048.53
- In India	86,663.05	49,143.45

One customer M/s Keshar Metal contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue for 2021-22 and one customer M/s D.P.Wire Ltd contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue for 2020-21

# (b) Contract assets and liabilities

The Company has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities

(Amount Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Contract Assets	1,373.63	1,358.25
Total contract assets	1,373.63	1,358.25
Contract liability	25.01	465.11
Total contract liabilities	25.01	465.11

### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (c) Performance obligations

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the finished goods and payment is generally due within 1 to 3 months from delivery. The performance obligation to deliver the finished goods is started after receiving of sales order. The customer can pay the transaction price upon delivery of the finished goods within the credit period, as mentioned in the contract with respective customer.

NOTE NO - 47C TAX RECONCLIATION: Income taxes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	-	-
(Excess)/Short provision for tax of earlier years	-	-
Deferred tax(credit) /Charged	2,725.31	9,827.52
Total income tax expense recognised in respect of continuing operations	2,725.31	9,827.52

#### Tax reconciliation

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Profit before taxes	13,011.56	4,662.43
Enacted tax rate in India	25.168%	25.168%
Expected income tax benefit/(expense) at statutory tax rate	-	-
Current Tax expenses on Profit before tax expenses at the enacted income tax rate in India	3,274.75	1,173.44
Non deductible expenses for Tax Purpose	328.81	353.00
Deductible Expenses for Tax purposes	3,603.56	1,526.44
	-	-
Effect of:		-
Deferred tax(credit) /Charged	2,725.31	9,827.52
Income taxes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	2,725.31	9,827.52

The tax rate used 22% plus surcharge @ 10% and cess @ 4% payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws.

# Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

(Amount Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Deferred tax		
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	(0.98)	4.27
Total income tax recognised in other comprehensive income	(0.98)	4.27
Bifurcation of the income tax recognised in other comprehensive income into:-		
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss	(0.98)	4.27
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income	(0.98)	4.27

Note: Deferred tax liability has been calculated using effective tax rate 25.168 %

# Components of deferred tax assets and liabilities

(Amount Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
(A) Deferred tax assets		
Disallowances of employee benefits u/s. 43B of the Income Tax	438.25	524.72
Unabsorbed loss	7,802.45	10,604.95
	8,240.70	11,129.67
(B) Deferred tax Liabilities		
Difference between book and tax depreciation	1,148.31	1,312.93
	1,148.31	1,312.93
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	7,092.39	9,816.73

# 48. Undisclosed Transactions

As stated & confirmed by the Board of Directors, the Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961

# 49. Benami Transactions

As stated & confirmed by the Board of Directors, The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.

# 50. Loan or Investment to Ultimate Beneficiaries

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors ,The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or enties identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- ii. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

### NOTES FORMING PART OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 51. Loan or Investment from Ultimate Beneficiaries

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors ,The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

### 52. Willful Defaulter

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors, the company has not been declared willful defaulter by the bank during the year under review.

# 53. Transactions with Struck off Companies

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors ,The company has not under taken any transactions nor has outstanding balance with the company Struck Off either under section 248 of the Act or under Section 560 of Companies act 1956.

# 54. Satisfaction of Charge

As informed by the Management there are no charges which are yet to be registered or yet to be satisfied with Registrar of Companies beyond statutory period. However, while caring out search on MCA portal, following charges are yet to be satisfied beyond the statutory period, details of which are as under:

SR. NO.	SRN	CHARGE ID	CHARGE HOLDER NAME	DATE OF CREATION	DATE OF MODIFICATI ON	DATE OF SATISFA CTION	AMOUNT (Rs. In Lakhs)	ADDRESS
1	A64155450	10162596	BANK OF MAHARASTRA	27-04-2009	-	-	3694.00	LOKMANGAL1501, SHIVAJI NAGAR PUNE MH411005
2	A11270873	10038852	Industrial Development bank of India Limited	14-02-2007	-	-	2500.00	IDBI Complex, Near Lal Bunglow, Off C G Road, Ahmedabad 380006
3	A05581061	1002244 5	IDBI TRUSTEESHIP SERVICES LIMITED	20-10-2006	-	-	10,000.00	Asian Bldg., Ground Floor, 17, R.Kamani Marg, Ballard Estate, MUMBAI- 400001
4	Y10439353	9031627 4	THE LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATI ON OF INDIA	13-02-2004	29-09-2005	-	1000.00	YOGAKSHEMA JEEVAN BIMA MARG MUMBAI
5	Y10194920	9010522 8	BANK OF MAHARASHT RA	29-03-2003	29-07-2004	-	1500.00	BHADRA BRANCH LAL- DARWAJA AHMEDABAD
6	Y10194854	9010516 2	UNION BANK OF INDIA	11-05-2002	29-07-2004	-	500.00	INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BRANCH AHMEDABAD
7	Y10194734	9010504 2	UNION BANK OF INDIA	16-01-2001	29-07-2004	-	500.00	INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BRANCH AHMEDABAD
8	Y10196071	9010637 9	IDBI BANK LTD.	30-10-1999	-	-	1250.00	SARAF HOUSE; M.I.ROAD JAIPUR 302001
9	Y10193726	9010403 4	IDBI BANK LTD	27-07-1999	-	-	850.00	JAIPUR
10	Y10195968	9010627 6	STATE BANK OF INDIA	27-03-1998	07-12-2005	-	250.00	COMMERCIAL BRANCH PARAMSIDDHI COMPLEX. OPP. V.S. HOSPITAL; ELLISBRIG AHMEDABAD
11	Y10194375	9010468 3	UTI BANK LTD	31-03-1997	1	1	750.00	ASHRAM ROAD BRANCH AHMEDABAD380006
12	Y10195921	9010622 9	UNION BANK OF INDIA	12-02-1997	-	-	990.00	INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BRANCH; ASHRAM ROAD C.U. SHAH CHAMBERS AHMEDABAD
13	Y10438780	9031 <i>5</i> 70 1	GUJARAT INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT CORPORATI ON LTD.	1 <i>7-</i> 08-1996	21-11-1996	-	220.00	UDYOG BHAVAN BLOCK1 1 GANDHINAGAR
14	Y10195890	9010619	UNION	15-12-1995	28-09-2005	-	3200.00	INDUSTRIAL FINANCE

		8	BANK OF INDIA					BRANCH; ASHRAM ROAD AHMEDABAD380006
15	Y10195882	9010619 0	STATE BANK OF INDIA	28-08-1995	-	-	600.00	COMMERCIAL BRANCH PARAMSIDDHI AHMEDABAD
16	Y10194277	9010458 5	GUJARAT INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT CORP. LTD	09-12-1994	-	-	150.00	CHUNIBHAI CHAMBER ; ASHRAM ROAD AHMEDABAD

### 55. Crypto Currency

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency.

#### 56. Compliance with number of layers of companies:

As informed and confirmed by the Board of Directors, the Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

### 57. Compliance with Scheme of Arrangement

The Company has not applied for any scheme of Arrangements under sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act 2013.

- 58. As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors, The company has not been sanctioned any term loan during the year not there is outstanding term loans as at 31st March 2022.
- 59. As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors, the Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment during the year under review.
- **60.** As stated & confirmed by the board of Directors, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year under review.
- **61.** As stated & Confirmed by the board of Directors, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits from a bank on the basis of security of the current assets.

# Signatures to Notes - 1 to 61

Notes referred to herein above form an integral part of the Financial Statements. As per our report of even date attached

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Chartered Accountants Shah Alloys Limited,

(Firm Regn.No.107525W) Sd/- Sd/-

UDIN: 22036791AJUXSH6016 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma]

Sd/- Chairman Whole-Time Director & CFO

CA Sanjay Majmudar DIN: 00020904 DIN: 00038360

Partner

M. No.: 036791 Sd/- Sd/-

Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra

PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director Company Secretary

DATE: 28<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 DIN: 09482143

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

TO,
THE MEMBERS OF
SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED

# Report on the Audit of the Consolidated IND AS Financial Statements

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated IND AS financial statements of **SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") and its Associate (together referred to as 'the group') which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year than ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for *Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the holding Company as at March 31, 2022 and its Profits, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

- 1. For the Year ending on 31st March, 2022, the holding company has continued its practice of not making any provision of interest on loans from banks (excluding on the settlement entered with ARCs for specific loans which are assigned to them). Had the holding company made the provision of interest on loans from banks for the year ended on 31st March, 2022, the consolidated profit for the year would have been lower by Rs 146.61 lakhs and current liabilities would have been higher to that extent. (Refer Note No. 33 of Consolidated Financial Statements).
- 2. The holding Company has not assessed the impact of Effective Interest Method to the finance cost as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments and hence, the effect of the same, if any, on the financial results is not identifiable therefore, we are unable to comment upon its impact on the Consolidated Financial results for the year ended March 31, 2022. (Refer Note No. 43 of Consolidated Financial Statements)
- 3. The holding Company has not evaluated the provisioning requirement of a loss allowance on its financial assets so as to give impact of impairment if any as per the expected credit loss method as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments' and hence, the effect of the same if any on the Consolidated Financial Results is not identifiable therefore. We are unable to comment upon its impact on the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2022. (Refer Note No. 44 of Consolidated Financial Statements)

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the holding Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated IND AS financial statements.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Description of Key audit Matter	Our response and results
Litigations and claims	Our audit procedures, inter alia, included following:
(Refer note 37) to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements)	- Discussed disputed litigation matters with the holding company's management.
The cases are pending with multiple tax authorities like Service tax, Customs, Goods & Service tax and Excise, and there are claims against the holding company which have not been acknowledged as debt by the holding company.	-Evaluated the management's judgment of tax risks, estimates of tax exposures, other claims and contingencies. Past and current experience with the tax authorities and management's correspondence/response including on the claims lodged by customers were used to assess the appropriateness of
In normal course of business, financial exposures may arise from pending proceedings and from claims of the customers not acknowledged as debt by the holding company.	management's best estimate of the most likely outcome of each uncertain contingent liability.
Whether a claim needs to be recognized as liability or disclosed as contingent liability in the consolidated Ind AS	- Critically assessed the entity's assumptions and estimates in respect of claims, included in the contingent liabilities disclosed
financial statements is dependent on a number of significant	in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Also, assessed

assumptions and judgments. The amounts involved are potentially significant and determining the amount, if any, to be recognized or disclosed in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, is inherently subjective.

We have considered Litigations and claims; a Key Audit Matter as it requires significant management judgement, including accounting estimates that involves high estimation uncertainty.

the probability of negative result of litigation and the reliability of estimates of related obligations.

#### Conclusion:

Based on the procedures described above, we did not find any material exceptions to the management's assertions and treatment, presentation & disclosure of the subject matter in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

 Financial statements describes about the Non disclosure of Reportable Segments as required under Indian Accounting Standard — 108 'Operating Segments' by the Associate company As IND AS 108 Operating Segments mandates the disclosure requirements there is no impact on the financial results due to non disclosure. (Refer Note No 61 of notes forming part of Consolidated Ind AS financial statement)

Our opinion is not modified on the above matters.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated IND AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated IND AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated IND AS Financial Statements

The holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the holding Company in accordance with the IND AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the holding Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These Consolidated IND AS Financial Statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated IND AS Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated IND AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated IND AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated IND AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated IND AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated IND AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the holding Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated IND AS financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the consolidated IND AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the holding company has paid remuneration to its directors
  during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with schedule V to the
  Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under section 197 of the Act. The
  Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be
  commented upon by us.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified opinion, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit, of the aforesaid consolidated INDAS Financial Statements.
- b) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion, paragraph above, In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the holding Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The consolidated Balance Sheet, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in Basis of Qualified opinion paragraph In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Group are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the holding Company & its associate covered under the act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the holding Company's & its Associates internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The Consolidated INDAS Financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group (Refer Note No 37 to the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements).
  - (ii) The Group did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the holding Company and its Associate during the year.
  - (iv) (a) The respective management of the Holding company & its associate has represented that, to

the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or associate to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or associate ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The respective management of the Holding company and associate has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Holding Company or associate from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or associate shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures performed by us and that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (v) The Group has not declared and paid any Interim divided nor has proposed any final dividend during the previous year, and hence the question of Compliance and applicability of Section 123 of the Companies Act does not arise.
- 3. With respect to the matters specified in paragraph 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditors' Report ) Order,2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of the Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanation given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Holding Company & associate included in the Consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualification or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For, Parikh & Majmudar Chartered Accountants FRN - 107525W

[CA SANJAY MAJMUDAR]
PARTNER
Membership No. 036791
UDIN: 22036791 AJUVF8431

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 28-05-2022

#### ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of SHAH ALLOYS LIMITED on the Consolidated INDAS financial statement of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of

**M/s Shah Alloys LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") and its associates (the Holding company and its associates together referred to as the Group) as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding company and its associates, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its associate company incorporated in India ,which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### Auditor's' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding company and its associate company as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting and the Guidance Note issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other matter paragraph below, is sufficient is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Holding company and its associate as aforesaid.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its associate which are companies covered under the Act, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company and its associate as aforesaid, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For, Parikh & Majmudar Chartered Accountants FRN - 107525W

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 28-05-2022 [CA SANJAY MAJMUDAR]
PARTNER
Membership No. 036791
UDIN: 22036791 AJUVF8431

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2022

(Amount Rs in Lakhs)

				(Amount Ks in Lakits)	
S. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As At 31.03.2022	As At 31.03.2021	
	ASSETS				
1)	Non-current assets				
a)	Property, Plant and Equipment	2	8193.71	9322.90	
b)	Capital work-in-progress	2	900.50	900.50	
c)	Financial Assets				
(i)	Investments	3	-	-	
(ii)	Trade receivables	4	-	-	
(iii)	Loans			0.00	
(iv)	Other Financial Assets	4A	710.04	507.27	
d)	Deferred tax Assets (net)	5	7092.39	9816.73	
e)	Other non-current assets	6	147.82	478.89	
2)	Current assets				
a)	Inventories	7	11810.14	7068.33	
b)	Financial Assets				
(i)	Trade receivables	8	1373.63	1358.25	
(ii)	Cash and cash equivalents	9	24.46	160.13	
c)	Loans	10	<i>7</i> .61	5.71	
d)	Other Financial assets	10-A	-	6.17	
e)	Other current assets	11	1334.27	840.10	
	TOTAL ASSETS		31594.57	30464.98	
	EQUITY & LIABILITIES :				
	EQUITY:				
a)	Equity Share capital	12	1 <i>979.75</i>	1979.75	
b)	Other Equity	13	<i>75</i> 9.95	-7447.75	
	LIABILITIES :				
1)	Non-Current Liabilities				
(a)	Financial Liabilities				
(i)	Borrowings	14	1294.23	7488.98	
(ii)	Trade payables	15			
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and		-	-	
	small enterprises				
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than		1802,52	1838.13	
	micro enterprises and small enterprises				
(b)	Provisions	16	175.76	161.57	
(c)	Non-current liabilities	1 <i>7</i>	-	-	
(d)	Other non-current liabilities		-	-	
2)	Current liabilities				
(a)	Borrowings	1 <i>7-</i> A	10395.63	10945.13	
(b)	Trade payables	18			
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and		-	-	
	small enterprises				
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than		11593.45	13039.10	
	micro enterprises and small enterprises				
(c)	Other financial liabilities	19	877.89	877.89	
(d)	Other current liabilities	20	2159.10	718.93	
(e)	Provision for Employee Benefits	21	556.29	863.25	
	Total Equity and Liabilities		31594.57	30464.98	

The accompanying Notes 1 to 63 are integral part of these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Parikh & Majmudar	For and on behalf of the Boo	ard of Directors,
Chartered Accountants	Shah Alloys Limited,	
(Firm Regn.No.107525W)	Sd/-	Sd/-
UDIN: 22036791AJUVF8431	[Rajendra V Shah]	[Ashok Sharma]
Sd/-	Chairman	Whole-Time Director & CFO
CA Sanjay Majmudar	DIN: 00020904	DIN: 00038360
Partner		
M. No.: 036791	Sd/-	Sd/-
	Mrinal Sinha	Vinay Mishra
PLACE: Ahmedabad	Whole-Time Director	Company Secretary
DATE: 28th May, 2022	DIN: 09482143	

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

(Amount Rs in Lakhs)

		Note		(Amount Rs in Lakhs)
Sr. No	Particulars	No.	31st March,2022	31st March,2021
I	Revenue from Operations	22	88007.52	50191.98
II	Other Income	23	606.96	2470.68
III	Total Income (I +II)		88614.48	52662.66
IV	Expenses:			
	Cost of Materials Consumed	24	61369.87	32093.40
	Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Stock-in- Trade and Work-in-progress	25	-3469.18	2442.95
	Employee Benefits Expenses	26	2128.34	2019.23
	Finance Costs	27	218.53	162.59
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense		1129.20	1296.70
	Other Expenses	28	16301.79	12018.74
	Total Expenses (IV)		77678.55	50033.61
٧	Profit before tax and Exceptional Item ( III- IV )		10935.93	2629.05
VI	Exceptional Item		-	1618.86
VII	Profit before tax (V+VI)		10935.93	4247.91
VIII	Tax expense :			
	(1) Current Tax		-	-
	(2) Deferred Tax		2725.31	9827.52
	Total Tax Expenses (VIII)		2725.31	9827.52
IX	Profit for the period (VII -VIII)		8210.62	-5579.61
Χ	Other Comprehensive Income			
	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or		2.00	1 / 07
	loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be		3.90	-16.97
	reclassified to profit or loss		-0.98	4.27
	B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Total Other Comprehensive Income (X)		2.92	-12.70
ΧI	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX+X) (Comprising Profit and Other Comprehensive Income for the period) Earnings per equity share (Face Value of Rs 10/-		8207.70	-5566.91
XII	each)			<b>^</b>
	Basic & Diluted	29	41.47	-28.18

The accompanying Notes 1 to 63 are integral part of these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors, **Chartered Accountants** Shah Alloys Limited, (Firm Regn.No.107525W) Sd/-Sd/-UDIN: 22036791AJUVF8431 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma] Sd/-Chairman Whole-Time Director & CFO DIN: 00038360 CA Sanjay Majmudar DIN: 00020904 Partner M. No.: 036791 Sd/-Sd/-Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director Company Secretary DATE: 28th May, 2022 DIN: 09482143

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED $31^{\text{ST}}$ MARCH 2022

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	202	1-22	2020-21		
A	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
	Net Profit before Tax Adjustments for :		10,932.03		4,264.88	
	Depreciation	1,129.20		1,296.70		
	Loss / ( Profit ) on Sale of Assets	-		0.19		
	Interest expenses	218.53		162.59		
	Interest Reversal	-		(1,618.86)		
	Interest Income	(33.86)		(45.52)		
			1,313.87		(204.91)	
			12,245.90		4,059.97	
	Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes Adjustments for:					
	Trade and other receivables	(708.04)		(89.63)		
	Inventories Trade Payable and others ( including non current	(4,741.82)		1,460.86		
	liabilities)	(333.87)		7,785.52		
			(5,783.73)		9,156.76	
	Cash Generated From Operations Direct Taxes Paid		6,462.17		13,216.73	
	Net Cash from Operating Activities before Extra Ordinery Items Extra-ordinery Items		6,462.17		13,216.73	
	Changes in non current assets	331.07		301.56		
	Interest Reversal Provision for diminution in value of long term	-		1,618.86		
	investments	0.00		(0.00)		
	Not Cook from Organities Astistities of the Foton		331.07		1,920.43	
В	Net Cash from Operating Activities after Extra Ordinery Items(A) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		6,793.24		15,137.16	
	Purchase of Fixed assets			0.20		
	Sale of Fixed Assets Interest Income	33.86		0.28 45.52		
			33.86		45.80	
С	Net Cash from Investing Activities(B) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		33.86		45.80	
	Proceeds from Long Term and Short Term Borrowings (Net)	(6,744.24)		(14,883.99)		
	Interest Paid	(218.53)	(6,962.77)	(162.59)	(15,046.58)	
	Net Cash from Financing Activities( C )		(6,962.77)		(15,046.58)	
	Net Increase in Cash and Equivalent.(A+B+C) Cash And Cash Equivalents as at the Beginning of		(135.67)		136.38	
	the year  Cash And Cash Equivalents as at the Close of the		160.13		23.75	
	year		24.46		160.13	

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2022 (CONTD...)

# Note:

As per our Report of even date

The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS-7) Statement of

Cash & Bank balances:	2021-22	2020-21
a) Balance with Banks :		
- In Current accounts	22.94	160.01
- In Deposit accounts	0.10	-
b) Cash on hand	1.42	0.12
	Total 24.46	160.13

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors, **Chartered Accountants** Shah Alloys Limited, (Firm Regn.No.107525W) Sd/-Sd/-UDIN: 22036791AJUVF8431 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma] Whole-Time Director & CFO Sd/-Chairman CA Sanjay Majmudar DIN: 00020904 DIN: 00038360 Partner Sd/-Sd/-M. No.: 036791 Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director **Company Secretary** DATE: 28th May, 2022

DIN: 09482143

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# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A. Equity Share Capital (Amount Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	
Balance as at 1st April 2021	1,979.75
Changes during the year	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,979.75

Other Equity as at 1st April 2020

Particulars	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	600.00	502.61	54,244.06	27.88	(59092.41)	(3,773.62)
Addition During the year	(600.00)	1	1,892.78	(12.70)	600.00	1,905.48
Profit for the year	-	-	-		(5,579.61)	(5,579.61)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	502.61	56,136.84	15.18	(64,072.02)	(7,447.75)

Other Equity as at 1st April 2021

Particulars	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	-	502.61	56,136.84	15.18	(64,072.02)	(7,447.75)
Addition/ Deduction During the year	-		-	2.92	-	(2.92)
Profit for the year	-		-		8,210.62	8,210.62
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	502.61	56,136.84	18.10	(55,861.41)	759.95

The accompanying Notes 1 to 63 are integral part of these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Chartered Accountants Shah Alloys Limited,

(Firm Regn.No.107525W) Sd/- Sd/-

UDIN: 22036791AJUVF8431 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma]

Sd/- Chairman Whole-Time Director & CFO

CA Sanjay Majmudar DIN: 00020904 DIN: 00038360

Partner

M. No.: 036791 Sd/- Sd/-

Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra

PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director Company Secretary

DATE: 28th May, 2022 DIN: 09482143

### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### Note No. - 1

### 1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Shah Alloys Limited (Holding Company) having CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698 is a Public Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its shares are listed on National Stock Exchange and Bombay Stock Exchange. The holding company is engaged in manufacturing and sale of Wide range of Stainless Steel, Alloys & Special Steel , Carbon / Mild Steel in Flat and Long products. The holding Company presently has manufacturing facilities at Santej, District: Gandhinagar (Gujarat)

### 1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

These consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The holding Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the holding Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Ind AS 1 – 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied consistently to all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in lakhs ('INR Rs in lakhs). Where changes are made in presentation, the comparative figures of the previous year are regrouped and re-arranged accordingly.

# 1.3 <u>USE OF ESTIMATES</u>

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting year end. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

All the Indian Accounting Standards issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs Under The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) till the consolidated financial Statements are authorized have been considered in preparing these consolidated financial statements.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 has notified certain amendments to existing Ind ASs.

They shall come into force on April 1, 2022 and therefore, the holding company shall apply the same with effect from that date.

### (a) Amendments:

Several Indian Accounting Standards have been amended on various issues with effect from April 1, 2022.

The following amendments are relevant to the holding Company:

Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"- The cost of fulfilling a contract includes not only incremental costs but also other allocable costs that relate directly to fulfilling the contract.

The above amendment and clarifications below are not expected to have any material effect on the holding Company's consolidated financial statements.

### (b) Clarifications (Effective retrospectively):

Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" - Net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognised in the profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of Property, plant, and equipment.

None of these amendments have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

# SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The holding Company has applied following accounting policies to all periods presented in the consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement.

### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1.4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

- i) Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at original cost (net of tax/duty credit availed) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes cost of acquisition, construction and installation, taxes, duties, freight, other incidental expenses related to the acquisition, and pre-operative expenses including attributable borrowing costs incurred during pre-operational period.
- ii) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the holding company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
- iii) Assets which are not ready for their intended use on reporting date are carried as capital work-in-progress at cost, comprising direct cost and related incidental expenses.
- iv) Property, Plant and Equipment are depreciated and/or amortized on as per the Straight line method on the basis of their useful lives as notified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.
- v) Depreciation in respect of additions to assets has been charged on pro rata basis with reference to the period when the assets are ready for use.
- vi) An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately on discontinuation to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in Profit/Loss on Sale and Discard of Fixed Assets.
- vii) Useful lives of the Property, Plant and Equipment as notified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 are as follows:
  - Buildings 30 to 60 years
  - Plant and Equipments 15 to 25 years
  - Furniture and Fixtures 10 years
  - Vehicles 8 to 10 years
  - Office Equipments 5 years
  - Computers 3 years
- viii) At each balance sheet date, the holding Company reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. The recoverable amount is higher of the net selling price and the value in use, determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset to their present value.
- ix) Cost is reduced by accumulated depreciation and impairment and amount representing assets discarded or held for disposal.

# 1.5 **INTANGIBLE ASSETS:**

- Intangible assets acquired by payment e.g. Computer Software are disclosed at cost less amortization on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.
- ii) Intangible assets are carried at cost, net of accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any.
- iii) Intangible assets are amortized on straight-line method as follows:
  - Computer Software 5 years
- iv) At each balance sheet date, the holding Company reviews the carrying amount of intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. The recoverable amount is higher of the net selling price and the value in use, determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset to their present value.

# 1.6 REVENUE RECOGNITION

- Revenue comprises of all economic benefits that arise in the ordinary course of activities of the holding Company which result in increase in Equity, other than increases relating to contributions from equity participants. Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the holding Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.
- ii) Sale of Goods: Revenue from sales of goods is recognized on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the customers. Revenue shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss excludes, returns, trade discounts, cash discounts, Goods and Service tax.
- iii) Services: Revenue from Services are recognized as and when the services are rendered.
- iv) Interest: Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.
- v) Export Benefits are accounted on accrual basis.

### 1.7 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

- Short-term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.
- ii) Post-Employment and Retirement benefits in the form of Gratuity are considered as defined benefit obligations and is provided for on the basis of third party actuarial valuation, using the projected unit credit method, as at the date of the Balance Sheet. Every Employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity on terms not less favorable than the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.
- iii) The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund is considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions to Employees' Provident Fund Organization established under The Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952 is charged to the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. The holding Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The holding Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

### 1.8 VALUATION OF INVENTORIES

- The cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The costs of Raw Materials, Stores and spare parts etc., consumed consist of purchase price including duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the taxing authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure directly attributable to the procurement.
- ii) Stock of Raw Materials are valued at cost and of those in transit and at port related to these items are valued at cost to date. Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred up to the date of balance sheet. Material and supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down if the finished products in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost.
- iii) Stock of Stores and spare parts, Packing Material, Power & Fuel and Folders are valued at cost; and of those in transits and at port related to these items are valued at cost.
- iv) Goods-in-process is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.
- v) Stock of Finished goods is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.
- vi) Stock-in-trade is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.

# 1.9 CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a noncash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flow from regular revenue generating, financing and investing activities of the holding Company is segregated.

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank, Cash / Cheques in hand and short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

### 1.10 FINANCIAL ASSETS:

- The holding Company classifies its financial assets as those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and those to be measured at amortized cost.
- ii) Trade receivables represent receivables for goods sold by the holding Company up to the end of the financial year. The amounts are generally unsecured and are usually received as per the terms of payment agreed with the customers. The amounts are presented as current assets where receivable is due within 12 months from the reporting date.
- Trade receivables are impaired using the lifetime expected credit loss model under simplified approach. The holding Company uses a matrix to determine the impairment loss allowance based on its historically observed default rates over expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the impairment loss allowance is determined and updated and the same is deducted from Trade Receivables with corresponding charge/credit to Profit and Loss.
- iv) A financial asset is derecognized only when the holding Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset, or when it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or when it has transferred the control of the asset.

### 1.11 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:

- Borrowings are removed from balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.
- ii) Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the holding company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.
- iii) Trade Payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the holding Company up to the end of the financial year. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid as per the terms of payment agreed with the vendors. The amounts are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially and subsequently measured at amortized cost.
- iv) Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# 1.12 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT:

- Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the holding Company.
- ii) The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.
- iii) A fair value measurement of a non- financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.
- iv) The holding Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.
- v) The assets and liabilities which has been measured at fair value is Derivatives

### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1.13 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS:

- i) Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing exchange rate. Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the holding Company's monetary items at the closing rate are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.
- ii) Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value is determined.

# 1.14 BORROWING COSTS:

- i) Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.
- ii) General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that takes necessarily substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.
- iii) All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 1.15 ACCOUNTING FOR TAXES ON INCOME:

- i) Tax expenses comprise of current tax and deferred tax including applicable surcharge and cess.
- ii) Current Income tax is computed using the tax effect accounting method, where taxes are accrued in the same period in which the related revenue and expenses arise. A provision is made for income tax annually, based on the tax liability computed, after considering tax allowances and exemptions. Provisions are recorded when it is estimated that a liability due to disallowances or other matters is probable.
- Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences; the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.
- iv) The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it is become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.
- v) Deferred tax is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income. As such, deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income.
- vi) Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws.

# 1.16 PROVISIONS, CONTINGENTLIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS:

- Provisions are made when (a) the holding Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; (b) it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and (c) a reliable estimate is made of the amount of the obligation.
- ii) Contingent liabilities are not provided for but are disclosed by way of Notes on Accounts. Contingent liabilities is disclosed in case of a present obligation from past events (a) when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;(b)when no reliable estimate is possible;(c)unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.
- iii) Contingent assets are not accounted but disclosed by way of Notes on Accounts where the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

# 1.17 CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION:

- The Normal Operating Cycle for the holding Company has been assumed to be of twelve months for classification of its various assets and liabilities into "Current" and "Non-Current".
- ii) The holding Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current and non-current classification.
- iii) An asset is current when it is (a) expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; (b) held primarily for the purpose of trading; (c) expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; (d) Cash and cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.
- iv) An liability is current when (a) it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; (c) it is due to be discharged within twelve months after the reporting period; (d) there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1.18 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

- A related party is a person or entity that is related to the reporting entity preparing its consolidated financial statements
  - (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to reporting entity if that person;
    - (i) Has control or joint control of the reporting entity;
    - (ii) Has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
    - (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
  - An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies;
    - (i) the entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
    - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
    - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
    - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
    - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity;
    - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
    - (vii) A person identified in (a)
      - (i) Has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity(or of a parent of the entity);
    - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.
      - (ii) A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

Compensation includes all employee benefits i.e. all forms of consideration paid, payable or provided by the entity, or on behalf of the entity, in exchange for services rendered to the entity. It also includes such consideration paid on behalf of a parent of the entity in respect of the entity.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity.

(iii) Disclosure of related party transactions as required by the accounting standard is furnished in the Notes on consolidated Financial Statements.

# 1.19 EARNINGS PER SHARE:

- Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.
- ii) For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

## 1.20 **LEASE**

The holding Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The holding Company uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate. The holding Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the holding Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the holding Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the holding Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to terminate a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the holding Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The holding Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

# 1.21 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ASSUMPTIONS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINITY

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

### a) Judgements

In the process of applying the holding Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

#### (i) Determination of Functional Currency

Currency of the primary economic environment in which the holding Company operates ("the functional currency") is Indian Rupee (Rs) in which the holding company primarily generates and expends cash. Accordingly, the Management has assessed its functional currency to be Indian Rupee (Rs).

# (ii) Evaluation of Indicators for Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of external factors (significant decline asset's value, significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment, market interest rates etc.) and internal factors (obsolescence or physical damage of an asset, poor economic performance of the asset etc.) which could result in significant change in recoverable amount of the Property, Plant and Equipment.

### b) Assumptions and Estimation Uncertainties

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### (i) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The holding Company has carried forward loss on which deferred tax asset is created, based on probability that future profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be realized.

### (ii) Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment/Intangible Assets

Property, Plant and Equipment/ Intangible Assets are depreciated/amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. The useful lives and residual values are based on the holding Company's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes or commercial obsolescence. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The depreciation/amortisation for future periods is revised, if there are significant changes from previous estimates and accordingly, the unamortised/depreciable amount is charged over the remaining useful life of the assets.

#### (iii) Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, Contingent Liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the holding company. Potential liabilities that are possible but not probable of crystallising or are very difficult to quantify reliably are treated as contingent liabilities. Such liabilities are disclosed in the Notes but are not recognised. Potential liabilities that are remote are neither recognised nor disclosed as contingent liability. The management decides whether the matters need to be classified as 'remote', 'possible' or 'probable' based on expert advice, past judgements, experiences etc.

### (iv) Evaluation of Indicators for Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of external factors (significant decline in asset's value, economic or legal environment, market interest rates etc.) and internal factors (obsolescence or physical damage of an asset, poor economic performance of the idle assets etc.) which could result in significant change in recoverable amount of the Property, Plant and Equipment and such assessment is based on estimates, future plans as envisaged by the Group.

### (v) Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

# NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note No -2 Property, Plant and Equipments

(Amount Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Freehol d Land	Factory Building	Office Building	Plant and Machinery	Lab Equipm ents	Vehicles	Office Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	TOTAL
Cost of Assets					01110				
As at 1st April 2020	689.99	2,276.72	326.92	51,672.69	49.1 <i>7</i>	306.10	210.23	197.24	55,729.05
Addition	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-9.26	0.00	0.00	-9.26
As at 31st March 2021	689.99	2,276.72	326.92	51,672.69	49.1 <i>7</i>	296.84	210.23	197.24	55,719.79
Addition	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
As at 31st March 2022	689.99	2,276.72	326.92	51,672.69	49.1 <i>7</i>	296.84	210.23	197.24	55,719.79
<u>Depreciation</u>									
As at 1st April 2020	0.00	1283.27	64.20	43036.93	46.71	290.79	199.72	187.38	45,108.98
Charge for the year									
2021	0.00	64.00	5.16	1227.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,296.70
Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-8.80	0.00	0.00	-8.80
As at 31st March 2021	0.00	1347.26	69.36	44264.48	46.71	281.99	199.72	187.38	46,396.89
Charge for the year									
2022	0.00	63.68	5.16	1060.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,129.20
Disposal / Adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
As at 31st March 2022	0.00	1,410.95	74.52	45,324.83	46.71	281.99	199.72	187.38	47,526.09
Net Block									
As at 31st March 2021	689.99	929.46	257.56	7,408.21	2.46	14.85	10.51	9.86	9,322.90
As at 31st March 2022	689.99	865.77	252.40	6,347.86	2.46	14.85	10.51	9.86	8,193.71

Details of Capital Work-in-progress (CWIP)

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Delails of Capital Work-III-progres	Amount in CWIP for a period of								
Particulars		Total							
ramiculars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	I OTAI				
As at 31 March 2022									
Projects in progress	-	-	-	900.50	900.50				
Projects temporarily suspended									
As at 31 March 2021									
Projects in progress	-	-	-	900.50	900.50				
Projects temporarily suspended									

### Notes:

1) Cost of Fixed Assets and pre-operative expenses, being technical matter, are capitalized or allocated to Capital work in progress on the basis of data certified by technical person & the Management.

2) Borrowing cost includes interest and other bank charges to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs which are directly related to the acquisition & construction of a qualifying asset.

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 3	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	
Investments	01.00.2022	01.00.2021	
Trade Investments- At FVTPL			
Quoted			
Investment in Equity instruments of Associate Company	3994.96	3994.96	
3,02,56,989 Equity shares of Face value Rs $10/$ - each in SAL Steel Limited (P.Y: $3,02,56,989$ Equity shares)			
Less : Provision for Diminution in value of Investment	984.39	3060.02	
TOTAL	3010.57	934.94	
Less : Share of Loss of Associte	3010.57	934.94	
TOTAL	0.00	0.00	

Aggregate amount of Quoted Investment and Market Value Rs 3010.57 Lakhs as at 31st March 2022 (P.Y. Rs 934.94 Lakhs)

# NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 4	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Trade Receivables :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Non-current Trade Receivable		
Unsecured,considered good	-	- 1
Unsecured,considered doubtful	20.49	20.82
	20.49	20.82
Less : Provision for doubtful debts	20.49	20.82
	-	-

(Amount Rs in Laks)

	NOT	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT					
Particulars F Y 2021-22	DUE	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) Undisputed							
Trade Receivables - Considered Good (ii) Undisputed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables -credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables Considered Good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	20.49	20.49
Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total	-	-	-	-	-	20.49	20.49
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade receivable -Billed	-	-	-	-	-	20.49	20.49
GRAND TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(Amout Rs. In Lakhs)

(Amourks: in take							
		OUTSTANDIN	IG FOR FOLLOW	ING PERIO	DDS FROM	DUE DATE OF	
Particulars F Y 2020-21	NOT		P/	YMENT			TOTAL
ramiculars F 1 2020-21	DUE	LESS THAN 6	6 MONTHS	1-2	2-3	MORE THAN 3	IOIAL
		MONTHS	TO 1 YEAR	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	
(i) Undisputed							
Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed							
Trade Receivables - Which have							
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed							
Trade Receivables -credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables							
Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	20.82	20.82
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables							
Which have significant increase in credit							
risk	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables							
credit impaired	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
Sub Total	-	-	-	-	-	20.82	20.82
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade						20.82	20.82
receivable -Billed	_	-	•	-	-	20.62	20.62
GRAND TOTAL	-	-	•	-	-	-	-

(Amout Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 4A Other Financial Assets	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Security Deposit		
Unsecured, Considered Good	710.04	507.27
TOTAL	710.04	507.27

# NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amount Rs In Lakhs)

	<u> </u>	
NOTE NO : 5 Deferred tax Assets (Net)	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	7092.39	9816.74
TOTAL	7092.39	9816.74
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		
Unabsorbed Depreciation and Business Loss	7802.45	10604.95
On account of disallowances under the Income tax act, 1961	438.25	524.72
Gross deferred tax asset (A)	8240.70	11129.67
Deferred tax liabilities		
Fixed Asset: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation charged for the financial reporting	1148.31	1312.93
Gross deferred tax liability (B)	1148.31	1312.93
Net Deferred tax (A-B)	7092.39	9816.74

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 6	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other non-current assets :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured,Considered Good		
(a) Loans & Advance Recoverable in cash or in kind	77.48	77.48
(b) Advances to Supplier	11.45	9.46
(c) Advance Income Tax , TDS & TCS	46.69	25.06
(d) Balance with Govt. Authorities	12.20	366.89
TOTAL	147.82	478.89

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 7		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Inventories:		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
(Inventories are taken, valued and certified by the management)			
(a) Raw Materials		2112.09	1629.01
(b) Work in progress		5018.92	2420.16
(c) Finished goods		3279.15	2408.73
(d) Stores and spares		1399.98	610.43
	TOTAL	11810.14	7068.33

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 8 Trade Receivables :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured, considered good	1373.63	1358.25
Doubtful	-	-
	1373.63	1358.25
Less : Provision for Doubtful trade Receivables.	-	-
	1373.63	1358.25

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars F Y 2021-22	NOT	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT					TOTAL
1 dilicoldis F 1 2021-22	DUE	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	IOIAL
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good (ii) Undisputed	650.03	690.19	33.41	-	-	-	1373.63
Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables -credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	650.03	690.19	33.41	-	-	-	1373.63

# NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Particulars F Y 2020-21	NOT	OUTSTANDIN	DUE DATE OF	TOTAL			
ramiculais F 1 2020-21	DUE	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	IOIAL
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good (ii) Undisputed	385.61	971.13	1.21	-	-	-	1358.25
Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk (iii) Undisputed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables -credit impaired (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Considered Good (v) Disputed Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables credit impaired	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	385.61	971.13	1.21	-	-	-	1358.25

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 9	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Cash and cash equivalents	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
(a) Balances with Scheduled Banks		
On current Account	22.94	160.01
(b) Short Term Deposit with Scheduled Banks	0.10	-
(c) Cash on hand	1.42	0.12
TOTAL	24.46	160.13

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 10 Loans	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Loans & Advance Recoverable in cash or in kind	7.61	5.71
TOTAL	7.61	5.71

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

		(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
NOTE NO : 10 A Other Financial assets :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Security Deposit	-	6.17
TOTAL	-	6.17

(Amount Rs. In Lakh)

NOTE NO: 11	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other current assets:	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured,Considered Good		
Balance with government authorities	926.04	464.17
Advance to Suppliers	406.60	374.89
Prepaid Expenses	1.63	1.04
TOTAL	1334.27	840.10

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 12 Share Capital : 31.03.2022	2021
Julia Capital :	2021
Authorised:	
3,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	
3500 00 1	00.00
(Previous year : 3,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each)	
3500.00 350	00.00
Issued & Subscribed and Paid up:	
1,97,97,540 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up (Previous year :	
	79.75
1,97,97,540 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up)	0
TOTAL 1979.75 193	79.75

# NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Reconciliation of Number of Shares:	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
Equity Shares:	Number of shares	Amount (Rs In Lakhs)	Number of shares	Amount (Rs In Lakhs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,97,97,540	1979.75	1,97,97,540	1979.75
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	1 97 97 540	1979.75	1 97 97 540	1979.75

# b) Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to shares Equity Shares

The holding company has one class of equity share having a par value of Rs 10 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual general meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the case of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the holding company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

c) Details of Shares held by Shareholders holding more than  $5\%\,$  in the holding Company

	As at Marc	:h 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Name of the Shareholder	No of shares	% of Shares	No of shares	% of Shares
	held	held	held	held
Mr. Rajendra V. Shah #	94 44 364	47.71%	94 44 364	47.71%
Mrs. Ragini R. Shah	11 46 006	5.79%	11 46 006	5.79%

# including 7.74 % shares held as Karta of HUF

(d) Shareholding of Promoters

Name of Promoters	31/3/2022		31/3/	/2021	% change during the year	% change during the year	
Name or Fromoters	No of shares	% of total shares	No of shares	% of total shares	No of shares	% of total shares	
RAJENDRABHAI V SHAH (HUF)	1531960	7.74	1531960	7.74	-	-	
RAGINI RAJENDRABHAI SHAH	1146006	5.79	1146006	5.79	-	-	
SHAH JAYESHKUMAR VIJAYKUMAR	21000	0.11	28681	0.11	-7681	-	
RAJENDRABHAI V SHAH	7912404	39.97	7912404	39.97	-	-	
ASHVIN V SHAH	32940	0.17	21940	0.14	11000	0.03	
Total	10644310	53.77	10640991	53.74			

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 13		_	·	ount Ks. In Lakns)	
Other Equity:	31.03.202	22	31.03.2021		
Securities Premium Account					
Opening Balance	502.61		502.61		
Add : Addition during the year	-		-		
		502.61		502.61	
Capital Reserve					
Opening Balance	56136.84		54244.06		
Add : Addition during the year	-		1892.78		
		56136.84		56136.84	
Debenture Redemption Reserve:					
Opening Balance	-		600.00		
Less : Transfer to Retained Earnings	-	-	-600.00	-	
Retained Earnings					
Balance Brought Forward From Previous	-64072.02		-59092.41		
Year	-040/ 2.02		-57072.41		
Add : Transfer From Debenture			600.00		
Redemption Reserve	-				
	-64072.02		-58492.41		
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	8210.62	-55861.40	-5579.61	-64072.02	
Other Comprehensive					
Income/(Expenses)					
Re-measurement of the defined benefit					
plans					
Opening Balance	15.18		27.88		
Add: Addition during the year	2.92		-12.70		
Closing Balance		18.10		15.18	
TOTAL		759.95		-7447.75	

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Purpose of Reserve**

Security Premium: Securities premium is used to record premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**Retained Earnings**: Retained Earnings are the profits and gains that the holding Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

Capital Reserve: The holding Company recognises profit and loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the holding Company's own equity instruments to capital reserve.

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 14	31.03.2022		21.02	2021
Borrowings:	31.03.2022		31.03.2021	
(A) SECURED:				
Term Loans				
a) From Banks	0.00		0.00	
b) From Financial Institutions	926.50	926.50	7121.25	7121.25
(B) UNSECURED:				
Loans & Advances from related parties				
- From Director		367.73		367.73
TOTAL		1294.23		7488.98

### (A) SECURED:

### Term Loan from Bank / Financial Institution:

First Mortgage and charge on the holding company's all immovable and movable properties (other then working capital assets), both present and future, ranking pari-passu with all term lenders.(except Punjab National Bank's Corporate loan which has exclusive charge on 26,00,000 shares of Shah Alloys Limited. Thus First charge on fixed assets is not extended to Punjab national bank over the Corporate loan) Second charges on WC assets of the holding company. Pledge of promoter's entire shareholding ranking pari passu with all CDR lenders except for 26,00,000 shares on which Punjab national bank has exclusive charge. Unconditional and irrevocable personal guarantee of the promoter-director Shri Rajendra Shah.

#### a) Terms of repayment for term loans are as set out below:

Particulars / Financial Year	2022-23	2023-24
Term Loans from Financial Institution	6194.75	926.50
Total	6194.75	926.50

<sup>(\*)</sup> Refer Note No 33 of Notes forming part of consolidated Financial Statements

### (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 15 Trade Payable	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises  Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1802.52	- 1838.13
	1802.52	1838.13

(Refer Note No.18a of Notes forming part of consolidated financial Statement)

		OUTSTAND				
Particulars F Y 2021-22	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) OTHERS	-	-	222.39	13.38	1,566.75	1,802.52
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-		-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	-	-	222.39	13.38	1,566.75	1,802.52

		OUTSTANI				
Particulars F Y 2020-21	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) OTHERS	-	-	68.52	16.90	1,752.71	1,838.13
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	-	-	68.52	16.90	1,752.71	1,838.13

### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Amount Rs In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 16 Long term provisions :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Provision for Gratutiy	175.76	161.57
TOTAL	175.76	161.57

### (Amount Rs In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 17 Non-current liabilities :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other Liabilities	-	
TOTAL	-	-

## (Amount Rs In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 17-A	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Borrowings	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured		
Inter Corporate Deposits	2555.00	1500.00
Current maturities of long-term debt	6194.75	<i>7</i> 799.25
Other Payables to Bank	1645.88	1645.88
TOTAL	10395.63	10945.13

### (Amount Rs In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 18	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Trade Payable	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	11593.45	13039.10
	11593.45	13039.10

(Refer Note No.18a of Notes forming part of Consolidated financial Statement)

		OUTSTANDING	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT				
Particulars F Y 2021-22	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) OTHERS	4,893.82	6,699.63	-	-	-	11,593.45	
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
GRAND TOTAL	4,893.82	6,699.63	-	-	-	11,593.45	

		OUTSTANDING	OUTSTANDING FOR FOLLOWING PERIODS FROM DUE DATE OF PAYMENT				
Particulars F Y 2020-21	NOT DUE	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) OTHERS	3,236.69	9,802.41	-	-	-	13,039.10	
(iii) Disputed Dues -MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
GRAND TOTAL	3,236.69	9,802.41	-	-	1	13,039.10	

### (Amount Rs In Lakhs)

Note No. :18a Trade Payables - Total outstanding dues of Micro & Small Enterprises*	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
a) The Principal amount and Interest due there on remaining unpaid as at year end: Principal	-	-
b) Interest paid by the company in terms of section 16 of Micro, Small and	-	-
Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.		
c) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without	-	-
adding the interest specified under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006		
d) Interest accrued and remain unpaid as at year end	-	-
e) Further Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small	-	-
enterprises		

# NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

\*Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the holding Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the

intimation received from them on requests made by the holding Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the year or on balance brought forward from previous year.

### (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 19	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other financial liabilities :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	877.89	877.89
TOTAL	877.89	877.89

### (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 20	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other Current Liabilites :	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Advance from customers	25.01	465.11
Duties and taxes	859.63	253.82
Credit baalance in current account with Schedule banks (Book over draft)	1274.46	0.00
TOTAL	2159.10	718.93

### (Amount Rs in Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 21	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Provision for Employee Benefits	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Gratuity	57.53	48.33
Others	498.76	814.92
TOTA	556.29	863.25

### (Amount Rs in Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 22	01.00	0000		00 0001
Revenue from operations	31.03.2022		31	.03.2021
I. Sale of Products				
Direct Export Turnover	1344.47		1048.53	
Domestic Turnover	86638.12	87982.59	49115.75	50164.28
II. Sale of service				
-Job work Income (TDS Rs Nil PY Rs 0.02 Lakhs )		-		1.46
III. Other Operating Revenues				
Export Incentives- Duty Draw Back		24.93		26.24
Total Revenue from operations		88007.52		50191.98

#### (Amount Rs in Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 23 Other Income:	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other income :		
Interest Income (TDS Rs 3.38 Lakhs P Y Rs 3.41 Lakhs)	33.86	45.52
Foreign exchange fluctuation Gain (Net)	26.01	132.02
Sundry balances written back (Net)	18.33	43.79
Electricity Refund	528.76	2249.35
TOTA	AL 606.96	2470.68

# (Amount Rs in Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 24 Cost of Materials Consumed:	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Opening Stock of Raw Material	1629.01	757.15
Add : Purchases	61852.95	32965.26
	63481.96	33722.41
Less : Closing Stock of Raw Material	2112.09	1629.01
TOTA	AL 61369.87	32093.40

### (Amount Rs In Lakhs)

			(7111100	m ko m <b>za</b> kno,
NOTE NO: 25				
Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Stock-in-	31.03.20	22	31.03.20	21
Trade and Work-in-progress				
Opening Stock				
Finished Goods	2408.73		4952.28	
Stock-in-Progress	2420.16	4828.89	2319.56	7271.84
Less : Closing Stock				
Finished Goods	3279.15		2408.73	
Stock-in-Progress	5018.92	8298.07	2420.16	4828.89
Increase/(Decrease) in Stock of Finished Goods & Stock-in-Progress		-3469.18		2442.95

# NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 26		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Employee benefits expenses		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Salary & Bonus		1989.69	1909.07
Contribution to Provident Fund etc.		68.22	60.39
Staff welfare expenses		70.43	49.77
	TOTAL	2128.34	2019.23

### (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO: 27 Finance Costs		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Interest to Others		218.53	162.59
	TOTAL	218.53	162.59

# (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

NOTE NO : 28				ount Ks. In Lakns)
Other Expenses	31.03	31.03.2022		3.2021
Stores & Spares Consumed :				
Opening Stock	610.43		500.20	
Add : Purchases	7659.79		5666.35	
	8270.22		6166.55	
Less: Closing Stock	1399.98	6870.24	610.43	5556.12
Power & fuel		7296.96		4544.26
Factory Labour expense		1294.47		1025.66
Factory Expenses		100.01		47.22
Repairs & Maintenance :				
Machinery	239.83		164.09	
Building	2.73		12.19	
Others	0.76	243.32	0.72	1 <i>77</i> .00
Selling costs		23.28		38.01
Packing Cost		1.88		4.90
Freight outward expenses		191.69		351.92
Travelling, Conveyance and Vehicle Expenses		25.23		24.33
Legal, Consultancy and Professional Fees		94.75		102.33
Miscellaneous expenses		33.04		35.91
Advertisement, Stationery and Communication		21.71		1 <i>7</i> .09
Payment to Auditors #		10.00		8.00
Rent		0.00		9.60
Rates and Taxes		35.90		31.59
Insurance		22.07		20.86
Bank Charges		2.39		3.12
Donation		2.00		0.00
CSR expenses		32.85		0.00
Impairment Loss recognized / (reversed) under	• [			
ExpectedCredit Loss Model in respect of Trade		-		20.82
Receivables				
TOTAL		16301.79		12018.74

Payment to Auditors #	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
As auditors - Statutory audit	10.00	8.00
For other Services	-	-
TOTAL	10.00	8.00

# (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

		(7 till • • ill its ill = • its )
NOTE NO : 29 Earning Per Share	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Basic/Diluted Earnings per Share		
Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year ( Lakhs)	197.98	197.98
Number of Equity Shares alloted during the year ( Lakhs)	-	-
Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year (Lakhs)	197.98	197.98
Weighted average number of equity shares		
Profit for the year (after tax,available for equity shareholders)	8210.62	-5 <i>57</i> 9.61
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share in Rs.	41.47	-28.18

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 30. SEGMENT REPORTING:

The holding company s operation falls under single segment namely "IRON & STEEL" and hence segment information as required by INDAS 108 "Operating Segment is not applicable. All assets are located in the holding company's country of domicile)

Revenue from sale of products represents revenue generated from external customers which is attributable to the holding company's country of domicile i.e. India and external customers outside India as under:

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended on 31st March 2022	Year Ended on 31st March 2021
Revenue from		
- Outside India	1344.47	1048.53
- In India	86663.05	49153.45

One customer M/s Keshar Metal contributed 10% or more to the holding company's revenue for 2021-22 and one customer M/s D.P.Wire Ltd contributed 10% or more to the holding company's revenue for 2020-21.

### 31. FINANCIAL AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

#### **Capital Management**

The holding company's objective when managing capital is to:

- Safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that the holding Company is able to provide maximum return to stakeholders and benefits for other stakeholders.
- Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The holding company's Board of director's reviews the capital structure on regular basis. As part of this review the board considers the cost of capital risk associated with each class of capital requirements and maintenance of adequate liquidity.

#### Disclosures

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the holding Company and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments.

The details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Accounting policies as stated above

(i) Categories of Financial Instruments

(Amount Rs In Lakhs)

(i) Calegories of Financial Instroments		(Amount Ks in Lakiis)		
Particulars		s at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
Financial Assets		2022	2021	
Measured at Amortized Cost				
(i) Trade and Other Receivables		1373.63	1358.25	
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents		26.46	160.13	
(iii) Loans		<i>7</i> .61	5.71	
(iv) Other Financial Assets		-	6.17	
Financial Liabilities				
Measured at Amortized Cost				
(i) Borrowings		11689.86	18434.11	
(ii) Trade Payables		13395.97	14877.23	
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities		877.89	877.89	

#### (ii) Fair Value Measurement

This note provides information about how the holding Company determines fair values of various financial assets.

Fair Value of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required).

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

## (iii) Financial Risk Management Objectives

While ensuring liquidity is sufficient to meet holding Company's operational requirements, the holding Company's financial management committee also monitors and manages key financial risks relating to the operations of the holding Company by analyzing exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate, currency risk and other price risk, such as commodity price risk and equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include FVTPL investments, trade payables, trade receivables, etc.

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The holding Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the holding Company's operating activities. The holding Company has a treasury department which monitors the foreign exchange fluctuations on the continuous basis and advises the management of any material adverse effect on the holding Company.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The holding Company's interest rate risk arises from the Long Term Borrowings with fixed rates. The holding Company's fixed rates borrowings are carried at amortized cost.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

The holding Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents including bank deposits and availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet the obligations when due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, liquidity management also involves projecting cash flows considering level of liquid assets necessary to meet obligations by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets & liabilities and monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios.

The following tables detail the holding Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The information included in the tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the holding Company can be required to pay. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the holding Company may be required to pay.

The following are the contractual maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities, based on contractual cash flows:

#### (Amount Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Due in 1 Year	1 Year - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
As at 31st March, 2022				
Borrowings	10395.63	1294.23		11689.86
Trade Payables	11593.45	1802.52		13395.97
Other Financial Liabilities	877.89	-		877.89
As at 31st March, 2021				
Borrowings	10945.13	7488.98		18434.11
Trade Payables	13039.10	1838.13	-	14877.23
Other Financial Liabilities	877.89	-	-	877.89

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The holding Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables).

### Trade Receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all the customers. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of trade receivables disclosed in Note 4 as the holding Company does not hold collateral as security. The holding Company has evaluated the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries.

The holding Company has made assessment of Allowance for Credit Loss in respect of Trade Receivables The holding Company has analysed its trade receivables for gaining analysis and grouped them accordingly and then applied ear wise percentage to calculate the amount of Allowance for Credit Loss in respect of the same.

### Movement in the expected Allowance for Credit Loss in respect of Trade Receivables

### (Amount RS. In Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31,2022	March 31,2021
Balance at beginning of the year	20.82	10.84
Add: Provided during the year	-	20.82
Less: Reversals of provision	0.33	10.84
Less: Amounts written back	1	
Balance at the end of the year	20.49	20.82

The holding Company has a detailed review mechanism of overdue customer receivables at various levels within organization to ensure proper attention and focus for realization.

### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Particulars	Upto 1 Year	1 Year - 3 Years	More Than 3 Years	Total
As at 31st March,2022				
Loans	7.61			7.61
Other Financial Assets				-
Cash & Cash Equivalent	24.46			24.46
Trade Receivables	1373.63			1373.63
As at 31st March,2021				
Loans	5.71			5.71
Other Financial Assets	6.17			6.17
Cash & Cash Equivalent	160.13			160.13
Trade Receivables	1358.25			1358.25

### (a) For hedging currency

Particulars	As at March 31 st,2022(in Rs lakhs)	As at March 31st,2021(in Rs lakhs)
Outstanding Forward Contract	NIL	NIL

### 32. DISCLOSURES REGARDING EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

As per Indian Accounting Standard 19 "Employee Benefits" the disclosures are given below:

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

Contribution to defined contribution plan, recognized as expense for the year is as under:

Particulars	2021-22 (Amount Rs in lakhs)	2020-21 (Amount Rs in lakhs)
Employers contribution to provident fund	68.22	60.39

- (i) Defined Contribution Plan: Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund are considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions to Employees Provident Fund Organization established under The Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952 and Employees State Insurance Act, 1948, respectively, are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due.
- (ii) Defined Benefit Plan: Retirement benefits in the form of Gratuity are considered as defined benefit obligation and are provided for on the basis of third party actuarial valuation, using the projected unit credit method, as at the date of the Balance Sheet.

Every Employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity on terms not less favorable than the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

As the holding Company has not funded its liability, it has nothing to disclose regarding plan assets and its reconciliation.

### (iii) Major risk to the plan

I have outlined the following risks associated with the plan:

#### Interest rate risk:

A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

#### Salary Risk:

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

#### **Investment Risk**

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

#### **Asset Liability Matching Risk:**

The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

#### Mortality risk:

Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

#### **Concentration Risk:**

Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (iv) Defined Benefit Cost

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
	(Amount Rs in lakhs )	(Amount Rs in lakhs )
Current Service Cost	31.69	29.26
Net Interest Cost	11.61	11.15
Defined Benefit Cost included in Profit and Loss	43.30	40.41
Defined Benefit Cost included in Other Comprehensive Income	3.90	-16.97
Total Defined Benefit Cost in Profit and Loss and OCI	47.20	23.44

### (v) Movement in Defined benefit liability:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
	(Amount Rs in lakhs)	(Amount Rs in lakhs )
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	209.91	205.37
Interest Expense on Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO)	11.61	11.15
Current Service Cost	31.69	29.26
Total Re-measurements included in OCI	3.90	-16.97
Less: Benefits paid	23.82	18.90
Less: Contributions to plan assets	-	-
Closing benefit obligation	233.29	209.91

#### (vi) Sensitivity Analysis of Defined Benefit Obligation: (Amount Rs in Lakhs)

	2021-22	2020-21
(A) Discount rate Sensitivity	<u> </u>	
Increase by 0.5%	227.34	204.18
(% change)	-2.55%	-2.73%
Decrease by 0.5%	239.57	215.97
(% change)	2.69%	2.89%
(B) Salary growth rate Sensitivity		
Increase by 0.5%	239.58	215.15
(% change)	2.70%	2.88%
Decrease by 0.5%	227.28	204.15
(% change)	-2.57%	-2.74%
(C) Withdrawal rate (W.R.) Sensitivity		
W.R. x 110%	232.95	209.03
(% change)	-0.15%	-0.42%
W.R. x 90%	233.59	210.79
(% change)	0.13%	0.42%

# (vii) Principle Actuarial assumptions:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Discount Rate	6.70%	6.25%
Salary Growth Rate	6.00%	6.00%
Withdrawal rate	30% at younger ages reducing to 5% at older ages	30% at younger ages reducing to 5% at older ages

(viii) The above details are certified by the actuary.

- 33. For the year ending on 31st March, 2022, the holding company has discontinued to make the provision of interest on loans from banks (excluding on the settlement entered with ARCs for specific loans which are assigned to them) amounting to Rs 146.61 lakhs.
- 34. During the year under review the holding company has received Electricity refund of Rs 528.76 lakhs and the same has been credited to other income in the consolidated Statement of Profit and loss account.
- 35. The holding Company has long term investment in the shares of SAL Steel Limited amounting to Rs 3,994.96 Lakhs. There is no major movement in the prices of stock in share market such circumstances indicate that there is decline, other than temporary, in the value of a long term investment. And as a result, we have accounted for investment in shares of SAL Steel Ltd at market rate of shares @ Rs 9.95 per share reducing the value of investment to Rs. 3010.57 Lakhs and provided for Rs. 984.39 Lakhs as diminution other than temporary in the value of investment in books of accounts.

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 36. Foreign currency exposure at the yearend not hedged by derivative instruments.

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Advance Payment to Suppliers		
Rupees in Lakhs	32.76	86.16
US Dollar in Lakhs	0.46	1.20
Sundry Creditors for goods		
Rupees in Lakhs	169.44	0.30
US Dollar in Lakhs ( 31.3.2021 USD 410)	2.23	-
Advance From Customers		
Rupees in Lakhs	0.92	24.12
US Dollar in Lakhs	0.01	0.32
Sundry Debtors		
Rupees in Lakhs	26.73	165.25
US Dollar in Lakhs	0.35	1.80
Euro in Lakhs	-	0.39

#### 37. Contingent Liabilities

#### (1) Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts

#### **Particulars**

- 1.Disputed Excise & Customs, Service Tax Demand Matter Under Appeal Rs 5439.19 Lakhs ( P.Y.Rs 3876.27 Lakhs )
- 2. Disputed Goods & Service Tax Demand Matter Under Appeal Rs 480.80 Lakhs( PY Rs Nil Lakhs)

Claim against the holding company not acknowledged as debt – Claim by parties/ Financial Institution Rs 55894.59 Lakhs (P.Y 29912.71 Lakhs)

Bank / Financial Institutions Rs.59014.31 Lakhs ( P Y Rs 73140.68 Lakhs )

#### Note:

- (a) It is not practicable for the Group to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above, pending resolution of the respective proceedings as it is determinable only on receipt of judgments/decisions pending with various forums/ authorities.
- (b) The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its consolidated financial statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its consolidated financial results.
- (2) Corporate Guarantee given to consortium Bank for SAL Steel Ltd. Rs 20750.00 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs 20750.00 Lakhs)
- 38. Certain Balance of Debtors, Creditors, is non-moving / sticky since last 3 years. However in view of the management of the Holding company, the same is recoverable / payable. Hence no provision for the same is made in the books of accounts.
- **39.** In the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, the current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value stated, if realized in the ordinary course of business and the provisions for depreciation and all known and ascertained liabilities are adequate and not in excess of the amounts reasonably necessary.
- **40.** The holding company has sought balance confirmations from trade receivables and trade payables, wherever such balance confirmations are received by the holding Company, the same are reconciled and appropriate adjustments if required, are made in the books of account.

### 41. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES:

List of Related Parties and Relationships:

### i) Concern where significant interest exists.

Sr.	Name of the Concern	Nature of Relationship	
no	Name of the Concern		
1	SAL Steel Limited	Associate	
2	SAL Corporation Pvt. Ltd	Enterprise with significant influence	
3	SAL Care Pvt Ltd	Enterprise with significant influence	
4	SAL Pharmacy (A Division of SAL Corporation Pvt. Ltd.)	Enterprise with significant influence	
	SAL Hospital & Medical Institute (A Division of SAL		
5	Care Pvt Ltd.)	Enterprise with significant influence	
6	SAL Institute of Technical & Engineering Research ( A	Enterprise with significant influence	
0	Division of Adarsh Foundation )		
	SAL Institute of Pharmacy ( A Division of Adarsh		
7	Foundation )	Enterprise with significant influence	
8	SAL Institute of Management ( A Division of Adarsh	Enterprise with significant influence	

	Foundation )	
9	Adarsh Foundation	Enterprise with significant influence
	SAL College of Engineering ( A Division of Adarsh	
10	Foundation )	Enterprise with significant influence

# (Related Parties have been identified by the Management)

1	Mr. Rajendra V. Shah	Chairman
2	Mr. K. S. Kamath ( Till 23.01.2021)	Jt. Managing Director
3	Mr. Ashok Sharma	Whole Time Director & CFO
4	Mr. Mrinal Sinha (w.e.f.01.03.2022)	Whole Time Director
5	Mr. Prakashkumar Ramanlal Patel (w.e.f. 01.03.2022)	Whole Time Director
6	Mr. Vinay Kumar Mishra	Company Secretary

# (Related Parties have been identified by the Management)

i)	Disclosure of Related Party Transactions	(Amount Rs In lakhs)
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Sr. no	Nature of Transaction	Parties mentioned	Parties mentioned at a (i) above		
		2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
1	Purchase of goods & Services	27465.18	12,352.94	-	-
2	Purchase of Power	3398.01	2,721.54	-	-
3	Purchase of MEIS Licence	-	11.54	-	-
4	Sales of Goods & Services	176.07	2,612.20	-	-
5	Rent paid	-	9.60	-	-
6	Interest Paid	169.15	66.88	-	-
7	Loan Availed	2180.00	2,095.00	-	-
8	Loan Repaid	1105.00	615.00	-	-
9	Remuneration		•	24.57	28.96
10	CSR	32.85			

# Disclosures of material transactions with related parties during the year:

S.N	Description	Related Parties	2021-22 (PY 2020-21)	Balance outstanding as at 31.03.2022 (PY 31.03.2021)
		SAL Steel Ltd	27452.47	5360.85
			(12352.88)	(7845.57)
1	Purchase of Goods & Services	SAL Pharmacy	0.25	26.93
'	roiciase of Goods & Services		(0.06)	(26.67)
		SAL Hospital & Medical Institute	12.46	18.66
			(-)	(7.45)
2	Purchase of power	SAL Steel Ltd	3398.01	-
			(2721.54)	(-)
3	Purchase of MEIS Licence	SAL Steel Ltd	-	-
3	Forcidse of Meio Elcence	SAL Sieer Liu	(11.54)	(-)
4		SAL Steel Ltd	136.22	-
	Sales of goods & Services		(349.20)	(-)
	Sales of goods & Services	SAL Corporation Pvt.Ltd	39.85	-
			(2263.00)	(68.42)
5	Rent paid	SAL Steel Ltd	-	-
		SAL SIEET LIG	(9.60)	(-)
6	Interest Paid	SAL Care Pvt. Ltd	169.15	165.03
		SAL Cure FVI. Liu	(66.88)	(70.39)
		Mr. K S Kamath	-	
			(10.48)	
	Remuneration to Key Management	Mr. Ashok Sharma	12.60	
7	Personnel	MI. ASHOR SHATIIIA	(11.99)	
	reisonnei	Mr. Mrinal Sinha	2.25	
		Wit. William Sillia	(-)	
	Mr. Prakashkumar Ramanlal Patel		1.40	
		741. I Takasikolilai kalilalilai Falei	(-)	
		Mr. Vinay Kumar Mishra	8.32	
		741. Thay Roman 74131114	(6.49)	

8	Loan Availed	SAL Care Pvt. Ltd.	2180.00	2555.00
		SAL Care PVI. Lia.	(2095.00)	(1480.00)
		Mr. Rajendra V Shah	-	367.73
		Mr. Kajenara v Shan	(-)	(367.73)
	Loan Repaid		1105.00	
9	Loan kepala	SAL Care Pvt. Ltd.		
			(615.00)	
10	CSR	Adarsh Foundation	32.85	_
'0	CSK	Addisirroundation	(NIL)	

The remuneration of directors and other members of Key management personal during the year is as follows:

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Short term Benefits	24.57	28.96

- 42. Previous year figures have been re-grouped / rearranged, wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of current year
- 43. The holding Company has not assessed the impact of Effective Interest Method to the finance cost as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments and hence, the effect of the same, if any, on the consolidated financial results is not identifiable.
- 44. The holding Company has not evaluated the provisioning requirement of a loss allowance on its financial assets so as to give impact of impairment if any as per the expected credit loss method as per the requirement of Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments' and hence, the effect of the same if any on the consolidated Financial Results is not identifiable.
- **45.** In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-36) on "Impairment of Assets" the holding Company during the year carried out an exercise of identifying the assets that may have been impaired in respect of cash generating unit in accordance with the said Indian Accounting Standard. Based on the exercise, no impairment loss is required as at 31st March, 2022.
- 46. The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the directors on 28th May, 2022.

#### 47. Corporate Social Responsibility contribution-

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, holding company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The areas for CSR activities are Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skill and other activities as mentioned in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. A CSR committee has been formed by the holding company as per the Act. The funds were primarily utilized throughout the year on these activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Amount required to be spent by the holding company during the year	32.56	-
2) Amount of expenditure incurred (i) Construction/acquisition of any asset (ii) On purposes other than (i) above	32.85	-
3) Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
4) Total of previous years shortfall 5) Reason for shortfall (**)	Pertains to an ongoing projects	-
6) Nature of CSR activities	Contribution towards promotion including special education, learn	n and imparting of education, ing and employment.
7) Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard(*)	32.85	-
8) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision	NA	NA

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents contribution to Adarsh Foundation

#### Note No.: - 47A

#### IND AS 115- Illustrative disclosures

The holding Company has recognised the following amounts relating to revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers	88,007.52	50,191.98
Total revenue	88,007.52	50,191.98

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of products to customers

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (a) Disaggregation of revenue from contract with customers

Revenue from sale of products represents revenue generated from external customers which is attributable to the holding company's country of domicile i.e. India and external customers outside India as under:

Particulars	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Revenue from		
- Outside India	1,344.47	1,048.53
- In India	86,663.05	49,143.45

One customer M/s Keshar Metal contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue for 2021-22 and one customer M/s D.P.Wire Ltd contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue for 2020-21

### (b) Contract assets and liabilities

The holding Company has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities

Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Contract Assets	1,373.63	1,358.25
Total contract assets	1,373.63	1,358.25
Contract liability	25.01	465.11
Total contract liabilities	25.01	465.11

### (c) Performance obligations

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the finished goods and payment is generally due within 1 to 3 months from delivery. The performance obligation to deliver the finished goods is started after receiving of sales order. The customer can pay the transaction price upon delivery of the finished goods within the credit period, as mentioned in the contract with respective customer.

NOTE NO - 47B TAX RECONCLIATION Income taxes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	-	-
(Excess)/Short provision for tax of earlier years	-	-
Deferred tax(credit) /Charged	2,725.31	9,827.52
Total income tax expense recognised in respect of continuing operations	2,725.31	9,827.52

## Tax reconciliation

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

(Amount Rs In Lakh)

Particulars Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Profit before taxes	10,935.93	4,247.91
Enacted tax rate in India	25.168%	25.168%
Expected income tax benefit/(expense) at statutory tax rate	-	-
Current Tax expenses on Profit before tax expenses at the enacted income tax rate in India	2,752.35	1,069.11
Non deductible expenses for Tax Purpose	328.81	353.00
Deductible Expenses for Tax purposes	3,081.16	1,422.11
Effect of:	-	-
Deferred tax(credit) /Charged	2,725.31	9,827.52
Income taxes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	2,725.31	9,827.52

The tax rate used 22% plus surcharge @ 10% and cess @ 4% payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws.

### Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

(Amount in Rs Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Deferred tax		
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	(0.98)	4.27
Total income tax recognised in other comprehensive income	(0.98)	4.27
Bifurcation of the income tax recognised in other comprehensive income into:-		
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss	(0.98)	4.27
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income	(0.98)	4.27
1. 5 ( ). 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. (( )		

Note: Deferred tax liability has been calculated using effective tax rate 25.168 %

(Amount Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
(A) Deferred tax assets		
Disallowances of employee benefits u/s. 43B of the Income Tax	438.25	524.72
Unabsorbed loss	7,802.45	10,604.95
	8,240.70	11,129.67
(B) Deferred tax Liabilities		
Difference between book and tax depreciation	1,148.31	1,312.93
	1,148.31	1,312.93
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	7,092.39	9,816.73

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 48. Undisclosed Transactions

As stated & confirmed by the Board of Directors, The Group does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961

#### 49. Benami Transactions

As stated & confirmed by the Board of Directors, The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

#### 50. Loan or Investment to Ultimate Beneficiaries

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors ,The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- i. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or enties identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the holding company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- ii. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

#### 51. Loan or Investment from Ultimate Beneficiaries

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors ,The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

#### 52. Willful Defaulter

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors, the Group has not been declared willful defaulter by the bank during the year under review.

#### 53. Transactions with Struck off Companies

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors ,The Group has not under taken any transactions nor has outstanding balance with the company Struck Off either under section 248 of the Actor under Section 560 of Companies act 1956.

#### 54. Crypto Currency

As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors. The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency.

### 55. Compliance with number of layers of companies:

As informed and confirmed by the Board of Directors, the Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

#### 56. Compliance with Scheme of Arrangement

The Group has not applied for any scheme of Arrangements under sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act 2013.

- **57.** As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors, The Group has not been sanctioned any term loan during the year not there is outstanding term loans as at 31st March 2022.
- 58. As stated & Confirmed by the Board of Directors, the Property, plant and equipment is in the name of the Group.
- **59.** As stated & confirmed by the board of Directors, the Group has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year under review.
- **60.** As stated & Confirmed by the board of Directors, the Group has not been sanctioned working capital limits from a bank on the basis of security of the current assets.
- 61. The Holding Company's share of losses in the Associate has been recognized in the books of accounts to the extent of the carrying amount of the value of Investment. This is in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 28, "Accounting for Investment in Associates and Joint Venture "which state that If Investor's share of losses in associate equal or exceed the carrying amount of investment, the investor discontinues recognizing its share of further losses and investment is reported at nil.
- 62. The associate company is manufacturing Ferro Alloys & Sponge Iron, which is basically used in Iron & Steel Industry. Further power generated in the associate company in its power plant is used for captive as well as trading purpose. In view of this, the associate company has to consider "Iron & Steel" and "Power" as Primary Reportable business segment, as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 'Operating Segments'. Reporting. However, due to substantial competition, risk, on-going position of associate Company and largely in the interest of the associate Company as well as interest of the stake holders involved, management has not made disclosure of Primary Reportable segment as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 'Operating Segments'. All the assets are located in the associate company's country of domicile.

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

63. Holding company's accumulated share of losses in the Associate since the date of being an Associate till March 31, 2022 exceeds its investment value in shares of SAL Steel Limited (Associate). Hence Holding Company's Share of accumulated losses in the Associate completely reduces the Investment value and hence, adjustment of share of loss can be made to the carrying value of investment to the extent of the balance of Investment only in F Y 2021-22. This is in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 28, "Accounting for Investment in Associates and Joint Venture "which states that If Investor's share of losses in associate equal or exceed the carrying amount of investment, the investor discontinues recognizing its share of further losses and investment is reported at nil value.

#### Signatures to Notes - 1 to 63

Notes referred to herein above form an integral part of the Financial Statements. As per our report of even date attached

For Parikh & Majmudar For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Chartered Accountants Shah Alloys Limited,

(Firm Regn.No.107525W) Sd/- Sd/-

UDIN: 22036791AJUVF8431 [Rajendra V Shah] [Ashok Sharma]

Sd/- Chairman Whole-Time Director & CFO

CA Sanjay Majmudar DIN: 00020904 DIN: 00038360

M. No.: 036791 Sd/- Sd/-

Mrinal Sinha Vinay Mishra

PLACE: Ahmedabad Whole-Time Director Company Secretary

DATE: 28th May, 2022 DIN: 09482143

Partner



If undelivered please returnt to

Corporate Office

Shah Alloys Corporate House, Sola-Kalol Road,
Santej, Ta. Kalol, Dist.-Gandhinagar- 382 721. www.shahalloys.com

CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014698